Potential for Property Taxation in Dakar, Senegal

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based on research joint with Victor Pouliquen (Oxford) and Bassirou Sarr (PSE)

Property Taxation and Land Value Capture in Africa African Tax Institute and Lincoln Institute - May 2021



## Overview of the Project

- We partnered with the Senegalese National Tax Administration Direction Générale des Impôts et Domaines, DGID
- ...to develop a modernized property tax management system
- ...which is being evaluated through a Randomized Control Trial
- ➤ The objective of the new system is to digitize most steps of the fiscal chain, from the property census in the field, to the production and distribution of tax notifications

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## Overview of the Project

- 1. Diagnostic and needs assessment [started August 2017]
- 2. Development of the modernized property tax protocol
- Collaborative Development of open-source Software Research team + Tax Adminisatration + Dakar based IT company
- 4. Baseline data collection to measure Tax Gap
- 5. Digitization of cadastral data and calibration of property valuation formula
- 6. Roll-out of property tax census [*Paused due to the pandemic. Resuming May/June 2021.*]

7. Measuring short and medium term results using adminisatrative and survey data

## Outline

Overview of the Project

Context and Property Tax Gap

New property tax management digital tool

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Testing a simplified valuation method

Discussion

## Outline

## Overview of the Project

## Context and Property Tax Gap

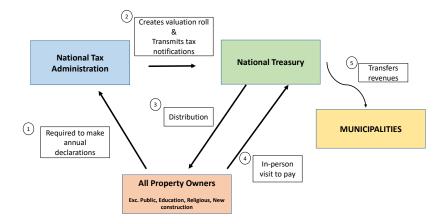
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## Property taxation in Senegal



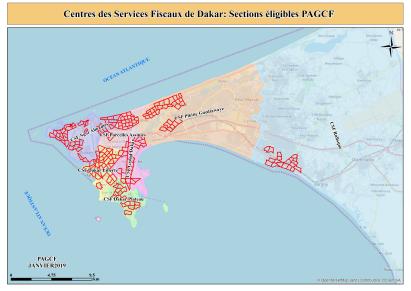
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## Property taxation in Senegal

- All property owners annually subject to: 5% (property tax) + 3.6% (garbage tax) of the annual market rental value of the property
- But only 15 percent of all plots of the region are registered on the valuation roll (55,000 against 374,000)
- The values and addresses on the roll are outdated, and the Treasury only collects 27 percent of assessments
- In a representative survey of owners in areas with tax potential we find that:
  - 19.7 percent of owners are in the Tax Net received a tax notification or paid the tax
  - Only 9 percent of potential revenue is collected

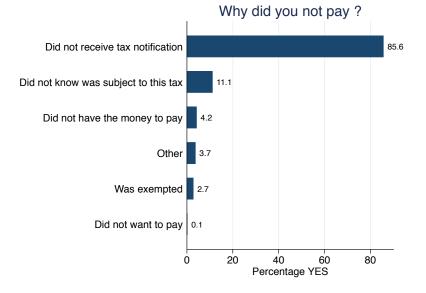
## Property owner survey

## 194 Cadastral Sections. 2,474 respondents.



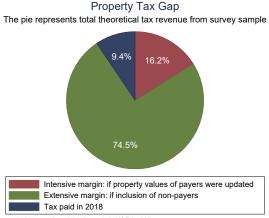
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## Property owner survey



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## Property Tax Gap

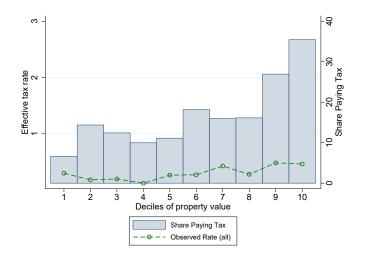


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Total theoretical revenue in weighted sample is XOF 9.7 billion

## Property Tax Gap

## Deciles of property value



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## High and growing untapped potential

"Dakar's residential rents have risen continuously over the past two decades, and now often rival rents seen in large European cities";

"Rents in Dakar's downtown Plateau district are almost twice those in the central business district of Abidjan";

Property prices have grown by 256 percent between 1994 and 2010. (Global Property Guide, 2014, ANSD-National statistical agency, 2012)



#### GlobalPropertyGuide

Country Analysis News Trends & Stats Comparisons Buy Property Investments
AFRICA ASIA CARIBBEAN EUROPE LATIN AMERICA MIDDLE EAST NORTH AMERICA PACIFIC

PROPERTY IN SENE Overview Market in Depth

Tax Example

Buying Guide

Taxes if Resident

Landlord and Tenant

Pronerty Inheritance

#### Senegal

Home > Africa > Senegal > Price History

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#### Rental Yields Se Taxes and Costs: Decer

Senegal's property boom continues

December 27, 2014

Senegal's capital, Dakar, is in the midst of a property boom. Luxury villas, hotels and shopping centres have sprung up in the country in recent years, more particularly in Dakar's coast.

