# Form 1 Instructions

# Wisconsin Income Tax

2018



# WI *c*file is:

- ✓ FREE: file your state tax return at no charge
- ✓ ACCURATE: it does the math for you
- ✓ SECURE: safe and secure website

Visit **revenue.wi.gov** to file your Wisconsin state tax return online for FREE. Click on **WI ∉file** to get started!

# **NEW IN 2018**

**Forms 1A/WI-Z** – The Internal Revenue Service is eliminating Forms 1040A and 1040EZ for tax year 2018. As a result, Wisconsin is eliminating Forms 1A and WI-Z for tax year 2018 to correspond with the federal form change. Wisconsin residents will file their 2018 individual income tax return using Form 1. Wisconsin nonresidents and part-year residents continue to file using Form 1NPR.

**ABLE Accounts** – An additional amount of contributions may be allowed as a subtraction. See page 26.

**College Savings Account** – The subtraction for contributions to a Wisconsin state-sponsored college savings account is increased to \$3,200 per beneficiary (\$1,600 per beneficiary if you are married filing a separate return or a divorced parent). See page 23.

**Tuition and Fee Expenses** – The subtraction for tuition and fees is increased to \$6,974 per student. The phase-out range is also increased. See page 19.

# REMINDERS

**IRS Adjustments** – If the IRS adjusted any of your federal income tax returns, you must notify the department within 90 days of any adjustment that affects your Wisconsin income tax returns. See page 8.

Tax Returns Are Due: Monday April 15, 2019

# **Need Help With Your Taxes?**

You may be eligible for free tax help. See page 2 for:

- · who can get help
- how to find a location
- what to bring with you

Para Assistencia Gratuita en Español Ver página 2

# revenue.wi.gov

FEDERAL PRIVACY ACT In compliance with federal law, you are hereby notified that the request for your social security number on the Wisconsin income tax return is made under the authority of sec. 71.03(6)(a) of the Wisconsin Statutes. The disclosure of this number on your return is mandatory. It will be used for identification purposes throughout the processing, filing and auditing of your return and the issuance of refund checks.

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# Servicio en Español

Para ayuda gratuita para la declaración de sus impuestos y de el Crédito por Vivienda Familiar, llame al "211" para encontrar un sitio de Asistencia de Voluntarios para Impuestos (Volunteer Income Tax Assistance también conocido como VITA) cerca de usted. Muchos lugares ofrecen servicios en español.

Para respuestas a las preguntas sobre impuestos, por favor llame el Departamento de Impuestos al (608) 266-2486 para impuestos individuales y al (608) 266-2776 para impuestos de negocios. Oprima el "2" para ayuda en español.

Para más información, visite <u>revenue.wi.gov</u>, en el vinculo (link) "<u>En Español</u>" usted encontrará información sobre el Credito por Ingreso de Trabajo, información del Crédito por Vivienda Familiar, y mucho más – todo disponible en español.

#### Free Tax Preparation Available (commonly referred to as VITA or TCE)

#### Need help filing your taxes?

Wisconsin residents can have their taxes prepared for free at any IRS sponsored Volunteer Income Tax Assistance (VITA) site or at any AARP sponsored Tax Counseling for the Elderly (TCE) site. These two programs have helped millions of individuals across the country in preparing their taxes. Trained volunteers will fill out your tax return. Many sites will even e-file your return.

#### Who can use these services?

· Low to moderate income individuals

- · Individuals with disabilities
- · Elderly individuals

• Individuals who qualify for the homestead credit or the earned income tax credit

#### What should you bring?

- W-2 wage and tax statements
- Photo ID of taxpayer(s)

- Information on other sources of income and any deductions
- Social security cards of taxpayer(s) and dependents
- · Both spouses must be present to file a joint return
- If you are claiming a homestead credit, bring a completed rent certificate or a copy of your 2018 property tax bill, a record of any Wisconsin Works (W2) payments received in 2018, and a statement from your physician or the Veteran's Administration, or a document from the Social Security Administration if disabled and under age 62.

#### VITA and TCE locations:

- In Wisconsin, call 1-800-906-9887
- Call the AARP at 1-888-227-7669

- · Visit revenue.wi.gov and search "VITA sites"
- Call "211" for local free tax sites

# Which Form to File

You must file Form 1 if you were a full-year resident of Wisconsin. You must file Form 1NPR if you:

- Were domiciled\* in another state or country at any time during the year, OR
- · Are married filing a joint return and your spouse was domiciled\* in another state or country at any time during the year.
- \*Your domicile is your true, fixed, and permanent home to which, whenever absent, you intend to return. You can be physically present or residing in one locality but maintain your domicile in another.

Your domicile, once established, does not change unless all three of the following circumstances occur or exist:

- (1) You intend to abandon your old domicile and take actions consistent with that intent
- (2) You intend to acquire a new domicile and take actions consistent with that intent
- (3) You are physically present in the new domicile

# Who Must File

Refer to the table to see if you are required to file a return for 2018.

Filing status	Age as of December 31, 2018	You must file if your gross income <sup>*</sup> (or total gross income of a married couple) during 2018 was:			
Single	Under 65	\$11,280 or more			
	65 or older	\$11,530 or more			
Married-filing joint	Both spouses under 65	\$20,980 or more			
return	One spouse 65 or older	\$21,230 or more			
	Both spouses 65 or older	\$21,480 or more			
Married-filing separate	Under 65	\$10,000 or more			
return	65 or older	\$10,250 or more (applies to each spouse individually)			
Head of household	Under 65	\$14,360 or more			
	65 or older	\$14,610 or more			

\* Gross income means all income (before deducting expenses) reportable to Wisconsin. The income may be received in the form of money, property, or services. It does not include items that are exempt from Wisconsin tax. For example, it does not include social security benefits or U.S. government interest.

# Age

If your birthday falls on January 1, 2019, you are considered to be a year older as of December 31, 2018. Example: If you were born on January 1, 1954, you are considered to be age 65 as of December 31, 2018.

#### **Other Filing Requirements**

You may have to file a return even if your income is less than the amounts shown on the table. You must file a return for 2018 if:

- · You could be claimed as a dependent on someone else's return and either of the following applies:
  - (1) Your gross income was more than \$1,050 and it included at least \$351 of unearned income, or
  - (2) Your gross income (total unearned income and earned income) was more than -
    - \$10,580 if single,
    - \$13,660 if head of household,
    - \$19,580 if married filing jointly, or

\$9,300 if married filing separately.

Unearned income includes taxable interest, dividends, capital gain distributions, and taxable scholarship and fellowship grants that were not reported to you on a W-2. Earned income includes wages, tips, self-employment income, and scholarship and fellowship grants that were reported to you on a W-2.

- You owe a penalty on an IRA, retirement plan, Coverdell education savings account (excess contribution), ABLE account, health
  savings account, or Archer medical savings account.
- You were a nonresident or part-year resident of Wisconsin for 2018 and your gross income was \$2,000 or more. If you were
  married, you must file a return on Form 1NPR if the combined gross income of you and your spouse was \$2,000 or more. A
  return does not have to be filed by a nonresident of Wisconsin if all income is exempt from tax as disaster relief work performed
  during a state of emergency declared by the Governor. For further information, see Publication 411, Disaster Relief.

#### Who Should File

Even if you do not have to file, you should file to get a refund if:

- You had Wisconsin income tax withheld from your wages.
- You paid estimated taxes for 2018.
- · You claim the earned income credit or the veterans and surviving spouses property tax credit.

# How To Get An Extension Of Time To File

Your return is due April 15, 2019.

If you cannot file on time, you can get an extension. You can use any federal extension provision for Wisconsin, even if you are filing your federal return by April 15.

**How to get an extension** You do *not* need to submit a request for an extension to us prior to the time you file your Wisconsin return. When you file your Form 1 enclose either:

- a copy of your federal extension application (for example, Form 4868) or
- a statement indicating which federal extension provision you want to apply for Wisconsin (for example, the federal automatic 6-month extension provision).

**Note** You will owe interest on any tax that you have not paid by April 15, 2019. This applies even though you may have an extension of time to file. If you do not file your return by April 15, 2019, or during an extension period, you may have to pay additional interest and penalties. If you expect to owe tax with your return, you can avoid the 1% per month interest charge during the extension period by paying the tax by April 15, 2019. Submit the payment with a 2018 Wisconsin Form 1-ES. You can get this form from our website at revenue.wi.gov or at any Department of Revenue office. Use Form 1-ES to make an extension payment even if you will be filing your return electronically – do not use Form EPV. (**Exception:** You will not be charged interest during an extension period if (1) you served in support of Operation Freedom's Sentinel in the United States, (2) you qualify for a federal extension because of service in a combat zone or contingency operation, or (3) you qualify for a federal extension due to a federally-declared disaster. See **Special Conditions** below.)

If you were a farmer or fisher and you did not make estimated tax payments, you must file your return and pay any tax due by March 1, 2019, to avoid paying interest for underpayment of estimated tax. Farmers and fishers are individuals who earn at least two-thirds of their gross income (gross income of both spouses if married filing a joint return) from farming or fishing.

**Special Conditions** A "Special Conditions" section is located to the right of the Filing Status section on page 1 of Form 1. If you have an extension of time to file due to service in support of Operation Freedom's Sentinel in the United States, enter "01" in the Special Conditions box. If you qualify for an extension because of service in a combat zone or contingency operation, enter "02" in the box. If you qualify for an extension because of a federally-declared disaster, enter "03" in the box and indicate the specific disaster on the line provided.

# **Filing Your Return**

#### Preparing to file

- Get all of your records together Make sure that you have all of your income and expense records, including wage, interest, and dividend statements.
- Decide if you will electronically file (e-file) or paper file your return If you e-file, follow the instructions included in your software. If you paper file, continue with the steps listed below.
- Complete your federal return Before starting your Wisconsin Form 1, complete your federal return and its supporting schedules. If you are not required to file a federal return, list the sources and amounts of your income and your deductions on a separate sheet.
- Complete your Wisconsin return Follow the line instructions as you fill in your return. Sign your completed return. A joint return must be signed by both spouses.
- Check and assemble your return Check your return for any errors or missing documents. See page 5 for information on how to assemble your return.
- Make a copy of your return for your records.
- Mail your return and all required documents. See page 6 for the address.

#### Electronic filing (E-filing)

Electronic filing is the fastest way to get your federal and state income tax refunds. We can deposit your Wisconsin refund directly into a financial institution account.

You may pay by electronic funds transfer if you file electronically. File early and schedule payment as late as April 15. Go to <u>revenue</u>. wi.gov/Pages/FAQs/pcs-e-faq.aspx for more information.

# **General Instructions**

There are several options to file your Wisconsin income tax return electronically:

- · Wisconsin e-file Available for free on the Department of Revenue website at revenue.wi.gov.
- A tax professional Visit our website at <u>revenue.wi.gov/Pages/OnlineServices/city-home.aspx</u> for information on finding a tax professional.
- Tax preparation software Purchase off-the-shelf tax preparation software to install on your computer, or connect to one of the private vendor websites that offer electronic filing. For more information, visit our website at revenue.wi.gov/Pages/OnlineServices/offshelf.aspx or revenue.wi.gov/Pages/OnlineServices/webased.aspx.

#### Paper filing

Electronic filing (e-filing) is the fastest way to receive your refund. However, if you paper file, there are several things you can do to ensure you receive your refund faster.

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Important information:

- · Send original copies.
- · Use black ink.
- Clearly write your name and address using capital letters. Do not use mailing labels.
- Commas and dollar signs can be misread when scanned. Do not use them.
- · Round amounts to whole dollars. Do not add cents in front of the preprinted zeros on entry lines.
- To indicate a negative number, use a negative sign (for example, -8300 not (8300)).
- Print your numbers clearly. 0123456789 Do not use:
- If you make a mistake, erase or start over. Do not cross out entries.
- Put entries on the lines. Do not write in the margins, above or below the lines.
- Lines where no entry is required should be left blank. Do not enter zeros.
- · Do not draw vertical lines in entry fields. They can be read as a "I" when scanned.
- Do not staple your return. Stapling will delay the processing of your return and any refund.

#### Assembling your return

Begin by putting the four pages of Form 1 in numerical order. Then, attach, using a paper clip, the following in the order listed.

Do not attach a Form W-RA if you are filing your return on paper. Form W-RA is used only when submitting information for an electronically-filed return.

- 1. Payment If you owe an amount with your return, paper clip your payment to the front of Form 1, unless you are paying by credit card or online.
- Wisconsin Schedules Copies of appropriate Wisconsin schedules and supporting documents, such as Schedule H or H-EZ (homestead credit), Schedule FC or FC-A (farmland preservation credit), or Schedule CR. If you are reporting income and expenses of a disregarded entity, attach Schedule DE, *Disregarded Entity Schedule*.
- **3. Amended return** Enclose Schedule AR, *Explanation of Amended Return*, with your amended return and all supporting forms and schedules for items changed. Don't send a copy of your original return.
- **4.** W-2s or 1099s The appropriate copy of each of your withholding statements (Forms W-2, W-2G, 1099-G, 1099-R, and 1099-MISC).
- 5. Federal Return A complete copy of your federal return (Form 1040) and its supporting schedules and forms (such as federal Form 8886, *Reportable Transaction Disclosure Statement.*)
- 6. Extension Form or Statement A copy of your federal extension application form or required statement if you are filing under an extension of time to file.

#### 7. Divorce Decree –

- Persons divorced after June 20, 1996, who compute a refund If your divorce decree apportions any tax liability owed to the
  department to your former spouse, enclose a copy of the decree with your Form 1. Enter "04" in the Special Conditions box
  on page 1 of Form 1. This will prevent your refund from being applied against such tax liability.
- Persons divorced who file a joint return If your divorce decree apportions any refund to you or your former spouse, or between you and your former spouse, the department will issue the refund to the person(s) to whom the refund is awarded under the terms of the divorce. Enclose a copy of the portion of your divorce decree that relates to the tax refund with your Form 1. Enter "04" in the Special Conditions box on page 1 of Form 1.
- 8. Injured Spouse If you are filing federal Form 8379, *Injured Spouse Allocation*, enclose a copy with your Form 1. Enter "05" in the Special Conditions box on page 1 of Form 1.

**CAUTION** Be sure to file all four pages of Form 1. Send the original of your return. Do not send a photocopy.

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# **General Instructions**

#### Where to File

Mail your return (an original return or amended return) to the Wisconsin Department of Revenue at:

(if tax is due)	(if refund or no tax due)	(if homestead credit claimed)
PO Box 268	PO Box 59	PO Box 34
Madison WI	Madison WI	Madison WI
53790-0001	53785-0001	53786-0001

Envelopes without enough postage will be returned to you by the post office. Your envelope may need additional postage if it contains more than five pages or is oversized (for example, it is over ¼" thick). Also, include your complete return address.

**Private Delivery Services** You can use certain private delivery services approved by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) to meet the timely filing rule. The approved private delivery services are listed in the instructions for your federal tax form. Items must be delivered to Wisconsin Department of Revenue, 2135 Rimrock Rd., Madison WI 53713. Private delivery services cannot deliver items to PO boxes. The private delivery service can tell you how to get written proof of the mailing date.

#### **Questions About Refunds**

**Call:** (608) 266-8100 in Madison,

Visit our Website at: revenue.wi.gov

(414) 227-4907 in Milwaukee, or

1-866-WIS-RFND (1-866-947-7363) toll-free within the U.S. or Canada

If you need to contact us about your refund, please wait at least 12 weeks after filing your Form 1. Refund information may not be available until that time. The department may not issue a refund before March 1 unless both the individual and the individual's employer have filed all required returns and forms with the department for the taxable year for which the refund was claimed.

You may call one of the numbers indicated above or write to: Mail Stop 5-77, Wisconsin Department of Revenue, PO Box 8949, Madison WI 53708-8949. If you call, you will need your social security number and the dollar amount of your refund.

An automated response is available when you call one of the numbers listed above. If you need to speak with a person, assistance is available Monday through Friday from 7:45 a.m. to 4:15 p.m. by calling (608) 266-2486 in Madison (long-distance charges, if applicable, will apply).

You may also get information on your refund using our secure website at revenue.wi.gov.

#### Amending Your Return

File an amended return only after you file your original return. Generally, a claim for refund must be filed within 4 years after the unextended due date of your original return (for example, April 15, 2023, for 2018 calendar-year returns). However, a claim for refund to recover all or part of any tax paid as a result of an office or field audit may be filed within 4 years after the date assessed. This applies only if you paid the tax and did not file a petition for redetermination (written appeal).

If you filed an amended return with the IRS or another state, you generally must also file an amended Wisconsin return within 90 days. You must file an amended Wisconsin return if the changes affect your Wisconsin income, any credit, or tax payable. You should also file an amended Wisconsin return to claim a refund or pay any additional tax due even though you are not amending your federal or other state return.

If your original return was filed on Form 1, you would file an amended return using Form 1 and checking the amended return space at the top of page 1. **Exception:** If you incurred a net operating loss (NOL) on your 2018 Form 1 and elect to carry the NOL back to 2016 and 2017, you must file Form X-NOL, *Carryback of Wisconsin Net Operating Loss*, for the appropriate year to amend your return and claim a refund.

Be sure to enclose Schedule AR with your amended return to explain all changes and the reason for the change.

Check the space on Form 1 to indicate your filing status on the amended return. If you are changing from separate returns to a joint return, both of you must sign the amended return. If there is any tax due, it must be paid in full. You cannot change from joint to separate returns after the due date for filing your original return has passed.

If you are changing your filing status, the amount to fill in on line 1 of Form 1 as federal adjusted gross income must be based on the same filing status used for Wisconsin. For example, you and your spouse both originally filed Form 1 as married filing a separate return. You are amending to change your filing status to married filing a joint return. The amount to fill in on line 1 must be taken from a federal return based on a married filing joint status. If you did not file a joint federal return, you should prepare a pro forma federal return using a married filing joint return status. The federal adjusted gross income and other amounts from this pro forma return are then used to complete the amended return. Follow the Form 1 instructions to complete your amended return.

→ If you are changing an amount on any line of Form 1, fill in the corrected amount on that line. If you are not changing an amount on a line, fill in the amount from your 2018 return as originally filed or as you later amended it. If your latest filed return was changed or audited by the department, use the corrected figures from the adjustment notice.

# Note Credit Repayments

If you are required to repay a Wisconsin credit, you must amend your Wisconsin return for the year in which you originally claimed the credit to reduce the amount of your credit by your repayment. See below for examples of credits which you may have to repay.

- State historic rehabilitation credit You may have to repay all or part of the state historic rehabilitation credit if you disposed of
  the property within 5 years after the date on which the preservation or rehabilitation work was complete or the Wisconsin Historical
  Society determines that you have not complied with all of the requirements. Visit any Department of Revenue office or contact the
  department's Customer Service Bureau at (608) 266-2486 for information on determining the amount to be repaid.
- Angel investment credit or early stage seed investment credit If an investment for which you claimed the angel investment credit or early stage seed investment credit in a prior year was held for less than three years, you must repay the amount of the credit that you received related to the investment. This does not apply if the investment becomes worthless, as determined by Wisconsin Economic Development Corporation (WEDC), during the 3-year period or if you kept the investment for at least 12 months and a bona fide liquidity event, as determined by WEDC, occurs during the 3-year period.
- Supplement to federal historic rehabilitation credit Were you required to repay to the IRS a portion of the federal historic rehabilitation credit? If yes and you claimed the same qualified rehabilitation expenditures for the Wisconsin credit, you must repay to the department a proportionate amount of the Wisconsin credit. Visit any Department of Revenue office or contact the department's Customer Service Bureau at (608) 266-2486 for information on determining the amount to be repaid.
- Low-income housing credit If the qualified basis of the qualified development is less than the amount of the qualified basis of the last day of the immediately preceding taxable year, you must repay an amount equal to the amount you were required to repay to the IRS for the federal low-income housing credit.

# Penalties for Not Filing Returns or Filing Incorrect Returns

If you do not file an income tax return which you are required to file, or if you file an incorrect return due to negligence or fraud, penalties and interest may be assessed against you. The interest rate on delinquent taxes is 18% per year. Civil penalties can be as much as 100% of the amount of tax not reported on the return. Criminal penalties for failing to file or filing a false return include a fine up to \$10,000 and imprisonment.

# **Fraudulent or Reckless Credit Claims**

Fraudulent or reckless claims for any refundable credit, including, but not limited to, the earned income credit, homestead credit, or the veterans and surviving spouses property tax credit, are subject to filing limitations. If you file a "fraudulent claim," you will not be allowed to take any refundable credit for 10 years. "Fraudulent claim" means a claim that is false or excessive and filed with fraudulent intent. If you file a "reckless claim," you will not be allowed to take any refundable credit that was improper, due to reckless or intentional disregard of income tax law or department rules and regulations. You may also have to pay penalties.

# Internal Revenue Service Adjustments

Did the IRS adjust any of your federal income tax returns? If yes, you may have to notify the Department of Revenue of such adjustments. You must notify the department if the adjustments affect your Wisconsin income, any credit, or tax payable.

The department must be notified within 90 days after the adjustments are final. You must submit a copy of the final federal audit report by either:

(1) Including it with an amended return that reflects the federal adjustments, or

(2) Mailing the copy to: Wisconsin Department of Revenue

Audit Bureau PO Box 8906 Madison WI 53708-8906

# **Estimated Tax Payments Required for Next Year**

If your 2019 Wisconsin income tax return will show a tax balance due to the department of \$500 or more, you must either:

- Make estimated tax payments for 2019 in installments beginning April 15, 2019, using Wisconsin Form 1-ES, or
- Increase the amount of income tax withheld from your 2019 pay.

For example, you may have a tax balance due with your return if you have income from which Wisconsin tax is not withheld. If you do not make required installment payments, you may be charged interest.

For more information, contact the department's Customer Service Bureau at (608) 266-2486 or visit any Department of Revenue office.

If you must file Form 1-ES for 2019 and do not receive a form in the mail, go to our website at <u>revenue.wi.gov</u> to obtain a personalized copy of Form 1-ES or contact any Department of Revenue office.

# **Armed Forces Personnel**

If you were a Wisconsin resident on the date you entered military service, you are considered a Wisconsin resident during your entire military career unless you take action to change your legal residency. For more information, get Fact Sheet 1118, *Income Tax Information for Active Military Personnel*.

# **Homestead Credit**

The Wisconsin homestead credit program provides direct relief to homeowners and renters. You may qualify if you were:

- At least 18 years old on December 31, 2018.
- If you were under age 62, and not disabled, you must have earned income to qualify.

- A legal resident of Wisconsin for all of 2018.
- Not claimed as a dependent on anyone's 2018 federal tax return (unless you were 62 or older on December 31, 2018).
- Not living in tax-exempt public housing for all of 2018. Note: Some exceptions apply to this rule and are explained in the instructions for the homestead credit schedule.
- Not living in a nursing home and receiving medical assistance (Title XIX) when you file for homestead credit.
- Had total household income, including wages, interest, social security, and income from certain other sources, below \$24,680 in 2018.

If you (or your spouse if married) claim the veterans and surviving spouses property tax credit or farmland preservation credit, you are not eligible for homestead credit.

For more information about homestead credit, contact our Homestead Unit in Madison at (608) 266-8641 or any department office. See page 10 for information on obtaining Schedule H or H-EZ, which you must complete to apply for the credit. Schedules H and H-EZ are also available at many libraries.

# **Farmland Preservation Credit**

The farmland preservation credit program provides an income tax credit to Wisconsin residents who own farmland in Wisconsin. If you claim homestead credit or the veterans and surviving spouses property tax credit, you are not eligible for farmland preservation credit. For more information about farmland preservation credit, contact our Farmland Preservation Unit in Madison at (608) 266-2442 or visit any department office. See page 10 for information on obtaining Schedule FC or FC-A, which you must complete to apply for the credit.

# Death of a Taxpayer

A return for a taxpayer who died in 2018 should be filed on the same form which would have been used if he or she had lived. Include only the taxpayer's income up to the date of his or her death.

If there is no estate to probate, a surviving heir may file Form 1 for the person who died. If there is an estate, the personal representative for the estate must file the return. The person filing the Form 1 should sign it and indicate his or her relationship to the person who died (for example, "surviving heir" or "personal representative").

Be sure to fill in the surviving heir's or personal representative's mailing address in the address area of Form 1. If the taxpayer did not have to file a return but paid estimated tax or had tax withheld, a return must be filed to get a refund.

<sup>Note</sup> If you filed a return on behalf of a decedent and were issued a refund, but you are not able to cash the refund check, complete Form 804, *Claim for Decedent's Wisconsin Income Tax Refund*. Mail the completed form and refund check to the address shown on Form 804. Do **not** mail Form 804 with the original return.

If your spouse died during 2018 and you did not remarry in 2018, you can file a joint return. You can also file a joint return if your spouse died in 2019 before filing a 2018 return. A joint return should show your spouse's 2018 income before death and your income for all of 2018. Write "Filing as surviving spouse" in the area where you sign the return. If someone else is the personal representative, he or she must also sign.

If the return for the decedent is filed as single, head of household, or married filing separate, enter "06" in the Special Conditions box and indicate the date of death on the line provided. If a joint return is being filed, enter "06" in the box if it is the primary taxpayer (person listed first on the tax form) who is deceased and the date of death. If it is the spouse who is deceased, enter "07" in the box and the date of death. If both spouses are deceased, enter "08" in the box and both dates of death.

If your spouse died before 2018 and you have not remarried, you must file as single or, if qualified, as head of household. For more information about the final income tax return to be filed for a deceased person, visit any Department of Revenue office or call the department's Customer Service Bureau at (608) 266-2486.

# **Requesting Copies of Your Returns**

The Department of Revenue will provide copies of your Wisconsin returns for prior years. Persons requesting copies should complete the online application at <u>tap.revenue.wi.gov/mta</u>, then click on Quick-Links and select Request Tax Record Copy under Income Taxes or Business Taxes. Include all required information and fee with your application.

# Tax Help and Additional Forms

You can get tax help, forms, or publications at any of the following Department of Revenue offices: (**Note**: Mail completed returns to the address shown on the return.)

#### Customer assistance:

phone: (608) 266-2486 email: DORIncome@wisconsin.gov

# Forms requests:

phone: (608) 266-1961 website: revenue.wi.gov

# Madison -

Mail Stop 5-77 2135 Rimrock Rd. PO Box 8949 (zip code 53708-8949) Appleton –

265 W. Northland Ave. (zip code 54911-2016)

# Eau Claire –

State Office Bldg., 718 W. Clairemont Ave. (zip code 54701-4558)

# Green Bay -

200 N. Jefferson St., Rm. 140 (zip code 54301-5189)

The Wausau office is open on a limited schedule.

# Milwaukee -

State Office Bldg., 819 N. 6th St., Rm. 408 (zip code 53203-1606)

# **Internet Address**

Our website, revenue.wi.gov, has many resources to help you with your tax needs.

- · Complete electronic forms and submit them for free
- · Download forms, schedules, instructions, and publications
- · View answers to common questions
- Email us comments or request help
- · File your return electronically

**TTY Equipment** – Telephone help is available using TTY equipment. Call the Wisconsin Telecommunications Relay System at 711.

# **Publications Available**

The following is a list of some of our publications. These publications give detailed information on specific areas of Wisconsin tax law. You can get these publications from any department office or from our website.

# Number and Title

- 102 Wisconsin Tax Treatment of Tax-Option (S) Corporations and Their Shareholders
- 103 Reporting Capital Gains and Losses for Wisconsin
- 106 Wisconsin Tax Information for Retirees
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# Line Instructions

Before completing Form 1, first fill in your federal return and its supporting attachments. If you are not required to file a federal return, list the sources and amounts of your income and deductions on a separate sheet and include it with your Form 1.

Follow these instructions to complete Form 1. Prepare one copy for your records and another to be filed with the department. Note

Use black ink to complete the copy of Form 1 that you submit to the department. Do not use pencil or red ink.

• Amended Return If you already filed your original return and this is an amended return, place a check mark where indicated at the top of Form 1. For more information, see Amending Your Return on page 6 of these instructions. Be sure to enclose a copy of Schedule AR with your amended return.

Period Covered File your 2018 return for calendar year 2018 and fiscal years that begin in 2018. For a fiscal year, a 52-53 week period, or a short-period return, fill in the taxable year beginning and ending dates in the taxable year space at the top of the form. If your return is for a fiscal year, a 52-53 week period, or a short-period, also enter "11" in the Special Conditions box located to the right of the Filing Status section on page 1 of Form 1.

Name and Address Print or type your legal name and address. Include your apartment number, if any. If you are married filing a joint return, fill in your spouse's legal name (even if your spouse did not have any income). If you filed a joint return for 2017 and you are filing a joint return for 2018 with the same spouse, be sure to enter your names and social security numbers in the same order as on your 2017 return.

Fill in your PO Box number only if your post office does not deliver mail to your home.

• Social Security Number Fill in your social security number. You must also fill in your spouse's social security number if you are married filing a joint return or married filing a separate return (including married filing as head of household).

• Filing Status Check the appropriate space to indicate your filing status. More than one filing status may apply to you. If it does, choose the one that will give you the lowest tax.

→ If you became divorced during 2018 or are married and will file a separate return (including a married person filing as head of household), you should get Publication 109, Tax Information for Married Persons Filing Separate Returns and Persons Divorced in 2018, for information on what income you must report.

**Single** You may check "single" if **any** of the following was true on December 31, 2018:

- · You were never married.
- You were legally separated under a final decree of divorce or separate maintenance.
- You were widowed before January 1, 2018, and did not remarry in 2018.

Married filing joint return Most married couples will pay less tax if they file a joint return. You may check "married filing joint return" if **any** of the following is true:

- You were married as of December 31, 2018.
- Your spouse died in 2018 and you did not remarry in 2018.
- You were married at the end of 2018, and your spouse died in 2019 before filing a 2018 return.

A married couple may file a joint return even if only one had income or if they did not live together all year. However, both spouses must sign the return. If you file a joint return, you may not, after the due date for filing that return, amend it to file as married filing separately. A joint return cannot be filed if you and your spouse have different tax years.

If you file a joint return, both you and your spouse are responsible for any tax due on the return. This means that if one spouse does not pay the tax due, the other may have to.

Married filing separate return If you file separate returns, you will usually pay more state tax than if you file a joint return. Your tax may be higher on separate returns because:

- · You cannot take the married couple credit.
- If you lived with your spouse at any time in 2018, a greater amount of any unemployment compensation that you received may be taxable.
- You will not qualify for the disability income exclusion.
- You will not qualify for the earned income credit.

# Line Instructions

*Head of household* If you qualify to file your federal return as head of household, you may also file as head of household for Wisconsin. Unmarried individuals who paid over half the cost of keeping up a home for a qualifying person (such as a child) can use this filing status. Certain married persons who lived apart from their spouse for the last 6 months of 2018 who paid over half the cost of keeping up a home that was the main home of their child, stepchild, or foster child for more than half of 2018 may be able to use this status.

If you are married and qualify to file as head of household, be sure to check both "head of household" filing status and "married" on the same line next to the arrow. Also fill in your spouse's name and social security number in the spaces provided.

If you do not have to file a federal return, contact any Department of Revenue office to see if you qualify. If you file your federal return as a qualifying widow(er), you may file your Wisconsin return as head of household.

**Tax District** Check either city, village, or town and fill in the name of the Wisconsin city, village, or town in which you lived on December 31, 2018. Also fill in the name of the county in which you lived.

• School District Number See the list of school district numbers on page 57. Fill in the number of the school district in which you lived on December 31, 2018.

Special Conditions Below is a list of the special condition codes that you may need to enter in the special conditions box on Form 1. Be sure to read the instruction on the page listed for each code before using it. Using the wrong code or not using a code when appropriate could result in an incorrect tax computation or a delay in processing your return.

<b>01</b> Extension – Operation Freedom's Sentinel (page 4)	<b>Code</b> <b>07</b> Spouse deceased if joint return (page 9)
<b>O</b> 2 Extension – Combat zone (page 4)	<b>Both taxpayers deceased (page 9)</b>
<b>Code</b> <b>03</b> Extension – Federally declared disaster (page 4)	<b>Code</b> <b>11</b> Fiscal filer (page 11)
<b>04</b> Divorce decree (page 5)	<b>16</b> Schedule RT attached (page 26)
<b>Of D D D O D O D O O D O O D O O D D O D D D D D D D D D D</b>	<b>Gode</b> <b>99</b> Multiple special conditions

**6** Single decedent or primary taxpayer if joint return (page 9)

If more than one special condition applies, only enter "99" in the Special Conditions box and list the separate code numbers on the line next to the box, in addition to any other information required on the line.