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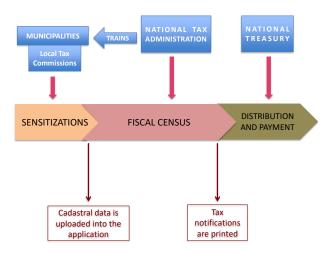
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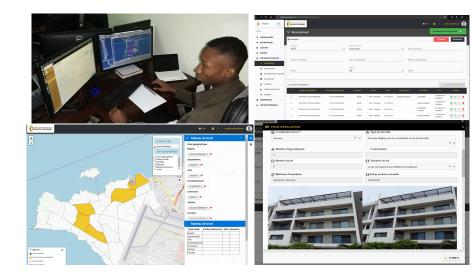


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## Property Tax Census in the field



## Information management in the office



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## Why test a simplified valuation method?

<u>Standard method in the field:</u> requires interactions & arbitrary

Existing fully fledged cadastral valuation: lengthy and expensive, ill-suited to expand the tax net rapidly

Simplified method: relies on characteristics visible from the outside + built area measured using high resolution images. Flexible for future improvements. Owners can testify of an official value if they come to the office.



Built Area	116.88
Floors	2
Total Area	350.62
Sector	100,000
Usage	Mixed
Fence: Type	Absence
Fence State	Standard
Wall: Ciment	Yes
Cladding: Type	Paint
Cladding: state	Bad
Tiles	No
Quality Doors and Windows	Bad
Landscape Improvement	No
Architectural Improvement	No
Garage	Absence
Shop	No
Balcony	Yes
Main Road	Off Main Road
Pavement	Tarmac
Sidewalk	Yes
Angle	No
Street Lights	No

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## Property Valuation Formula

The application allows to choose between Standard and Formula methods, as well as to adjust the valuation formula

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## Property Valuation Formula

- Covariates: Built area, dummies for geographical sector, 18 characteristics observable from the outside
- Elastic net regression chosen through cross-validation (vs full OLS; Lasso; all models with interactions)
- Coefficients = median of 100 iterations
- ▶ Performance of model is slightly inferior to what is found in developed countries, but same order of magnitude than in comparable settings (literature scarce)  $R^2 = 0.56$

 McCluskey et al (2013), Davis et al (2012), Franzsen & McCluskey (2017), Ali et al 2018

# Property valuation formula: Elastic net reg. using 100xfold cross validation

	Log(Value)	Fence: Type		Quality Doors and W	
Log(Area)	0.31	None	0.00	Very Good	0.
Sector		Metal Wall	0.00	Average	0.
10000	-0.39	Wall w. wrought iron	0.00	Bad	0.
40000	-0.19	Fence: State	0.00	Landscape	0.
50000	-0.04	Very Good	0.00	Architecture	0.
53000	-0.34	Average	0.00	Garage	
65000	0.00	Bad	-0.06	Simple	0.
70000	0.00	Wall: Cement	0.13	Double	0.
30000	-0.24	Cladding: Type Wis	0.01	None	0.
90000	-0.18	Plain	-0.01 -0.19	Balcony	0.
100000	-0.08	Paint	0.00	Road: Location	
110000	0.00	Tiles	0.00	On Main Road	0.
150000	0.06	Stone	0.14	Near Main Road	0.
200000	0.20	None	-0.06	Off Main Road	0.
220000	0.00	Cladding: State			
300000	0.31	Very Good	0.02		
Floors	0.21	Average Bad	0.00		
Usage		Any Tiles	-0.04		
Residential	0.00	Any mes	0.00		
Commercial	-0.19				
Mixed	0.15				
Road: Type			ELAS	STIC NET REGR	ESSION
Tarmac		0.05	PERF	ORMANCE STA	TISTICS
Pavements		0.08		ORMANCE OTA	1101100
Gravel		0.08			
Sand		0.00	14		E(0/
None		-0.04	Mea	an R2	56%
Sidewalk		0.00	Mea	an RMSE	0.49
Angle		0.06			
Street Lights		0.04	MA	PE	41
Constant		12.66	Free	die Mac 10%	16
N		1458	E	11: 14. 000/	
Elastic Net Regression Cross-validation Iterations			Free	ldie Mac 20%	32
	ion Iterations	100	Free	die Mac 40%	62
Mean RMSE		0.49		10/0	

0.56

Mean R2

PREDICTING PROPERTY VALUE: ELASTIC NET REGRESSION RESULTS

0.14 0.00 0.13 0.00 0.17 0.00 0.05 0.10 0.07 0.00

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## First positive results

- High-level engagement and enthusiasm of the administration with respect to the new digital tool
- Strong acceptance and adoption of the new tool by field agents
- High quality and coverage of data collected in targeted sections (pre-pandemic)
- Plans to link with payment functionalities of the Treasury

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## Challenges for discussion

### Identification of owner

- Debates: plot identification is enough versus ID number of the owner is needed
- Problem: the field agents are only able to collect owner identification details for around 20% of plots
- Load of incoming data for agents in office to validate
- Burden of the distribution of these extra new tax notifications

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Improving the *enforcement* side of the fiscal chain

## THANK YOU ! justine.knebelmann@gmail.com

## Experimental Design