■ **Rounding Off to Whole Dollars** The form has preprinted zeros in the place used to enter cents. All amounts filled in on the form should be rounded to the nearest dollar. Drop amounts under 50¢ and increase amounts from 50¢ to 99¢ to the next whole dollar. For example, \$129.39 becomes \$129 and \$236.50 becomes \$237.

Round off all amounts. But if you have to add two or more amounts to figure the amount to fill in on a line, include cents when adding and only round off the total. If completing the form by hand, **DO NOT USE COMMAS** when filling in amounts.

# Line 1 Federal Adjusted Gross Income

Fill in your federal adjusted gross income from line 7 of your federal Form 1040.

# Exception

The federal adjusted gross income that you fill in on line 1 may not be the same as the amount reported as adjusted gross income on your federal Form 1040. Differences may occur because Wisconsin uses the provisions of federal law amended to December 31, 2017, with certain exceptions. Laws enacted after December 31, 2017, may not be used for Wisconsin unless adopted by the Legislature.

A comprehensive list of provisions of federal law that may not be used for Wisconsin for 2018 can be found in the instructions for Wisconsin Schedule I. Following is a partial list of the items that may affect the largest number of taxpayers.

Bonus depreciation

Excess business losses

#### Line 1 Federal Adjusted Gross Income – continued

If any provision of federal law which does not apply for Wisconsin purposes affects your federal adjusted gross income, you must complete Wisconsin Schedule I and enclose it with your Form 1. The amount you fill in on line 1 of Form 1 (and amounts filled in on Schedule 1 on page 4 of Form 1) should be the revised amount determined on Schedule I, line 5 (or in Part II of Schedule I.)

If Schedule I adjustments in any prior year affect income or expense items, depreciation, amortization, or sec. 179 expense in 2018, you must also make adjustments on Schedule I for 2018. For example, you had to make an adjustment on Schedule I because Wisconsin did not allow bonus depreciation. You must continue to make an adjustment on Schedule I each year until the depreciable asset is fully depreciated or you sell or otherwise dispose of the asset.

You may also be required to complete Schedule I if you sold assets during 2018, and the gain or loss from the sale is different for Wisconsin and federal purposes due to Schedule I adjustments made in a prior year. (**Note**: The basis of a depreciated or amortized asset owned on December 31, 2013, or on the last day of your tax year beginning in 2013, is the same for federal and Wisconsin purposes and no further Schedule I adjustment is required.) See the instructions for *Difference in Federal and Wisconsin Basis of Depreciated and Amortized Assets* on page 28 for more information.

# Line 2 State and Municipal Interest

Fill in the amount of interest you received from state and municipal bonds. This will generally be the amount shown as taxexempt interest on line 2a of your federal Form 1040. If you were required for federal purposes to allocate expenses to this income, reduce the amount to be filled in by such expenses.

**Exception** If you received interest income which is exempt for state and federal tax purposes, do not include this interest income on line 2. Interest income which is exempt for federal and Wisconsin tax purposes includes interest from:

- (1) Public housing authority or community development authority bonds issued by municipalities located in Wisconsin,
- (2) Wisconsin Housing Finance Authority bonds,
- (3) Wisconsin municipal redevelopment authority bonds,
- (4) Wisconsin Housing and Economic Development Authority bonds issued on or after December 11, 2003, to fund multifamily affordable housing or elderly housing projects,
- (5) Wisconsin Housing and Economic Development Authority bonds issued before January 29, 1987, except business development revenue bonds, economic development revenue bonds, and CHAP housing revenue bonds,
- (6) Public housing agency bonds issued before January 29, 1987, by agencies located outside Wisconsin where the interest therefrom qualifies for exemption from federal taxation for a reason other than or in addition to section 103 of the IRC,
- (7) Local exposition district bonds,
- (8) Wisconsin professional baseball park district bonds,
- (9) Bonds issued by the Government of Puerto Rico, Guam, the Virgin Islands, or the Northern Mariana Islands, or, for bonds issued after October 16, 2004, the Government of American Samoa,
- (10) Local cultural arts district bonds,
- (11) Wisconsin professional football stadium bonds,
- (12) Wisconsin Aerospace Authority bonds,
- (13) Bonds issued on or after October 27, 2007, by the Wisconsin Health and Education Facilities Authority to fund acquisition of information technology hardware or software,
- (14) Certain conduit revenue bonds issued by a commission created under sec. 66.0304, Wis. Stats. A listing of the conduit revenue bonds issued and the tax-exempt status is available on the department's website at: <u>revenue.wi.gov/Pages/</u> <u>FAQS/pcs-conduit.aspx</u>,
- (15) Wisconsin Housing and Economic Development Authority bonds or notes if the bonds or notes are issued to provide loans to a public affairs network under sec. 234.75, Wis. Stats.,
- (16) The Wisconsin Health and Educational Facilities Authority if the bonds or notes are issued for the benefit of a person who is eligible to receive the proceeds of bonds or notes from another entity for the same purpose for which the bonds or notes are issued under sec. 231.03(6), Wis. Stats., and the interest income received from the other bonds or notes is exempt from Wisconsin taxation, and

#### Line 2 State and Municipal Interest - continued

(17) A sponsoring municipality borrowing to assist a local exposition district created under subch. II of ch. 229.

Interest from these sources is exempt from Wisconsin income tax whether received by a direct owner of these securities or by a shareholder in a mutual fund which invests in these securities.

#### Line 3 Capital Gain / Loss Addition

If your federal adjusted gross income includes capital gains and/or losses from line 13 of federal Schedule 1 (Form 1040), you must complete Schedule WD.

Schedule WD determines whether any capital gain/loss addition must be reported on line 3. For example, after completing Schedule WD, you may be required to include an amount as an addition to income on line 3 because Wisconsin law limits the deduction for a net capital loss to \$500.

→ If the only amount reported on line 13 of federal Schedule 1 (Form 1040) is a capital gain distribution from a mutual fund or real estate investment trust and you have no Wisconsin capital loss carryover, do not complete line 3. See line 10 instructions on page 17.

#### Line 4 **Other Additions**

Note Fill in the code number and amount of any of the additions described below that apply to you. The code number is printed to the left of the various additions. For example, if you are making an addition for a federal net operating loss carryover, you would enter the number 02 in the code number space \_\_\_\_\_, and fill in the amount of your federal net operating loss carryover on the line next to the code number space. Also, fill in the total of all your additions on line 4.

Line 4 of Form 1 has space to fill in five additions to income. If you have more than five additions, fill in the code numbers and amounts for four of the additions. List the code numbers and amounts of all remaining additions on a separate schedule. In the fifth entry space by line 4, enter code number 99 and the total amount of the remaining additions. Enclose the schedule listing the remaining additions with your Form 1.

 $\rightarrow$  See Additions To or Subtractions From Income on page 28 for information on other items which may have to be included on line 4.

Code Distributions from Edvest and Tomorrow's Scholar College Savings Account If you received a distribution **01** from an Edvest or Tomorrow's Scholar college savings account and the entire distribution was not used for qualified higher education expenses, you may have to include all or a portion of the distribution in income. If you rolled over an amount from an Edvest or Tomorrow's Scholar college savings plan into another state's plan, you may also have to include all or a portion of the amount rolled over in Wisconsin income.

Amounts rolled over from a qualified tuition program to an ABLE account of the designated beneficiary, or a member of the family of the designated beneficiary, is not required to be included in Wisconsin income. The amount rolled over cannot exceed \$15,000 for 2018. Any amount which exceeds \$15,000 may have to be included in Wisconsin income.

If you received a distribution within 365 days of contributing an amount to an account, you may have to include the amount previously subtracted in income.

Complete Schedule CS to determine the amount you must include in income. Enclose Schedule CS with Form 1.

Code Federal Net Operating Loss Deduction Fill in the amount of the federal net operating loss deduction from line 21 of federal Schedule 1 (Form 1040). (See the instructions for line 11, Code 10, for information about the Wisconsin net operating loss carryforward.)

Income (Lump-Sum Distributions) Reported on Federal Form 4972 Income from a lump-sum distribution is taxable Code 03 to Wisconsin. If you reported a lump-sum distribution on federal Form 4972, you must also include the distribution in Wisconsin income. Fill in the total of (1) the capital gain part of the lump-sum distribution from line 6 of Form 4972 and (2) the taxable amount from line 10 of Form 4972. You may reduce this amount by any federal estate tax on line 18 of Form 4972.

 $\rightarrow$  No portion of a lump-sum distribution may be reported as a capital gain on Wisconsin Schedule WD.





Line 4 Other Additions – continued



Farmland Preservation Credit The total amount of farmland preservation credit from Schedule FC that you received during 2018 must be reported as income. Fill in as an addition any portion of your farmland preservation credit which was not included as income on your federal tax return.

Code Excess Distribution From a Passive Foreign Investment Company Fill in the excess distribution from a passive 05 foreign investment company that was not included in federal adjusted gross income (see federal Form 8621 or 8621-A).

**Expenses Paid to Related Entities** Fill in the amount deducted or excluded from your federal income for interest. Code 06 rental expenses, intangible expenses, and management fees paid, accrued, or incurred to a related entity (person or business entity). You must make this addition even though you may be eligible for a deduction for these expenses. If you are eligible for a deduction, you may then make a subtraction for the amount that qualifies (see Code 21 on page 26).

Amounts Not Deductible for Wisconsin Fill in any amount deducted in computing your federal adjusted gross 07 income that is not allowed as a deduction for Wisconsin. Enclose an explanation of the additions you are including using Code 07.

Example You deducted a passive activity loss on your federal return for losses incurred when you were a resident of another state. The passive activity losses were not allocable to Wisconsin. The passive activity losses are not deductible for Wisconsin and must be included on line 4.

08 – 20 Addition for Computed Credits If you claimed any of the credits listed below, you must include on line 4 the amount of your credit computed for 2018. The amount of your credit is income and must be reported on Form 1. This is true even if you cannot take the full credit this year and must carry part of it forward or if the credit is refundable. (Note: Do not include on line 4 any credits passed through to you from a partnership, limited liability company, or tax-option corporation. These will be accounted for when you make the adjustments described in Codes 51 and 52 on pages 28 and 29.) Note

List each credit and the appropriate code number separately on line 4. Include the following credits computed for 2018:



code Difference in Federal and Wisconsin Basis of Depreciated or Amortized Assets Starting with the first taxable 21 year beginning in 2014, adjustments are to be made over a 5-year period for the difference between the Wisconsin adjusted basis and the federal adjusted basis of assets owned on the last day of the taxable year beginning in 2013. The assets must have been depreciated or amortized for both Wisconsin and federal tax purposes. As a result of these adjustments, the Wisconsin adjusted basis and the federal adjusted basis of these assets is deemed to be equal on the first day of the taxable year beginning in 2014.

If you determined for 2014 that the combined federal adjusted basis of all depreciated and amortized assets was greater than the combined Wisconsin adjusted basis of the assets, you were required to add 20 percent of the difference to 2014, 2015, 2016, and 2017 Wisconsin income. The 20 percent added to Wisconsin income for 2014, 2015, 2016, and 2017 must also be added to income for 2018.

If the total federal adjusted basis of the assets was less than the total Wisconsin adjusted basis, see the instructions for line 11, Code 31, Difference in Federal and Wisconsin Basis of Depreciated or Amortized Assets, for the subtraction to be claimed to adjust for this difference.

Line 4 Other Additions - continued

ABLE Accounts The owner (beneficiary) of a qualified ABLE account must include in income any amount withdrawn from a qualified ABLE account for any reason other than the payment of qualified disability expenses for the account beneficiary. Also, upon termination of an account, an addition to income is provided for any amount in the account that is returned to an account owner's estate.

# Line 6 State Income Tax Refund

Refunds of state and local income taxes are not taxable for Wisconsin. Fill in the amount of taxable refunds, credits, or offsets of state and local income taxes from federal Schedule 1 (Form 1040), line 10.

# Line 7 United States Government Interest

Fill in the amount of interest on U.S. bonds and interest and dividends of certain U.S. government corporations that is included on line 1 of Form 1. This income is not taxable.

A mutual fund may invest in U.S. government securities. If it does, a portion or all of its ordinary dividend may not be taxable by Wisconsin. If a mutual fund advised you that all or a portion of its ordinary dividend is from investments in U.S. government securities, include that portion on line 7.

**CAUTION** Do not fill in on line 7, interest from Ginnie Mae (Government National Mortgage Association) securities and other similar securities which are "guaranteed" by the United States government. You must include interest from these securities in your Wisconsin taxable income.

# Line 8 Unemployment Compensation

You may have a different amount of unemployment compensation taxable for Wisconsin and federal purposes. Complete the worksheet below to see if you can subtract any portion of the unemployment compensation which you included as income on your federal tax return.

	Unemployment Compensation Worksheet
Che	ck only one box.
	<ul> <li>A. Married filing a joint return – write \$18,000 on line 3 below.</li> <li>B. Married not filing a joint return and lived with your spouse at any time during the year – write -0- on line 3 below.</li> <li>C. Married not filing a joint return and DID NOT live with your spouse at any time during the year – write \$12,000 on line 3 below.</li> <li>D. Single – write \$12,000 on line 3 below.</li> </ul>
1.	Fill in unemployment compensation from line 19 of federal Schedule 1 (Form 1040)1.
2.	Fill in your federal adjusted gross income from line 1 of Form 1       2.
	Enter – • \$18,000 if you checked box A; <b>or</b> • -0- if you checked box B; <b>or</b> • \$12,000 if you checked box C or D
4.	Fill in taxable social security benefits, if any, from line 5b of federal Form 1040 . 4
5.	Fill in taxable refunds, credits, or offsets, if any, from line 10 of federal Schedule 1
	(Form 1040)
6.	Add lines 3, 4, and 5 6
	Subtract line 6 from line 2. If zero or less, enter -0- here and on line 9 of this worksheet and do not complete line 8. Otherwise, go on to line 8
8.	Fill in one-half of the amount on line 7    8.
	Fill in the smaller amount of line 1 or line 8

# Line 9 Social Security Adjustment

Social security benefits are not taxable for Wisconsin. You may subtract any social security benefits that were taxable on your federal Form 1040. Fill in on line 9 the amount from line 5b of federal Form 1040.

# Line 10 Capital Gain / Loss Subtraction

If your federal adjusted gross income includes capital gains and/or losses from line 13 of federal Schedule 1 (Form 1040), you must complete Schedule WD. You must also complete Schedule WD if your federal adjusted gross income does not include capital gains and/or losses, but you have a capital loss carryover for Wisconsin tax purposes.

Schedule WD determines whether any capital gain/loss subtraction must be reported on line 10. For example, after completing Schedule WD, you may be able to include an amount as a subtraction on line 10 because you qualify for the 30% long-term capital gain exclusion (60% in the case of farm assets).

All amounts must be filled in on line 10 as positive numbers.

**EXCEPTION** If the only amount reported as a capital gain on line 13 of your federal Schedule 1 (Form 1040) is a capital gain distribution from a mutual fund or real estate investment trust and you have no Wisconsin capital loss carryover, you may claim a long-term capital gain exclusion on line 10. Fill in 30% of the amount of the capital gain distribution on line 10. Do not complete Wisconsin Schedule WD.

## Line 11 Other Subtractions

Fill in the code number and amount of any of the subtractions described below that apply to you. The code number is printed to the left of the various subtractions. For example, if you are claiming a subtraction for tuition expenses, you would enter the number 03 in the code number space \_\_\_\_\_\_, and fill in the amount of your subtraction for tuition expenses on the line next to the code number space. Also, fill in the total of all your subtractions on line 11.

Line 11 of Form 1 has space to fill in five subtractions from income. If you have more than five subtractions, fill in the code numbers and amounts for four of the subtractions. List the code numbers and amounts of all remaining subtractions on a separate schedule. In the fifth entry space by line 11, enter code number 99 and the total amount of the remaining subtractions. Enclose the schedule listing the remaining subtractions with your Form 1.

 $\rightarrow$  See Additions To or Subtractions From Income on page 28 for information on other items which may have to be included on line 11.

Code 01

Medical Care Insurance You may be able to subtract all or a portion of the cost of your medical care insurance.

"Medical care insurance" means a medical care insurance policy that covers you, your spouse, and dependents and provides surgical, medical, hospital, major medical, or other health service coverage (including dental insurance). If you are receiving social security benefits, the amount paid for medical care insurance includes the amount deducted from your monthly benefit for Medicare insurance (for example, Parts B and D). It does <u>not</u> include premiums for:

- · Long-term care insurance,
- · Life insurance policies,
- · Policies providing payment for loss of earnings,
- · Policies for loss of life, limb, sight, etc.,
- Policies that pay you a guaranteed amount each week for a stated number of weeks if you are hospitalized for sickness or injury,
- The part of your car insurance premiums that provides medical insurance coverage for all persons injured in or by your car, or
- Medical care insurance if you elected to pay these premiums with tax-free distributions from a retirement plan. In this case, the premiums would have been paid directly to the insurance provider by the retirement plan.

The following amounts may **not** be included in the subtraction for medical care insurance:

- Insurance premiums paid by an employer, including amounts paid by you through payroll deductions, unless the premiums are included as wages in box 1 of your Form W-2.
- The amount of employer-provided medical insurance that is identified on your W-2 in Box 12 with Code DD.
- · Medical care insurance premiums that are deducted pre-tax.

Line 11 Other Subtractions – continued

## Medical Care Insurance – continued

zero or less, enter 0 (zero).

**CAUTION** If you participate in your employer's fringe benefit cafeteria plan and agree to a voluntary salary reduction in return for a medical care insurance benefit, you may not consider the amount of your salary reduction an amount you paid for medical care insurance. You cannot subtract premiums paid with money that has not been included in your gross income. These programs may be known as flexible spending accounts, employee reimbursement accounts, etc. Some employers may identify these amounts on your pay stubs as Internal Revenue Code sec. 125 or as a pre-tax deduction.

→ When completing line 1 of Worksheet 1 or 2, if you purchased the insurance through an Exchange (Marketplace), the amount you paid is the amount paid after your premium was reduced for any advance payment of the premium assistance credit.

**If you are self-employed, complete Worksheet 1**. (**Note**: If you are self-employed and deducted 100% of your medical care insurance cost on line 29 of your federal Schedule 1 (Form 1040) as a self-employed health insurance deduction, do not complete Worksheet 1 or 2. No additional deduction is allowed.)

	Medical Care Insurance – Worksheet 1 – Self-Employed Persons	
1.	Amount you paid for medical care insurance in 2018 while you were self-employed	
2.	Self-employed health insurance deduction from line 29 of federal Schedule 1         (Form 1040)	
3.	Amount of medical care insurance deducted on federal Schedule C or F for your employee spouse	
4.	Amount of premium tax credit allowed on your 2018 federal return         (line 70 of federal Schedule 5 (Form 1040)	
5.	Add lines 2, 3, and 4	i
6.	Subtract line 5 from line 16	i
7.	Amount of advance premium tax credit you were required to repay (line 46 of federal Schedule 2 (Form 1040)7	7
8.	Add lines 6 and 7	
9.	Net earnings from a trade or business**	I
10.	Fill in the smaller of line 8 or 9 here and on line 11 of Form 1. This is your subtraction for medical care insurance	)
4	* Do not include any amounts deducted for long-term care insurance.	
**	<sup>t</sup> Net earnings from a trade or business means income from self-employment, including ordinary inco business as reported on Form 4797, line 18b, and less the deductible part of self-employment tax. The a trade or business of both spouses are included. Do not include losses from a trade or business. If t	e total earnings from

Complete Worksheet 2 if you are (1) an employee or (2) a person who had no employer and were not self-employed.

Medical Care Insurance – Worksheet 2 – Others			
1. Amount you paid in 2018 for medical care insurance	1		
<ol> <li>Amount of premium tax credit allowed on your 2018 federal return (line 70 of federal Schedule 5 (Form 1040)</li> </ol>	2.		
3. Subtract line 2 from line 1	3		
4. Amount of advance premium tax credit you were required to repay (line 46 of federal Schedule 2 (Form 1040)	4		
5. Add line 3 and line 4	5		
6. Fill in the amount from line 5 of Form 1 less the amounts on lines 6 - 10 and less all amounts that will be included on line 11 without considering the subtraction for medical care insurance. If zero or less, enter 0 (zero)	6		
7. Fill in the smaller of line 5 or 6. This is your subtraction for medical care insurance	7		

#### Line 11 Other Subtractions – continued

Code

**D2** Long-Term Care Insurance If you paid long-term care insurance costs during 2018, you may be able to subtract all or a portion of the cost of a long-term care insurance policy which covers you or your spouse.

"Long-term care insurance policy" means a disability insurance policy or certificate advertised, marketed, offered, or designed primarily to provide coverage for care that is provided in your home or in an institutional or community-based setting. The care must be convalescent or custodial care or care for a chronic condition or terminal illness.

"Long-term care insurance policy" does <u>not</u> include a medicare supplement policy or medicare replacement policy or a continuing care contract. "Continuing care contract" means a contract which provides nursing services, medical services, or personal care services, in addition to food, shelter, and laundry services, for the duration of a person's life or for a term in excess of one year, conditioned upon any of the following payments:

- An entrance fee in excess of \$10,000.
- Providing for the transfer of at least \$10,000 (if the amount is expressed in dollars) or 50% of the person's estate (if the amount is expressed as a percentage of the person's estate) to the service provider upon the person's death.

Do not include premiums for long-term care insurance if you elected to pay those premiums with tax-free distributions from a retirement plan. In this case, the premiums would have been made directly to the insurance provider by the retirement plan.

If you paid long-term care insurance costs during 2018 for a policy which covers you or your spouse, complete the worksheet below to determine your subtraction.

	Worksheet – Long-Term Care Insurance	
1.	Amount you paid for long-term care insurance in 2018	1
2.	Portion of long-term care insurance cost included as a self-employed health insurance deduction on line 29 of federal Schedule 1 (Form 1040)2.	-
3.	Portion of long-term care insurance cost deducted on federal Schedule C or F for your employee spouse	-
4.	Add lines 2 and 3	4
5.	Subtract line 4 from line 1	5
6.	Fill in the amount from line 5 of Form 1 less the amounts on lines 6 - 10 and less all amounts that will be included on line 11 without considering the subtraction for long-term care insurance. If zero or less, enter 0 (zero)	6
7.	Fill in the smaller of line 5 or 6. This is your subtraction for long-term care insurance	7

Code 03

**Tuition and Fee Expenses** You may be able to claim a subtraction for up to \$6,974 (per student) of the amount you paid during 2018 for tuition and mandatory student fees for you, your spouse (if married filing a joint return), and children whom you claim as dependents on your federal income tax return.

**CAUTION** If you claimed a tuition and fees deduction on your federal return, be sure you have completed Wisconsin Schedule I. This amount is not allowed for Wisconsin purposes and must be added to your federal adjusted gross income.

The tuition and mandatory student fees must have been paid during 2018 to attend any of the following:

- Classes in Wisconsin at a school which qualifies as a university, college, or technical college. A "university, college, or technical college" is any school which has a curriculum leading to a diploma, degree, or occupational or vocational objective.
- Classes in Wisconsin at other post-secondary (post-high school) schools that have been approved through the Educational Approval Program.
- Classes in Minnesota at a public vocational school or public institution of higher education in Minnesota under the Minnesota–Wisconsin tuition reciprocity agreement.
- Classes outside Wisconsin provided the tuition is paid to a university, college, or technical college located in Wisconsin.

Line 11 Other Subtractions - continued

#### Tuition and Fee Expenses – continued

The subtraction does not apply to tuition or fees paid to pre-schools, elementary, or secondary schools.

Tuition and mandatory student fees paid to a school which fits into one of the four categories listed on page 19 may be subtracted regardless of the type of course taken. For example, tuition paid for craft or recreational courses at a technical college qualifies for the subtraction.

Tuition and mandatory student fees paid to a school which does not fit into any of the four categories may not be claimed as a subtraction. For example, the subtraction does not apply to a fee paid to a retail craft store to attend a session on flower arranging.

Tuition and mandatory student fees paid for correspondence courses or courses received via the Internet or other electronic transmission qualifies for the subtraction as long as the courses are taken in Wisconsin and are presented by a school (located in or outside Wisconsin) which qualifies as a university, college, or technical college, or a school approved through the Educational Approval Program.

**CAUTION** The subtraction only applies to tuition and mandatory student fees. Amounts paid as separate charges for other items such as room and board, athletic tickets, or other costs may not be subtracted.

You cannot claim a subtraction for tuition and fees paid with certain tax-free funds. For example, you cannot claim a subtraction for tuition paid with tax-free scholarships or Pell grants or for amounts paid or reimbursed to you by your employer. You can subtract tuition and fees paid from loans, gifts, inheritances, and personal savings.

You cannot claim the subtraction if the source of the payment is an amount withdrawn from a Wisconsin state-sponsored college savings program or college tuition and expenses program (for example, Edvest or Tomorrow's Scholar). This limitation applies only if the owner of the account or other person who contributed to the account previously claimed a subtraction for contributions to these programs.

The subtraction is limited if your federal adjusted gross income exceeds certain amounts. Your federal adjusted gross income is the amount on line 1 of Form 1.

Determine your tuition and mandatory student fees subtraction as follows:

#### Single or Head of Household

- If line 1 of Form 1 is \$54,190 or less, you may subtract the amount paid for tuition and mandatory student fees during 2018, but not more than \$6,974 per student.\* Fill in the amount of your subtraction on line 11.
- If line 1 of Form 1 is more than \$54,190 but less than \$65,030, use the worksheet on page 21 to figure the amount of your subtraction.
- If line 1 of Form 1 is \$65,030 or more, you may not subtract any amount for tuition and fee expenses.

#### **Married Filing Joint Return**

- If line 1 of Form 1 is \$86,700 or less, you may subtract the amount paid for tuition and mandatory student fees during 2018, but not more than \$6,974 per student.\* Fill in the amount of your subtraction on line 11.
- If line 1 of Form 1 is more than \$86,700 but less than \$108,380, use the worksheet on page 21 to figure the amount of your subtraction.
- If line 1 of Form 1 is \$108,380 or more, you may not subtract any amount for tuition and fee expenses.

#### Married Filing Separate Return

- If line 1 of Form 1 is \$43,350 or less, you may subtract the amount paid for tuition and mandatory student fees during 2018, but not more than \$6,974 per student.\* Fill in the amount of your subtraction on line 11.
- If line 1 of Form 1 is more than \$43,350 but less than \$54,190, use the worksheet on page 21 to figure the amount of your subtraction.
- If line 1 of Form 1 is \$54,190 or more, you may not subtract any amount for tuition and fee expenses.

#### Line 11 Other Subtractions – continued

Code

Code 05

#### Tuition and Fee Expenses – continued

	Tuition Expense Worksheet
	<b>CAUTION</b> Only certain taxpayers are required to complete this worksheet. See the instructions for your filing status.
1.	Amount paid for tuition and mandatory student fees in 2018. Do not enter more than \$6,974 per student 1
2.	Fill in the amount from line 1 of Form 1
3.	Enter \$54,190 (\$86,700 if married filing joint return or \$43,350 if married filing separate return)
4.	Subtract line 3 from line 2
5.	Divide the amount on line 4 by 10,840 (21,680 if married filing joint return). Fill in decimal amount 5
6.	Multiply line 1 by the decimal amount on line 5
7.	Subtract line 6 from line 1. This is your subtraction for tuition and fee expense*
	our subtraction cannot be more than the amount on line 5 of Form 1 less the amounts on lines 6 - 10 and less all amounts at will be included on line 11 without considering the subtraction for tuition expense.

04 Military and Uniformed Services Retirement Benefits You may subtract retirement payments received from:

- (1) The U.S. military retirement system (including payments from the Retired Serviceman's Family Protection Plan or the Survivor Benefit Plan). These retirement benefits are paid from the Defense Finance and Accounting Service.
- (2) The U.S. government that relate to service with the Coast Guard, the commissioned corps of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, or the commissioned corps of the Public Health Service.

Your subtraction cannot be more than the amount of such retirement payments that you included in your federal income.

**Local and State Retirement Benefits** You may subtract any payments received from the retirement systems listed below provided:

- (1) You were retired from the system before January 1, 1964, or
- (2) You were a member of the system as of December 31, 1963, retiring at a later date and payments you receive are from an account established before 1964, or
- (3) You are receiving payments from the system as the beneficiary of an individual who met either condition 1 or 2.

Your subtraction cannot be more than the amount of such payments that you included in your federal income.

The specific retirement systems are:

Milwaukee City Employees, Milwaukee City Police Officers, Milwaukee Fire Fighters, Milwaukee Public School Teachers, Milwaukee County Employees, Milwaukee Sheriff, and Wisconsin State Teachers retirement systems.

 $\rightarrow$  Do not subtract any of the following:

- Payments received as a result of voluntary tax-sheltered annuity deposits in any of the retirement systems listed above.
- Payments received from one of the retirement systems listed above if you first became a member after December 31, 1963. This applies even though pre-1964 military service may have been counted as creditable service in computing your retirement benefit.

**CAUTION** Your retirement benefits may be subtracted only if they are based on qualified membership in one of the retirement systems listed above. Qualified membership is membership that began before January 1964 as explained above. Any portion of your retirement benefit that is based on membership in other retirement systems (or based on employment that began after December 31, 1963) is taxable and may not be subtracted.

**Example 1** You were a member of the Wisconsin State Teachers Retirement System as of December 31, 1963. You left teaching after 1963 and withdrew the allowable amount from your retirement account. This closed the account. You later returned to teaching. A new retirement account was then established for you. Retirement benefits from this new account (established after 1963) do not qualify for the exemption.

Line 11 Other Subtractions - continued

#### Local and State Retirement Benefits - continued

**Example 2** You were employed as a teacher from 1960-65. During that time you were a member of the Wisconsin State Teachers Retirement System. From 1966 until retirement, you were employed by a state agency (not as a teacher). You were then a member of the Wisconsin Retirement System. You receive an annuity from the Department of Employee Trust Funds. The annuity is based on employment in both retirement systems. Only the portion of the annuity that is due to the Wisconsin State Teachers Retirement System may be subtracted. You may use the following formula to figure the exempt amount that may be subtracted:

Years of creditable service in an exempt plan	v	Annuity included	=	Portion of annuity which
Total years of creditable service	^	in federal income		may be subtracted

→ You may have received separate Forms 1099-R for the taxable and exempt portions of your annuity. In this case, you may use the Form 1099-R information instead of the above formula.

Code
 6
 6
 Federal Retirement Benefits You may subtract payments received from a federal retirement system provided:

- (1) You were retired from the system before January 1, 1964, or
- (2) You were a member of the system as of December 31, 1963, retiring at a later date and payments you receive are from an account established before 1964, or
- (3) You are receiving payments from the system as the beneficiary of an individual who met either condition 1 or 2.

See "**05 Local and State Retirement Benefits**" on page 21 for further information. The limitations and examples that apply to local and state retirement benefits also apply to federal retirement benefits.

A "federal retirement system" is a United States government civilian employee retirement system. Examples of such retirement systems include the Civil Service Retirement System and the Federal Employees' Retirement System. These retirement benefits are paid from the U.S. Office of Personnel Management. Payments from the federal Thrift Savings Plan do not qualify for the subtraction.

**Railroad Retirement Benefits, Railroad Unemployment Insurance, and Sickness Benefits** Wisconsin does not tax amounts received from the U.S. Railroad Retirement Board. You may subtract railroad retirement benefits included on line 4b of your federal Form 1040.

Adoption Expenses If you adopted a child for whom a final order of adoption was entered by a court in any state, or upon registration of a foreign adoption, during 2018, you may subtract up to \$5,000 of the amount you paid for adoption fees, court costs, and legal fees relating to the adoption. You may include amounts paid during 2016, 2017, and 2018. Don't count amounts reimbursed under any adoption assistance program. If you adopt more than one child during the year, you may deduct up to \$5,000 of adoption expenses for each child.

**Recoveries of Federal Itemized Deductions** Fill in any amount included as income on your federal tax return that is a recovery of a federal itemized deduction from a prior year for which you did not receive a Wisconsin tax benefit.

**Example** You claimed an itemized deduction on your 2017 federal tax return for a casualty loss of \$2,000. You could not claim the casualty loss for the itemized deduction credit on your 2017 Wisconsin income tax return. During 2018 you received a reimbursement of \$1,000 from your insurance company for part of the casualty loss. The \$1,000 reimbursement is included on your 2018 federal tax return as a recovery of an amount previously claimed as an itemized deduction. Because you did not claim the casualty loss for the itemized deduction credit for Wisconsin for 2017, the \$1,000 is not taxable to Wisconsin for 2018. Fill in the \$1,000 recovery on line 11.

Code 10

Code 07

Code 08

Code 09

**Wisconsin Net Operating Loss Carryforward** If you had a net operating loss (NOL) in an earlier year to carry forward to 2018, include the allowable amount on line 11. Enclose Schedules NOL1, NOL2, or NOL3, as applicable. See the instructions for these schedules and Publication 120, *Net Operating Losses for Individuals, Estates, and Trusts,* for details on computing the NOL and the allowable subtraction. See page 10 for information on how to get Publication 120.



A net operating loss carryforward may not be used unless the incurred loss was computed on a return that was filed within 4 years of the unextended due date for that return.

Line 11 Other Subtractions – continued

Code 11

Code

Code

Code 14 **Native Americans** Certain income (for example, wages) earned by a Native American who both lives and works on his or her tribal reservation is not subject to Wisconsin income tax and may be subtracted. See Publication 405, *Wisconsin Taxation Related to Native Americans,* for more information.

**12** Amounts Not Taxable by Wisconsin You may subtract any amounts not taxable by Wisconsin (less related expenses except those expenses which are used to calculate the Wisconsin itemized deduction credit) which have been included as income on your federal tax return or excluded from federal deductions. Enclose an explanation of the subtractions you are including using code 12.

**Example** Wisconsin doesn't tax certain relocation assistance payments received by persons displaced by condemnation, subject to the conditions in sec. 32.19 of the Wisconsin Statutes.

# CAUTION

- Do not use this subtraction when using a different federal election for Wisconsin and federal tax purposes. Instead, complete a pro forma federal return using the election chosen for Wisconsin or adjust using Schedule I. The federal adjusted gross income from this pro forma federal return or from Schedule I is entered on line 1 of Form 1. If completing a pro forma federal return, attach the pro forma federal return to your Wisconsin return instead of the return sent to the IRS.
- Do not use this subtraction for wages which are taxable in another state as well as Wisconsin. Instead, include these wages in Wisconsin income and see page 37 for how to claim a credit for net tax paid to another state.

**13 Farm Loss Carryover** If you were not actively engaged in farming and were subject to farm loss limitations on your 2002-2013 Wisconsin income tax returns, you may be able to claim a subtraction for all or a portion of the farm loss disallowed in those years. Farm losses disallowed as a deduction may be carried forward for 15 years to the extent that the farm losses are not offset against farm income of any year between the loss year and the year for which the carryover is claimed. The amount of carryover that can be subtracted is the lesser of (1) the farm loss carryover or (2) the net profits and net gains from the sale or exchange of capital or business assets in the current year from the same farming business or portion of that business to which the limits on deductible farm losses applied in the loss year.

**Example** You had a farm loss carryover from 2013 of \$30,000. You claimed a subtraction for \$9,000 of the carryover on your 2014 through 2017 returns. For 2018 you report a net loss of \$2,000 on Schedule F and a net gain of \$6,000 from the sale of farm equipment on Form 4797. The gain and loss are from the same farming business to which the limitation applied in the loss year. You may subtract \$6,000 as a farm loss carryover on line 11.

**Contributions to an Edvest or Tomorrow's Scholar College Savings Account** You may be able to subtract the amount you contributed to a Wisconsin state-sponsored college savings account (Edvest or Tomorrow's Scholar) if you are the owner of the account or were authorized by the owner of the account to make contributions to the account.

For amounts rolled over in 2018, from another state's qualified sec. 529 plan to a Wisconsin account, the subtraction applies to the amount of principal rolled over. It does not apply to any investment earnings in the account.

Complete Schedule CS, *College Savings Accounts*, to determine the amount of your subtraction. Enclose Schedule CS with your Form 1.

**Distributions from Wisconsin State-Sponsored College Tuition Programs** If you included earnings from a qualified college tuition program in your federal adjusted gross income, you may subtract that amount if the earnings were from a Wisconsin Edvest tuition unit account and you received a refund because the beneficiary completed the program in which he or she was enrolled and had not used all of the tuition units purchased or the beneficiary was awarded a scholarship, tuition waiver, or similar subsidy that could not be converted to cash.

Code 17

Line 11 Other Subtractions – continued

Code 16 Disability Income Exclusion If you are retired on permanent and total disability and have included your disability income on line 1 of Form 1, you may be able to subtract up to \$5,200 of your disability income. You must meet ALL these tests:

- You did not reach mandatory retirement age before January 1, 2018.
- You were under age 65 on December 31, 2018.
- You were permanently and totally disabled –
- a. When you retired, or
- b. On January 1, 1976, or January 1, 1977, if you retired before January 1, 1977, on disability or under circumstances which entitled you to retire on disability.
- If you were married at the end of 2018, you must file a joint return.
- You did not in any year prior to 1984 choose to treat your disability income as a pension instead of taking the exclusion.
- Your federal adjusted gross income is less than \$20,200 (\$25,400 if married and both spouses are eligible).

Compute your exclusion on Wisconsin Schedule 2440W, *Disability Income Exclusion*. Enclose Schedule 2440W with your Form 1. See page 10 for information on how to get this schedule.

Sale of Business Assets or Assets Used in Farming to a Related Person You may subtract the taxable portion of gain you realize from the sale or disposition to a related person of business assets or assets used in farming if the following conditions apply:

- The related person is your child, grandchild, great-grandchild, parent, brother or sister, nephew or niece, grandparent, great-grandparent, or aunt or uncle. The person may be related to you by blood, marriage, or adoption.
- The asset was held by you for more than 12 months.
- The gain is treated as capital gain for federal tax purposes. Amounts treated as ordinary income do not qualify.

Gain on the sale or disposition of shares in a corporation or trust qualifies only if:

- The number of shareholders or beneficiaries does not exceed 15. Lineal ancestors and descendants and aunts, uncles, and 1st cousins thereof count collectively as one shareholder or beneficiary. This collective authorization may not be used for more than one family in a single corporation or trust.
- The corporation does not have more than two classes of shares.
- · All shareholders or beneficiaries, other than any estate, are natural persons.

"Farming" means the cultivation of land or the raising or harvesting of any agricultural or horticultural commodity including the raising, shearing, feeding, caring for, training, and management of animals. Trees (other than trees bearing fruit or nuts) are not treated as an agricultural or horticultural commodity. (Trees may qualify as a business asset.)

"Business assets" are assets used in an activity carried on for a livelihood or in good faith to make a profit. The facts and circumstances of each case determine whether or not an activity is a business. Regularity of activities and transactions and the production of income are important elements. You do not need to actually make a profit to be in a business as long as you have a profit motive. You do need, however, to make ongoing efforts to further the interests of your business.

"Business assets" include assets used in the performance of services by an individual as an employee and assets used in the conduct of a trade or business by an individual who is self-employed.

"Business assets" do not include investment and rental property (for example, stocks, bonds, and residential rental property) unless you are subject to federal self-employment tax on the earnings from the activity. (**Note**: Rental property which is a farm or farm equipment may qualify as an asset "used in farming.")

**Computing the subtraction** You must first complete Wisconsin Schedule WD. The amount of gain that may be subtracted is determined after netting all capital gains and losses on Schedule WD.

If amounts reported in Parts I and II of Schedule WD consist only of capital gains, your subtraction is equal to 70% of the long-term gain on the sale of a business asset to the related person, 40% of the long-term gain on the sale of a farm asset to the related person, or 70% of the long-term gain on the sale of qualified shares in a corporation.\*

# **Line Instructions**

Line 11 Other Subtractions - continued

#### Sale of Business Assets or Assets Used in Farming to a Related Person - continued

- If the amount on line 17 or 18 of Schedule WD is a net loss, you may not subtract any amount as gain on the sale of the asset to the related person.
- If the amount on line 18 of Schedule WD is a net gain and (1) the only gain reported on Schedule WD is from the sale of the asset to the related person and (2) a loss is included in line 17 of Schedule WD and/or on line 8 of Schedule WD, your subtraction is equal to the amount on line 27 of Schedule WD.
- If the amount on line 18 of Schedule WD is a net gain and (1) the only long-term gain reported on Schedule WD is from the sale of the asset to the related person, (2) a loss is included in line 17 of Schedule WD, and (3) you show a gain on line 8 of Schedule WD, your subtraction is equal to the amount on line 27 of Schedule WD less the amount on line 8 of Schedule WD.
- If the amount on line 18 of Schedule WD is a net gain and (1) that net gain includes more than one long-term capital gain and (2) a loss is included in line 17 of Schedule WD and/or on line 8 of Schedule WD, complete the worksheet below to compute your subtraction.
- If the amount on line 18 of Schedule WD is a net gain and (1) that net gain includes more than one long-term capital gain, (2) a loss is included in line 17 of Schedule WD, and (3) you show a gain on line 8 of Schedule WD, complete the worksheet below to compute your subtraction.

	Worksheet for Gain on Sale of Assets to Related Person	
1.	Amount from line 19 of Schedule WD	1
2.	Long-term capital gain on the sale of assets to related person 2	_
3.	Total long-term capital gain included in line 17 of Schedule WD 3.	_
4.	Divide line 2 by line 3. Carry decimal to four places	4
5.	Multiply line 1 by line 4	5
6.	If the amount on line 2 is gain from the sale of an asset used in farming, multiply line 5 by .40 (40%) and fill in result.* If the amount on line 2 is gain from the sale of a business asset or gain from the sale of qualified shares in a corporation, multiply line 5 by .70 (70%) and fill in result. This is your subtraction for gain on the sale of assets to a related person	6

\*A sale to a relative of qualified shares in a corporation that is engaged in farming does not qualify for the additional 30% exclusion for the sale of assets used in farming on Wisconsin Schedule WD. Thus the amount that may be subtracted as gain on the sale of qualifying shares of stock in a corporation is 70% of the gain.

Code 18

**Repayment of Income Previously Taxed** If you had to repay during 2018, an amount that you included in your Wisconsin income in an earlier year, you may be able to subtract the amount repaid. A subtraction may be claimed only for repayments that are allowed as a miscellaneous itemized deduction on your federal Schedule A.

If you did not itemize deductions for federal tax purposes, use the amounts that would be deductible if you had itemized deductions. To determine the amounts to use, complete a federal Schedule A. Write "Wisconsin" at the top of this Schedule A and enclose it with your Form 1.

Miscellaneous itemized deductions subject to the 2% of adjusted gross income limit are no longer allowed as itemized deductions on federal Schedule A pursuant to Public Law 115-97. These amounts are also no longer allowable as a deduction on federal Schedule A for Wisconsin purposes.

**CAUTION** Only amounts previously included in Wisconsin income may be claimed as a subtraction.

If the amount repaid was over \$3,000, you may be able to subtract the repayment as described above *or* take a tax credit. See the line 44 instructions on page 42.



**Human Organ Donation** If you, your spouse, or a person who is claimed as a dependent on your federal income tax return donates one or more of their human organs to another person for human organ transplantation, you may subtract up to \$10,000 of unreimbursed expenses related to the organ donation. "Human organ" means all or part of a liver, pancreas, kidney, intestine, lung, or bone marrow. The subtraction may be claimed only in the taxable year in which the transplantation occurs. The subtraction may be claimed only once. Up to \$10,000 of the following unreimbursed expenses may be claimed:

Travel expenses

Lodging expenses

· Lost wages

Line 11 Other Subtractions - continued

- Reserve or National Guard Members If you were a member of the Reserves or National Guard and served on active duty, you may subtract any military pay that is included on your W-2 and was:
  - · Received from the federal government,
  - Received after being called into active federal service or into special state service authorized by the federal Department of Defense, and
  - · Paid for the time during which you were on active duty.

**CAUTION** The subtraction only applies to Reserve or National Guard members called into active federal service under 10 USC 12302(a) or 10 USC 12304 or special state service under 32 USC 502(f). It does not apply to pay that members of the Reserves and National Guard receive for their weekend or two-week annual training. It also does not apply to a person who is serving on active duty or full-time duty in the active guard reserve (AGR) program.

Code 21

**Expenses Paid to Related Entities** Were you required to make an addition modification for interest, rental expenses, intangible expenses, or management fees paid to a related entity? If yes, see Schedule RT to find out if you qualify for a subtraction. Although you must meet one of the conditions in Schedule RT, Part II to qualify for a subtraction, you do not need to enclose Schedule RT with your return unless your total expenses paid, accrued, or incurred to related entities are \$100,000 or more. If enclosing Schedule RT, also enter "16" in the Special Conditions box on page 1 of Form 1.

Code 22

**Private School Tuition** A subtraction may be claimed for tuition paid in the taxable year to send your dependent child to a private school. The maximum subtraction is \$4,000 for an elementary pupil and \$10,000 for a secondary pupil. Schedule PS must be included with your Wisconsin income tax return.



Code 23

Code 24 Do not take a subtraction for amounts paid for private school tuition which were withdrawn from an Edvest or Tomorrow's Scholar college savings account.

**Legislator's Per Diem** If you were a Wisconsin legislator, you may subtract the amount of per diem reimbursement that is included as wages on your federal Form 1040. This generally applies to a legislator with a residence 50 miles or less from the state capitol.

**ABLE Accounts** A subtraction may be claimed for the amount contributed to a qualified ABLE (Achieving a Better Life Experience) account during the year. The owner (beneficiary) of an ABLE account must be a disabled person. Distributions from the account must be used to pay the qualified disability expenses of the disabled person. The maximum subtraction that may be claimed by all contributors to the account for 2018 is \$15,000.

An additional amount of contributions is allowed as a subtraction by a designated beneficiary equal to the lesser of:

- 1. The designated beneficiary's compensation (included in gross income for the taxable year), or
- 2. The federal poverty line for a one-person household.

This increase is only allowed if the designated beneficiary is an employee and no contributions have been made to a defined contribution plan, annuity contract, or deferred compensation plan. Use the worksheet below to figure your total subtraction.

Worksheet for Contributions to an ABLE Account	
1. Total contributions made to the ABLE account (Do not enter more than \$15,000)	100
2. The designated beneficiary's compensation 200	
3. 2018 federal poverty line for a one person household       3.       12,140.00	
4. Enter the smaller of lines 2 or 3 4	400
5. Add lines 1 and 4. This is the maximum amount of subtraction on line 11 of Form 1 with code 24 5	500

**Note:** The subtraction does not apply to rollovers or transfers from another account.

Code 25

Interest, Rental Payments, Intangible Expenses, and Management Fees Reported as Income by a Related Entity Did you report income from interest, rental payments, intangible expenses, or management fees made by a related entity that was not able to claim a deduction for such payments? If yes, you may claim a subtraction for the amount that the related entity was not able to deduct. This would be the amount the related entity claimed as an addition for such expenses (see instructions for line 4, Code 06) less the amount allowed as a subtraction (see instructions for line 11, Code 21).

Line 11 Other Subtractions – continued

Code

**26 Retirement Income Exclusion** Subtract up to \$5,000 of certain retirement income if you (and/or your spouse if married filing a joint return):

- You (or your spouse if married filing a joint return) were 65 years of age or older on December 31, 2018, and
- Your federal adjusted gross income (line 1 of Form 1) is less than \$15,000 (\$30,000 if married filing a joint return). If married filing a separate return, the sum of both spouses' federal adjusted gross incomes must be less than \$30,000.

If you meet these qualifications, complete the Retirement Income Exclusion Worksheet below to determine the amount of your subtraction. Fill in the amount from line 6 of the worksheet on line 11 of Form 1 with code number 26. If married filing a joint return, add the amounts in Col. A and Col. B and fill in the total on line 11 of Form 1.

Retirement Income Exclusion Worksheet							
If married filing a joint return, <i>(Keep for your records)</i> fill in each spouse's information separately.	(A) Yourself	(B) Your Spouse					
1. Taxable IRA distributions and taxable pension and annuity income from a qualified retirement plan from line 4b of your federal Form 1040							
2. Nontaxable retirement benefits (This is the total amount subtracted on line 11 for retirement benefits using codes 04, 05, 06, and 07)	2						
3. Subtract line 2 from line 1	3						
<ul> <li>4. Complete line 4 as follows. This is your subtraction for retirement income.</li> <li>If you were 65 years of age or older on December 31, 2018, fill in on line 4, Col (A), the <u>smaller</u> of line 3, Col. (A) or \$5,000. Enter 0 (zero) if you were not age 65 or older.</li> </ul>							
<ul> <li>If married filing a joint return and your spouse was 65 years of age or older on December 31, 2018, fill in on line 4, Col. (B), the <u>smaller</u> of line 3, Col. (B) or \$5,000. Enter 0 (zero) if your spouse was not age 65 or older</li> </ul>	4						

**Sales of Certain Insurance Policies** To the extent included in federal adjusted gross income, the original policy holder or original certificate holder who has a catastrophic or life-threatening illness or condition may fill in the amount of income received from the sale of a life insurance policy or certificate, or the sale of the death benefit under a life insurance policy or certificate, under a life settlement contract. "Catastrophic or life-threatening illness or condition" includes AIDS and HIV infection.

28 Child and Dependent Care Expenses Do you qualify for the federal credit for child and dependent care expenses for 2018? If yes, you may qualify to claim the Wisconsin subtraction for child and dependent care expenses. If married, you must file a joint return unless (1) you lived apart from your spouse during the last six months of 2018, (2) the qualifying person lived in your home more than half of 2018, and (3) you provided over half the cost of keeping up your home.

Your Wisconsin subtraction is equal to the amount on line 6 of federal Form 2441, but not more than \$3,000 if you have one qualifying person or \$6,000 if more than one qualifying person. Enclose a copy of federal Form 2441 with your Wisconsin income tax return.

Code 29

Code 27

Code

**Combat Zone Related Death** If you are filing a return for an individual who was on active duty in the U.S. armed forces, who died in 2018 while on active duty, and the death occurred while he or she was serving in a combat zone or as a result of wounds, disease, or injury incurred while serving in the combat zone, you may subtract all income received by the individual during the year of death. Attach the certification made by the Department of Defense, DD Form 1300, *Report of Casualty*, to the return. (**Note**: For persons who died in 2018 as a result of service in a combat zone, the income subtraction also applies for 2017 if the service member did not previously file a 2017 income tax return.)

Note

30

"Combat zone" does not include the Sinai Peninsula of Egypt.

**Physician or Psychiatrist Grant** To the extent included in federal adjusted gross income, any amount received by a physician or psychiatrist from the primary care and psychiatry shortage grant program under sec. 39.385, Wis. Stats., may be subtracted.

Line 11 Other Subtractions – continued

Code 31

> Code 32

Difference in Federal and Wisconsin Basis of Depreciated or Amortized Assets If you subtracted an amount on your 2014 Wisconsin tax return for the difference in federal and Wisconsin basis of assets as of the last day of your 2013 tax year, use this code and enter the same 20 percent amount subtracted from Wisconsin income for 2014. 2015, 2016, and 2017 on line 11.

Starting with the first taxable year beginning in 2014 and for the next 4 taxable years, a subtraction is available for 20 percent of the difference between the Wisconsin adjusted basis and the federal adjusted basis of assets owned on the last day of the taxable year beginning in 2013. This is December 31, 2013, for persons who file their return on a calendar-year basis. The assets must have been depreciated or amortized for both Wisconsin and federal tax purposes.

If you determined for 2014 that the combined Wisconsin adjusted basis of all depreciated and amortized assets was greater than the combined federal adjusted basis of the assets on the last day of your 2013 tax year, you could subtract 20 percent of the difference from your 2014, 2015, 2016, and 2017 Wisconsin income. This same 20 percent amount may be subtracted for 2018.

As a result of this subtraction, your Wisconsin adjusted basis of all depreciated or amortized assets on the first day of your taxable year beginning in 2014 (January 1, 2014, for calendar-year filers) is the same as the federal adjusted basis.

**Note:** If the total Wisconsin adjusted basis was less than the total federal adjusted basis, see the instructions for line 4, Code 21, Difference in Federal and Wisconsin Basis of Depreciated or Amortized Assets, for an addition required to adjust for this difference.

Olympic, Paralympic, and Special Olympic medals and United States Olympic Committee and Special Olympic **Board of Directors prize money** Persons who win medals at the Olympic and Paralympic Games generally exclude the value of such medals and the amount of prize money received from the U.S. Olympic Committee from federal income. Because the starting point for computing Wisconsin taxable income is federal adjusted gross income (FAGI), the amount that is excluded from federal income is automatically excluded from Wisconsin income and no additional subtraction is allowed for Wisconsin.

There are two situations where a Wisconsin subtraction may be claimed for the value of medals and any prize money. In these situations, the value of medals and any prize money would have been included in FAGI and a Wisconsin subtraction is allowed.

- Persons with FAGI over \$1,000,000 (\$500,000 if married filing a separate return) must include the value of medals and any prize money in federal income. Such persons may claim the Wisconsin subtraction for the value of medals and any prize money from the U.S. Olympic Committee.
- Persons who participate in the Special Olympics may claim a subtraction for the value of medals and any prize money received from the Special Olympics Board of Directors.

#### **Additions To or Subtractions From Income**

The following items may be either an addition to or a subtraction from federal adjusted gross income, depending on your situation. Fill in the code number and amount of any additions that apply to you on line 4. Fill in the code number and amount of any subtractions that apply to you on line 11. Note

If an adjustment listed on Schedule 2K-1, 3K-1, or 5K-1 is due to a difference between federal and Wisconsin law, such as bonus depreciation, this amount should be adjusted on Wisconsin Schedule I.

51 **Tax-Option (S) Corporation Adjustments** Fill in any of the following adjustments that apply to you:

- (1) If you were a shareholder of a tax-option (S) corporation which is required to file a Wisconsin franchise or income tax return, you will receive a Wisconsin Schedule 5K-1 from the tax-option (S) corporation informing you of any adjustments to be made for Wisconsin tax purposes.
- (2) If you are a shareholder of a federal S corporation that elects not to be treated as a Wisconsin tax-option (S) corporation, you must reverse all items of S corporation income, loss, or deduction included on your federal return and then add your pro rata share of any distributions made by the corporation of earnings and profits. (CAUTION Do not reverse any item of S corporation income or loss reported on federal Schedule D. These items have already been removed from Wisconsin income when you completed Wisconsin Schedule WD.)
- (3) Instead of using tax-option (S) corporation items deductible on federal Schedule A to compute the Wisconsin itemized deduction credit, you may elect to treat these items as subtraction modifications. Your subtraction is limited to the amount actually deductible for federal purposes (as allowable under Wisconsin Law) on federal Schedule Α.



Code

If you are electing to treat charitable contributions as a subtraction modification, use code 53 instead of code 51.

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#### Line 11 (line 4) Additions to or Subtractions from Income – continued

#### Tax-Option (S) Corporation Adjustments - continued

A copy of the Schedule 5K-1 is required when making an adjustment. Submit a copy of your Schedule 5K-1 by using one of the following methods:

- 1. Attach as a PDF to your electronically filed return
- 2. Submit with Form W-RA
  - a. Electronically submitted on the department's website at https://tap.revenue.wi.gov/WRA/
  - b. Attached to Form W-RA and mailed to the address listed on the form
- 3. If you are filing a paper return, include a copy of Schedule 5K-1 with your return.

**Note**: If you are a shareholder of more than one tax-option (S) corporation and have adjustments from more than one entity, list each entity adjustment separately. For example, if you have a \$1,000 subtraction from tax-option (S) corporation A and a \$5,000 subtraction from tax-option (S) corporation B, enter two separate subtractions on line 11 with Code 51.

For more information, get Publication 102, *Wisconsin Tax Treatment of Tax-Option (S) Corporations and Their Shareholders.* See page 10 for information on how to get this publication.

Code 52

Your Share of Partnership, Limited Liability Company, Trust, or Estate Adjustments If you were a member of a partnership or limited liability company (LLC) treated as a partnership, or you received income from an estate or trust, you will receive a statement from the partnership, LLC, trust, or estate notifying you of any additions or subtractions which you should make on your return. Fill in the amount of any such additions on line 4 and any subtractions on line 11.

A copy of the Schedule 2K-1 or 3K-1 is required when making an adjustment. Submit a copy of your Schedule 2K-1 or 3K-1 by using one of the following methods:

- 1. Attach as a PDF to your electronically filed return
- 2. Submit with Form W-RA
  - a. Electronically submitted on the department's website at https://tap.revenue.wi.gov/WRA/
  - b. Attached to Form W-RA and mailed to the address listed on the form
- 3. If you are filing a paper return, include a copy of Schedule 2K-1 or 3K-1 with your return

**Note**: If you are a partner or member of more than one partnership or LLC treated as a partnership and have adjustments from more than one entity, list each entity adjustment separately. For example, if you have a \$1,000 addition from partnership A and a \$5,000 addition from partnership B, enter two separate additions on line 4 with Code 52.

**53 Charitable Contributions** If you were a shareholder of a tax-option (S) corporation, you may elect to treat your charitable contributions reported on Schedule 5K-1, line 12a, as a subtraction modification instead of an itemized deduction for the Wisconsin itemized deduction credit. Your subtraction is limited to the amount actually deductible for federal purposes (as allowable under Wisconsin law) on federal Schedule A. Include a copy of Schedule 5K-1, as described above under Code 51.

Code 54

Code

**Differences in Federal and Wisconsin Basis of Assets** Additions or subtractions may be necessary if there is a difference between the federal basis and the Wisconsin basis of your property. Additions or subtractions are necessary if:

- (1) You acquired property in a taxable year beginning after December 31, 2013, which may be depreciated or amortized (such as buildings and leaseholds), and the federal basis was greater or less than the Wisconsin basis at the time you acquired the property.
- (2) You sold (or otherwise disposed of) property which may not be depreciated or amortized (such as land, stocks, and bonds) in a taxable transaction, and your basis in the assets was greater or less for federal purposes than for Wisconsin.
- (3) You sold (or otherwise disposed of) property where the federal basis is greater than the Wisconsin basis due to a previous gain on the sale of an asset being deferred because gain was invested in a "qualified new business venture" or a "qualified Wisconsin business." See Schedule T, *Transitional Adjustments*, and Schedule QI, *Sale* of Investment in a Qualified Wisconsin Business.

Compute the amount of any addition or subtraction due to a difference in basis on Wisconsin Schedule T. Enclose the completed Schedule T with your Form 1.

**Exception** Do not use Code 54 for the following situations.

• If the difference in basis is due to the difference in the federal and Wisconsin definition of the Internal Revenue Code (for example, Wisconsin did not allow bonus depreciation for tax year 2017), use Schedule I to adjust for the difference in depreciation for each year there is a difference in depreciation due to the difference in basis.

# Line Instructions

Line 11 (line 4) Additions to or Subtractions from Income – continued

#### Differences in Federal and Wisconsin Basis of Assets - continued

• If the difference in basis is due to using a different federal election for Wisconsin, (for example, electing to claim a different amount of sec. 179 expense), use Schedule I to adjust for the difference in depreciation as a result of the difference in federal and Wisconsin basis, or submit a pro forma federal return based on the election chosen for Wisconsin.



**Differences in Federal and Wisconsin Basis of Partnership Interest** An addition or subtraction may be necessary if you sold your interest in a partnership and any increases or decreases were made to the federal basis of your partnership interest in taxable years prior to 1975, which resulted from partnership business or property located outside Wisconsin. (Prior to 1975, Wisconsin did not tax income from business or property located outside Wisconsin.) Compute any addition or subtraction due to a difference in basis on Wisconsin Schedule T.

Code 56

**Differences in Federal and Wisconsin Reporting of Marital Property (Community) Income** If you are married filing a separate return or married filing as head of household or if you obtained a decree of divorce or separate maintenance during 2018, you may have to report a different amount of income on your Wisconsin Form 1 than on your federal Form 1040. Fill in on line 4 any additional amount which is taxable to you rather than your spouse because of any difference in federal and state reporting of marital property (community) income. Fill in on line 11 any amount which is taxable to your spouse rather than to you because of any difference in federal and state reporting of marital property (community) income. For further information, get Publication 109, *Tax Information for Married Persons Filing Separate Returns and Persons Divorced in 2018.* See page 10 for information on how to get this publication.

# Line 15 Standard Deduction

Most people can find their standard deduction by using the Standard Deduction Table on page 55. Use the amount on line 14 to find the standard deduction for your filing status. Do *not* use the table if any one of the following applies:

- You (or your spouse if filing a joint return) can be claimed as a dependent on another person's (for example, parent's) income tax return. Use the Standard Deduction Worksheet for Dependents to figure your standard deduction.
- You are filing a short period income tax return or are filing federal Form 4563 to claim an exclusion of income from sources within U.S. possessions. You are not allowed any amount of standard deduction. Enter 0 (zero) on line 15.

Standard Deduction Worksheet for Dependents	
1. Earned income* included in line 14 of Form 11.	.00
2. Addition amount	350.00
3. Add lines 1 and 2. If total is less than \$1,050, enter \$1,050	.00
4. Using the amount on line 14 of Form 1, fill in the <b>standard deduction</b> for your filing status from table, page 554.	.00
5. Fill in the SMALLER of line 3 or 4 here and on line 15 of Form 1	.00
* Earned income includes wages, salaries, tips, professional fees, and any other compensation receive	d for services you

# performed. It does not include scholarship or fellowship income that is not reported on a W-2.

# Line 17 Exemptions

Complete lines 17a and 17b. Fill in the number of exemptions on the lines provided. Multiply that number by the amount indicated (\$700 or \$250), and fill in the result on line a or b, as appropriate. Add lines a and b and fill in on line 17c.

# Line 17a

The exemptions allowed for you (and your spouse, if married) on line 17a are equal to:

- 0 If you are single and can be claimed as a dependent on someone else's return, or if you are married filing jointly and both you and your spouse can be claimed as a dependent on someone else's return.
- 1 If you are single and cannot be claimed as a dependent on someone else's return, or if you are married filing jointly and either you or your spouse (not both) can be claimed as a dependent on someone else's return.
- 2 If you are married filing jointly and neither you nor your spouse can be claimed as a dependent on someone else's return.

Additional exemptions are allowed equal to the number of dependents you may claim, which is the number of dependents listed on the front of federal Form 1040. Enter an additional exemption for each dependent filled in on federal Form 1040.

# Line 17b

If you or your spouse were 65 or older on December 31, 2018, check the appropriate lines. Your number of exemptions is equal to the number of lines checked.

#### Line 17 Exemptions – continued

You may claim the \$250 exemption on line 17b for you and/or your spouse only if you and/or your spouse are 65 years of age or older and are allowed the \$700 exemption on line 17a.

#### Line 19 Tax

Use the amount on line 18 to find your tax in the Tax Table on pages 48-53. Find your income-level bracket and read across to the column showing your filing status to find your tax. Be sure you use the correct column in the Tax Table for your filing status. Fill in your tax on line 19.

**EXCEPTION** If line 18 is \$100,000 or more, use the Tax Computation Worksheet on page 54 to compute your tax.

# Line 20 Itemized Deduction Credit

If the total of certain federal itemized deductions exceeds your Wisconsin standard deduction, you may be able to claim the itemized deduction credit.

Complete Schedule 1 on page 4 of Form 1 to see if you can claim the credit. Schedule 1 lists the specific deductions to use from federal Schedule A (see **EXCEPTIONS** below).

If you did not itemize deductions for federal tax purposes, use the amounts which would be deductible if you had itemized deductions. To determine the amounts to use, complete a federal Schedule A. Write "Wisconsin" at the top of this Schedule A and enclose it with your Form 1.

**EXCEPTIONS** Even though Schedule 1 has entry lines for medical expenses, interest paid, and gifts to charity, not all of the amounts of these items that are deducted on federal Schedule A can be used for the itemized deduction credit. The following describes the portion of these items that may not be used to compute the itemized deduction credit.

- Medical expenses the amount of medical care insurance and long-term care insurance claimed as a subtraction on line 11. If this applies to you, complete the worksheet below to figure the amount which you are allowed, if any, for purposes of the itemized deduction credit.
- Interest paid to purchase a second home located outside Wisconsin.
  - paid to purchase a residence which is a boat.
  - paid to purchase or hold U.S. government securities.
  - mortgage insurance premiums treated as interest. (If extended by Congress)
- Contributions and interest allocated to you by a tax-option (S) corporation if you treated the amount as a subtraction on line 11.

Worksheet for Medical Care Insurance and Long-Term Care Insurance Allowable for the Itemized Deduction Credit							
1.	Amount of medical care insurance (MCI) included in line 1 of federal Schedule A.         If none, skip lines 1-5 and go to line 6						
2.	Total medical expenses from line 1 of federal Schedule A 2.						
3.	Divide the amount on line 1 by the amount on line 2. Carry the decimal to 4 places. This is your MCI ratio						
4.	Fill in the amount from line 4 of federal Schedule A 4.						
5.	Multiply line 4 by the decimal on line 3 5.						
6.	Long-term care insurance (LTCI) included in line 1 of federal Schedule A. If none, skip lines 7 and 8 and go to line 9						
7.	Divide the amount on line 6 by the amount on line 2. Carry the decimal to 4 places. This is your LTCI ratio						
8.	Multiply line 4 by the decimal amount on line 7       8.						
9.	Add lines 5 and 8						
10.	Subtract line 9 from line 4. If zero or less, enter 0 (zero) 10.						
11.	MCI subtracted on line 11 of Form 1. If none, skip to line 13						
12.	Subtract line 11 from line 5. If zero or less, enter 0 (zero) 12.						
13.	LTCI subtracted on line 11 of Form 1. If none, skip to line 15						
14.	Subtract line 13 from line 8. If zero or less, enter 0 (zero) 14.						
15.	Add lines 10, 12 and 14. This is the amount that may be used as medical expenses for the itemized deduction credit on line 1 of Schedule 1 15.						

# Line 21 Armed Forces Member Credit

The armed forces member credit is available to certain members of the U.S. armed forces. You may claim the credit if you meet all of the following:

- · You were on active duty, and
- · You received military pay from the federal government in 2018, and
- The military pay was for services performed while stationed outside the United States.

→ You may *not* claim the armed forces member credit if you were on active duty as a member of the Reserves or National Guard and you excluded certain military pay from your income. See Code 20 on page 26 of the instructions for information on the exclusion.

The credit is equal to the amount of military pay you received for services performed while stationed outside the United States, but not more than \$300. If you are married filing a joint return and both spouses qualify for the credit, each may claim up to \$300.

# Line 22 Renter's and Homeowner's School Property Tax Credit

You may claim a credit if you paid rent during 2018 for living quarters used as your primary residence OR you paid property taxes during 2018 on your home. You are eligible for a credit whether or not you claim homestead credit on line 45.

You may *not* claim the school property tax credit if you or your spouse are claiming the veterans and surviving spouses property tax credit.

# **Special Cases**

**If You Paid Both Property Taxes and Rent** You may claim both the renter's credit and the homeowner's credit. The total combined credit claimed on lines 22a and 22b may not be more than \$300 (\$150 if married filing a separate return or married filing as head of household).

Married Persons Filing a Joint Return Figure your credit by using the rent and property taxes paid by both spouses.

**Married Persons Filing Separate Returns or Married Persons Filing as Head of Household** Each spouse may claim a credit. Each of you may use only your own property taxes and rent to figure the credit. The maximum credit allowable to each spouse is \$150.

**Persons Who Jointly Own a Home or Share Rented Living Quarters** When two or more persons (other than a married couple) jointly own a home or share rented living quarters, each may claim a credit. However, the property taxes and rent paid must be divided among the owners or occupants. See the instructions for lines 22a and 22b.

# Line 22a How to Figure the Renter's School Property Tax Credit

**Step 1 Rent Paid in 2018** Fill in on the appropriate line(s) the total rent that you paid in 2018 for living quarters (1) where the heat was included in the rent, and (2) where the heat was not included in the rent. These living quarters must have been used as your principal home. Do not include rent that you may claim as a business expense. Do not include rent paid for housing that is exempt from property taxes, for example, rent for a university dorm, nonprofit senior housing, or public housing. (Note: Property owned by a public housing authority is considered tax-exempt unless that authority makes payments in place of property taxes to the city or town in which it is located. If you live in public housing, you may wish to ask your manager about this.)

If the rent you paid included food, housekeeping, medical, or other services, reduce the amount filled in for rent paid in 2018 by the value of these items. If you shared living quarters with one or more persons (other than your spouse or dependents), fill in only the portion of the rent which you paid in 2018. For example, if you and two other persons rented an apartment and paid a total rent of \$6,000 in 2018, and you each paid \$2,000 of the rent, each could claim a credit based on \$2,000 of rent.

**Step 2** Refer to the Renter's School Property Tax Credit Table on the next page to figure your credit. If heat was included in your rent, use Column 1 of the table. If heat was not included, use Column 2. Fill in your credit on line 22a.

**Exception** If you paid both rent where heat was included and rent where heat was not included, complete the worksheet on the next page.

# Line Instructions

Line 22a How to Figure the Renter's School Property Tax Credit – continued

Renter's Worksheet
(Complete only if Exception described on page 32 applies)
1. Credit for rent with heat included (from Column 1 of Table below)
2. Credit for rent with heat not included (from Column 2 of Table below)
3. Add lines 1 and 2. Fill in on line 22a of Form 1*
* Do not enter more than \$300 (\$150 if married filing a separate return or married filing as head of household).

Renter's School Property Tax Credit Table\* Your Line 22a If Rent Paid is: Paid is: Credit is: Paid is: Credit is: Credit is: Paid is: Credit is: Col. 1 Col. 2 Col. 1 Col. 2 Col. 1 Col. 2 Col. 1 Col. 2 Heat Heat Heat Heat Heat Heat Heat Heat But But But But Not In-Not In-Not In-Not In-In-In-In-Included At cluded At cluded At cluded At Less cluded Less cluded Less cluded Less cluded Least Than in Rent in Rent \$ 1 \$ 100 \$ 1 \$ 2 \$ 3.500 \$ 3,600 \$ 85 \$ 107 \$ 7,000 \$ 7.100 \$ 169 \$ 212 \$10,500 \$10,600 \$ 253 \$ 300 100 200 4 5 3,600 3,700 88 110 7,100 7,200 172 215 10,600 10.700 256 300 6 200 300 8 3.800 90 7.200 7,300 174 218 10,700 10.800 258 300 3.700 113 300 400 8 11 3,800 3,900 92 116 7,300 7,400 176 221 10,800 10,900 260 300 400 500 11 14 3.900 4.000 95 119 7.400 7.500 179 224 10.900 11.000 263 300 500 600 13 17 4,000 4,100 97 122 7.500 7,600 181 227 11,000 11,100 265 300 700 20 11.100 11.200 268 300 600 16 4.100 4.200 100 125 7,600 7.700 184 230 800 23 4,200 4,300 7,700 7,800 186 11,200 11,300 300 700 18 102 128 233 270 20 26 11.400 800 900 4.300 4.400 104 131 7.800 7.900 188 236 11.300 272 300 900 1,000 23 29 4,400 4,500 107 134 7,900 8,000 191 239 11,400 11,500 275 300 8,000 8,100 193 242 25 32 109 11.500 1,000 1.100 4.500 4,600 137 11.600 277 300 35 4,700 8,100 8,200 196 245 11,600 11,700 300 1,100 1.200 28 4.600 112 140 280 1.200 1.300 30 38 4,700 4.800 114 143 8.200 8.300 198 248 11.700 11.800 282 300 1,300 1,400 32 41 4,800 4,900 116 146 8,300 8,400 200 251 11,800 11,900 284 300 1,400 1,500 35 44 4,900 5,000 119 149 8,400 8,500 203 254 11,900 12,000 287 300 12,000 1,500 1.600 37 47 5.000 5.100 121 152 8.500 8.600 205 257 12.100 289 300 50 8.700 208 260 12,100 292 300 1.600 1.700 40 5.100 5.200 124 155 8.600 12,200 1,700 1,800 42 53 5,200 5,300 126 158 8,700 8,800 210 263 12,200 12,300 294 300 1,900 44 56 5,300 5,400 128 8,800 8,900 212 12,300 12,400 296 300 1.800 161 266 1,900 2.000 47 59 5.400 5.500 131 164 8.900 9.000 215 269 12.400 12.500 299 300 9,000 2.000 2.100 49 62 5.500 5,600 133 9.100 217 272 300 300 167 12.500 or more 2,100 2,200 52 65 5,600 5,700 136 170 9,100 9,200 220 275 54 68 5,800 138 9,200 9,300 222 2.200 2.300 5.700 173 278 2,300 2.400 56 71 5.800 5.900 140 176 9.300 9,400 224 281 2,400 2,500 59 74 5,900 6,000 143 179 9,400 9,500 227 284 2,500 2,600 61 77 6,000 6,100 145 182 9,500 9,600 229 287 2.600 2.700 64 80 6.100 6.200 148 9.600 9.700 232 185 290 2,700 2,800 66 83 6,200 6,300 150 188 9,700 9,800 234 293 2,800 2,900 68 86 6,300 6,400 152 191 9,800 9,900 236 296 2,900 3.000 71 89 6,400 6,500 155 194 9,900 10,000 239 299 73 6.500 10.000 10.100 3.000 3.100 92 6.600 157 197 241 300 3,100 3,200 76 95 6,600 6,700 160 200 10,100 10,200 244 300 3,200 3,300 78 98 6,700 6,800 10,200 10,300 246 300 162 203 3.300 3.400 80 101 6.800 6.900 164 206 10.300 10.400 248 300 3.400 3.500 83 104 6.900 7.000 167 209 10.400 10.500 251 300

\*Caution The credit allowed certain persons may be less than the amount indicated. See "Special Cases" on page 32.

#### Line 22b How to Figure the Homeowner's School Property Tax Credit

**Step 1 Property Taxes Paid on Home in 2018** Fill in the amount of property taxes that you *paid* in 2018 on your home. Do **not** include:

• Charges for special assessments, delinquent interest, or services that may be included on your tax bill (such as trash removal, recycling fee, or a water bill).

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# **Line Instructions**

Line 22b How to Figure the Homeowner's School Property Tax Credit – continued

- Property taxes that you can claim as a business expense (for example, farm taxes or rental property taxes).
- Property taxes paid on property that is not your primary residence (such as a cottage or vacant land).
- Property taxes that you paid in any year other than 2018.

Property taxes are further limited as follows:

- a. If you bought or sold your home during 2018, the property taxes of the seller and buyer are the taxes set forth for each in the closing agreement made at the sale or purchase. If the closing agreement does not divide the property taxes between the seller and buyer, divide them on the basis of the number of months each owned the home.
- b. If you owned a mobile home during 2018, property taxes include the municipal permit fees paid to your municipality and/or the personal property taxes paid on your mobile home. (Payments for space rental for parking a mobile home or manufactured home should be filled in as rent on line 22a.)
- c. If you, or you and your spouse, owned a home jointly with one or more other persons, you may only use that portion of the property taxes that reflects your percentage of ownership. For example, if you and another person (other than your spouse) jointly owned a home on which taxes of \$1,500 were paid, each of you would claim a credit based on \$750 of taxes.

**CAUTION** Property taxes paid during 2018 must be reduced by any amounts received as a refund of such taxes. For example, a taxpayer claimed farmland preservation credit on Schedule FC (which is considered a refund of property taxes) on his or her 2017 Wisconsin return. The taxpayer received a farmland preservation credit in 2018 of \$600 that was based on 2017 property taxes accrued of \$6,000. The 2017 property taxes were paid in 2018 and 10% of such taxes were allocable to the personal residence and 90% to the farm property. Thus, for tax purposes, property taxes paid on the entire property during 2018 are \$5,400 (\$6,000 less \$600 farmland preservation credit). Of this amount, \$540 (10% of \$5,400) is used to compute the 2018 school property tax credit.

**Step 2** Use the Homeowner's School Property Tax Credit Table below to figure your credit. Fill in the amount of your credit on line 22b.

**CAUTION** If you are also claiming the renter's credit on line 22a, the total of your renter's and homeowner's credits can't be more than \$300 (\$150 if married filing a separate return or married filing as head of household).

If Property Taxes If Property Taxes are:			es	If Prop are:	erty Tax	es	If Property Taxes are:			If Property Taxes are:					
ہ Leas	At st	But Less Than	Line 22b Credit is	At Least	But Less Than	Line 22b Credit is	At Least	But Less Than	Line 22b Credit is	At Least	But Less Than	Line 22b Credit is	At Least	But Less Than	Line 22b Credit is
\$	1	\$25	\$2	\$ 500	\$ 525	\$ 62	\$1,000	\$1,025	\$ 122	\$1,500	\$1,525	\$ 182	\$ 2,000	\$ 2,025	\$242
2	25	50	5	525	550	65	1,025	1,050	125	1,525	1,550	185	2,025	2,050	245
5	50	75	8	550	575	68	1,050	1,075	128	1,550	1,575	188	2,050	2,075	248
7	75	100	11	575	600	71	1,075	1,100	131	1,575	1,600	191	2,075	2,100	251
10	00	125	14	600	625	74	1,100	1,125	134	1,600	1,625	194	2,100	2,125	254
12	25	150	17	625	650	77	1,125	1,150	137	1,625	1,650	197	2,125	2,150	257
15	50	175	20	650	675	80	1,150	1,175	140	1,650	1,675	200	2,150	2,175	260
17	75	200	23	675	700	83	1,175	1,200	143	1,675	1,700	203	2,175	2,200	263
20	00	225	26	700	725	86	1,200	1,225	146	1,700	1,725	206	2,200	2,225	266
22	25	250	29	725	750	89	1,225	1,250	149	1,725	1,750	209	2,225	2,250	269
25	50	275	32	750	775	92	1,250	1,275	152	1,750	1,775	212	2,250	2,275	272
27	75	300	35	775	800	95	1,275	1,300	155	1,775	1,800	215	2,275	2,300	275
30	00	325	38	800	825	98	1,300	1,325	158	1,800	1,825	218	2,300	2,325	278
32	25	350	41	825	850	101	1,325	1,350	161	1,825	1,850	221	2,325	2,350	281
35	50	375	44	850	875	104	1,350	1,375	164	1,850	1,875	224	2,350	2,375	284
37	75	400	47	875	900	107	1,375	1,400	167	1,875	1,900	227	2,375	2,400	287
40	00	425	50	900	925	110	1,400	1,425	170	1,900	1,925	230	2,400	2,425	290
42	25	450	53	925	950	113	1,425	1,450	173	1,925	1,950	233	2,425	2,450	293
45	50	475	56	950	975	116	1,450	1,475	176	1,950	1,975	236	2,450	2,475	296
47	75	500	59	975	1,000	119	1,475	1,500	179	1,975	2,000	239	2,475	2,500	299
													2,500	or more	300

\*Caution The credit allowed certain persons may be less than the amount indicated. See "Special Cases" on page 32.

# Line 23 Working Families Tax Credit

If you are married filing a separate return, are under age 65, and your income on line 14 of Form 1 is less than \$10,000, you may claim the working families tax credit.

Exception You may not claim the working families tax credit if you may be claimed as a dependent on another person's (for example, your parent's) income tax return.

- If the amount on line 14 of Form 1 is \$9,000 or less, your working families tax credit is equal to your tax. Fill in the amount from line 19 of Form 1 on line 23.
- If the amount on line 14 of Form 1 is more than \$9,000 but less than \$10,000, use the worksheet at right to compute your working families tax credit.
- If the amount on line 14 of Form 1 is \$10,000 or more, leave line 23 blank. You do not qualify for the credit.

#### Line 24 **Certain Nonrefundable Credits**

If you are claiming any of the credits listed below, you must complete Schedule CR.

 $\rightarrow$  Enclose Schedule CR, along with the appropriate schedule for the credit(s) you are claiming with Form 1. Enclose Schedule CF for each credit for which you claim a carryforward of unused credit. Fill in the amount from line 12 of Schedule CR on line 24. See page 10 for information on obtaining Schedule CR.

- · Postsecondary Education Credit Carryforward (Schedule CF)
- Water Consumption Credit Carryforward (Schedule CF)
- Biodiesel Fuel Production Credit Carryforward (Schedule CF)
- Health Insurance Risk-Sharing Plan Assessments Credit Carryforward (Schedule CF).
- Veteran Employment Credit Carryforward (Schedule CF).
- Film Production Company Investment Credit Carryforward (Schedule CF).
- Schedule ES Employee College Savings Account Contribution Credit The employee college savings account contribution credit is available to employers who contribute an amount into an employee's college savings account. Complete Schedule ES.
- Schedule CM Community Rehabilitation Program Credit The community rehabilitation program credit is available to persons who enter into a contract with a community rehabilitation program to have the program perform work for the entity. Complete Schedule CM.
- Research Facilities Credit Carryforward (Schedule CF).

#### Line 27 **Alternative Minimum Tax**

You may owe Wisconsin alternative minimum tax if you benefit from certain deductions, credits, and the special tax treatment of some kinds of income. This tax is figured on Schedule MT. Use the worksheet on page 36 to see if you must complete Schedule MT.

If line 10 of the worksheet is more than the amount on Form 1, line 26, complete Schedule MT to see if you owe the alternative minimum tax. If line 10 is equal to or less than the amount on Form 1, line 26, do not complete Schedule MT.

Working Families Tax Credit Worksheet         Do not complete this worksheet if:       •         Line 14 of your Form 1 is \$9,000 or less.       •         Line 14 of your Form 1 is \$10,000 or more.       •         You may be claimed as a dependent on another person's return.         1. Amount from line 19 of Form 11	
<ul> <li>Line 14 of your Form 1 is \$9,000 or less.</li> <li>Line 14 of your Form 1 is \$10,000 or more.</li> <li>You may be claimed as a dependent on another person's return.</li> <li>Amount from line 19 of Form 11</li> <li>Total credits from lines 20 through 22 of Form 1 plus the total of the first five credits listed in the line 24 instructions2</li> <li>Subtract line 2 from line 1. If the result is zero or less, stop here. You do not qualify for the credit4.</li> <li>Enter \$10,0004.</li> <li>Fill in amount from line 14 of Form 15.</li> <li>Subtract line 5 from line 46.</li> <li>Divide line 6 by one thousand (1,000). Fill in decimal amount7.</li> <li>Multiply line 3 by line 7. This is your working families tax credit. Fill in this</li> </ul>	Working Families Tax Credit Worksheet
<ol> <li>2. Total credits from lines 20 through 22 of Form 1 plus the total of the first five credits listed in the line 24 instructions2</li></ol>	Line 14 of your Form 1 is \$9,000 or less. Line 14 of your Form 1 is \$10,000 or more.
<ul> <li>of Form 1 plus the total of the first five credits listed in the line 24 instructions2</li></ul>	. Amount from line 19 of Form 1 1
<ul> <li>is zero or less, stop here. You do not qualify for the credit</li></ul>	of Form 1 plus the total of the first five
<ul> <li>5. Fill in amount from line 14 of Form 1</li></ul>	is zero or less, stop here. You do not
Form 1	. Enter \$10,000 4.
<ul> <li>7. Divide line 6 by one thousand (1,000).</li> <li>Fill in decimal amount</li></ul>	5. Fill in amount from line 14 of Form 1 5
<ul> <li>Fill in decimal amount</li></ul>	5. Subtract line 5 from line 4 6.
working families tax credit. Fill in this	7. Divide line 6 by one thousand (1,000). Fill in decimal amount
	working families tax credit. Fill in this

#### Line 27 Alternative Minimum Tax - continued

Include the following adjustments and preference items on line 2 of the worksheet.

# **Adjustment and Tax Preference Items**

- 1. Accelerated depreciation.
- 2. Amortization of pollution control facilities or depletion.
- Stock received by exercising an incentive stock option and you did not dispose of the stock in the same year.
- 4. Intangible drilling, circulation, research, experimental, or mining costs.
- 5. Income or (loss) from tax shelter farm activities or passive activities.
- 6. Income from long-term contracts not figured using the percentage of completion method.
- 7. Investment interest expense reported on Form 4952.
- 8. Wisconsin net operating loss deduction.
- 9. Alternative minimum tax adjustments from an estate, trust, tax-option (S) corporation, partnership, or a cooperative.

Worksheet To See If You Should Complete Schedule MT	
<b>Caution</b> If you are married filing separately and line 3 of this worksheet is more than \$718,800, you should complete Schedule MT.	
1. Fill in the amount from Form 1, line 14 1.	
<ol> <li>Fill in the total of all adjustments and preference items that apply to you 2.</li> </ol>	
3. Add lines 1 and 2	
<ol> <li>Enter \$109,400 (\$54,700 if married filing separately; \$70,300 if single or head of household)</li></ol>	
<ol> <li>Subtract line 4 from line 3. If zero or less, stop here; you don't need to complete Schedule MT</li> </ol>	
<ol> <li>Enter \$1,000,000 (\$500,000 if married filing separately, single, or head of household) 6.</li> </ol>	
<ol> <li>Subtract line 6 from line 3. If zero or less, enter -0- here and on line 8 and go to line 9 7.</li> </ol>	
<ol> <li>Multiply line 7 by 25% (.25) and fill in the result but <b>do not</b> fill in more than line 4 above 8.</li> </ol>	
9. Add lines 5 and 8 9.	
10. Multiply line 9 by 6.5% (.065) 10	-

# Line 29 Married Couple Credit

You can claim the married couple credit if:

- · You are married filing a joint return, and
- · Both you and your spouse have qualified earned income, and
- You do not file federal Form 2555 or Form 2555-EZ to claim an exclusion of foreign earned income or Form 4563 to claim an exclusion of income from sources in U.S. possessions.

To figure the credit, complete Schedule 2 on page 4 of Form 1. Figure earned income separately for yourself and your spouse on lines 1 through 3 in Columns (A) and (B) of Schedule 2.

"Earned income" includes *taxable* wages, salaries, tips, scholarships or fellowships (only amounts reported on a W-2), other employee compensation, disability income treated as wages, and net earnings from self-employment.

**Example** You are a member of the National Guard and were called to active duty. You claimed a subtraction on line 11 of Form 1 for the amount of military pay you received for the time during which you were on active duty. Because this military pay is not taxable to Wisconsin, it cannot be used when computing the married couple credit.

"Earned income" does not include other income such as interest, dividends, IRA distributions, deferred compensation (even though it may be reported on a W-2), unemployment compensation, rental income, social security, pensions, annuities, or income that is not taxable to Wisconsin. Do not consider marital property law, marital property agreements, or unilateral statements in figuring each spouse's earned income.

The credit is based on qualified earned income. You must figure qualified earned income separately for yourself and your spouse. Figure it on lines 4 and 5 of Schedule 2 by subtracting the total of certain adjustments from earned income. These adjustments (as reported as an adjustment to income on federal Schedule 1 (Form 1040) are:

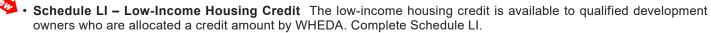
- IRA deduction (line 32),
- Self-employed SEP, SIMPLE, and qualified plans (line 28),
- · Repayment of supplemental unemployment benefits (included in the total of line 36),
- · Certain business expenses of reservists, performing artists, and fee-basis government officials (line 24),
- Contributions to secs. 403(b) and 501(c)(18) pension plans (included in the total on line 36), and
- Disability income exclusion (from line 11 of Wisconsin Form 1).

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#### Line 30 Other Credits – Schedule CR

If you are claiming any of the credits listed below, you must complete Schedule CR.

→ Enclose Schedule CR, along with the appropriate schedule for the credit(s) you are claiming and any required Department of Commerce (DOC), Wisconsin Economic Development Corporation (WEDC), or Wisconsin Housing and Economic Development Authority (WHEDA) approval, certification, or allocation with Form 1. Enclose Schedule CF for each credit for which you claim a carryforward of unused credit. Fill in the amount from line 35 of Schedule CR on line 30. See page 10 for information on obtaining Schedule CR.



- Schedule HR Supplement to Federal Historic Rehabilitation Credit The supplement to the federal historic rehabilitation credit is available for rehabilitating certified historic structures used for business purposes. Complete Schedule HR.
- Schedule MA-A or MA-M Manufacturing and Agriculture Credit The manufacturing and agriculture credit is based on the production gross receipts of a business less certain expenses. Complete Schedule MA-A or MA-M.
- Schedule HR State Historic Rehabilitation Credit An individual who has received certification or approval of a project for rehabilitating a personal residence from the State Historical Society of Wisconsin may be eligible for the credit. Complete Schedule HR.
- Schedule R Research Credit The research credit is available for increasing research activities in Wisconsin. This includes credits related to internal combustion engines and certain energy efficient products. Complete Schedule R.
- Film Production Services Credit Carryforward Nonrefundable portion (Schedule CF)
- Schedule MS Manufacturer's Sales Tax Credit If you had \$25,000 or less of unused manufacturer's sales tax credit from 1998 through 2005 and could not use the entire credit on your 2006-2017 returns, complete Schedule MS to determine the amount of carryover credit you may claim for 2018.
- Schedule MI Manufacturing Investment Credit Persons certified by the DOC who had more than \$25,000 of unused manufacturer's sales tax credit carryover on January 1, 2006, may be able to claim the manufacturing investment credit. Complete Schedule MI.
- Dairy and Livestock Farm Investment Credit Carryforward (Schedule CF).
- Ethanol and Biodiesel Fuel Pump Credit Carryforward (Schedule CF).
- Schedule DC Development Zones Credit Special tax credits may be available to persons doing business in Wisconsin development zones. If you qualify for the development zones credit, complete Wisconsin Schedule DC.
- Schedule DC Capital Investment Credit The capital investment credit is available for businesses certified for tax benefits in a development opportunity zone, agricultural development zone, or airport development zone. Complete Part II of Schedule DC.
- Opportunity Zone Investment Credit Carryforward
- Schedule TC Technology Zone Credit The technology zone credit may be available for persons doing business in Wisconsin technology zones. If you qualify for the technology zone credit, complete Wisconsin Schedule TC.
- Schedule ED Economic Development Tax Credit The economic development tax credit may be claimed by persons certified by the WEDC and authorized to claim the credit. See Schedule ED.
- Schedule VC (Part I) Angel Investment Credit The angel investment credit is available to accredited investors who make a bona fide angel investment in a qualified new business venture that is certified by the WEDC. Complete Schedule VC.
- Schedule VC (Part II) Early Stage Seed Investment Credit The early stage seed investment credit is based on an
  investment paid to a fund manager certified by the WEDC that the fund manager invests in a certified business. Complete
  Schedule VC.
- Electronic Medical Records Credit Carryforward (Schedule CF).
- Internet Equipment Credit Carryforward (Schedule CF).

#### Line 31 Credit for Net Tax Paid to Another State

If you paid tax both to Wisconsin and another state on the same income, you may be able to claim a credit for such tax. Read the Schedule OS instructions to determine if you may claim the credit. If you qualify for the credit, complete Schedule OS. Fill in the amount of your credit from Schedulewwww OS on line 31. Be sure to enter in the brackets on line 31 the 2-letter postal abbreviation for the other state to which you paid tax. If you paid tax to more than one other state, enter the number "99" in the brackets. See Schedule OS for other situations where additional code numbers may be required. Enclose Schedule OS and copies of the other states' returns.

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**Line Instructions** 

Line 31 Credit for Net Tax Paid to Another State - continued

**CAUTION** Credit cannot be claimed for taxes paid to **Illinois, Indiana, Kentucky, or Michigan** on earned income (such as wages, salaries, tips, commissions, bonuses, etc.) you received from working in one of those states. Instead, file a return with that state to get a refund of any tax withheld from your wages. Be sure to explain on that state's return that you were a Wisconsin resident when earning the wages in that state. See Publication 121, *Reciprocity*, for more information.

#### Line 34 Sales and Use Tax Due on Out-of-State Purchases

Did you make any taxable purchases from out-of-state firms in 2018 on which sales and use tax was not charged? If yes, you must report Wisconsin sales and use tax on these purchases on line 34 if they were stored, used, or consumed in Wisconsin. You must also report sales and use tax on taxable purchases from a retailer located in another country, regardless of whether you were charged any tax for that country or any duty by the U.S. Customs Service.

Taxable purchases include furniture, carpet, clothing, computers, books, CDs, DVDs, video tapes, certain digital goods (e.g., greeting cards, video games, music, and books, transferred electronically), artwork, antiques, jewelry, coins purchased for more than face value, etc.

**Example** You purchased \$300 of clothing through a catalog or over the Internet. No sales and use tax was charged. The clothing was delivered in a county with a 5% tax rate. You are liable for \$15 Wisconsin tax ( $$300 \times 5\% = $15$ ) on this purchase.

Complete the worksheet below to determine whether you are liable for Wisconsin sales and use tax.

If you do not include an amount on line 34, place a checkmark in the space provided to certify that you do not owe any sales or use tax. Only returns certified as "no use tax due" will be recognized as filing a sales/use tax return.

Worksheet for Computing Wisconsin Sales and Use Tax	K
1. Total purchases subject to Wisconsin sales and use tax (i.e., purchases on which no sales and use tax was charged by the seller)	\$
2. Sales and use tax rate (see rate chart)	x %
3. Amount of sales and use tax due for 2018 (line 1 multiplied by tax rate on line 2). Round this amount to the nearest dollar and fill in on line 34 of Form 1	\$

	Sales and Us	e Tax Rate Chart	
Wisconsin counties except	those shown in a through	d below, the tax rate was 5.5	5% for all of 2018.
lf storage, use, or consump Milwaukee	tion in 2018 was in one of Ozaukee	the following counties, the ta Washington	x rate was 5.6%:
If storage, use, or consump Racine	tion in 2018 was in one of Waukesha	the following counties, the ta	x rate was 5.1%:
		llowing county, the tax rate w	as 5% from January 1, 2018,
If storage, use, or consump	tion in 2018 was in one of	the following counties, the ta	ix rate was 5%:
Manitowoc	Menominee	Outagamie	Winnebago
	If storage, use, or consump Milwaukee If storage, use, or consump Racine If storage, use, or consump through March 31, 2018, an Calumet If storage, use, or consump	Wisconsin counties except those shown in a through If storage, use, or consumption in 2018 was in one of Milwaukee Ozaukee If storage, use, or consumption in 2018 was in one of Racine Waukesha If storage, use, or consumption in 2018 was in the fo through March 31, 2018, and 5.5% thereafter: Calumet If storage, use, or consumption in 2018 was in one of	If storage, use, or consumption in 2018 was in one of the following counties, the ta Racine Waukesha If storage, use, or consumption in 2018 was in the following county, the tax rate w through March 31, 2018, and 5.5% thereafter: Calumet If storage, use, or consumption in 2018 was in one of the following counties, the ta

# Line 35 Donations

You may designate amounts as a donation to one or more of the programs listed on lines 35a through 35h. Your donation will either reduce your refund or be added to tax due. Add the amounts on lines 35a through 35h and fill in the total on line 35i.

**Line 35a Endangered Resources Donation** With your gift, the Endangered Resources Program works to protect and manage native plant and animal species, natural communities, and other natural features. Gifts up to a predetermined amount will be matched by state general purpose revenue. Fill in the amount you want to donate on line 35a.

#### Line 35 Donations - continued

**Line 35b Cancer Research Donation** Your cancer research donation will be divided equally between the Medical College of Wisconsin, Inc., and the University of Wisconsin Carbone Cancer Center for cancer research projects. Fill in the amount you want to donate on line 35b.

**Line 35c Veterans Trust Fund Donation** Your donation to the Veterans Trust Fund will be used by the Wisconsin Department of Veterans Affairs for the benefit of veterans or their dependents. Fill in the amount you want to donate on line 35c.

Line 35d Multiple Sclerosis Donation Donations will be forwarded to the National Multiple Sclerosis Society to be distributed to entities located in Wisconsin that operate health-related programs for people in Wisconsin with multiple sclerosis. Fill in the amount you want to donate on line 35d.

**Line 35e Military Family Relief Fund** The Wisconsin Department of Military Affairs will use donations to the military family relief fund to provide financial aid to eligible members of the immediate family of members of the U.S. armed forces or of the National Guard who are residents of Wisconsin serving on active duty. Fill in the amount you want to donate on line 35e.

**Line 35f Second Harvest/Feeding America** Your donation to the food banks supports efforts to feed the hungry and will be divided as follows: 65% to Feeding America Eastern Wisconsin (located in Milwaukee); 20% to Second Harvest Foodbank of Southern Wisconsin (located in Madison); and 15% to Feed My People (located in Eau Claire). The food banks provide food to food pantries, meal programs, shelters, and soup kitchens throughout the state. Fill in the amount you want to donate on line 35f.

Line 35g Red Cross Wisconsin Disaster Relief You may donate an amount to the American Red Cross for its Wisconsin Disaster Relief Fund. Fill in the amount you want to donate on line 35g.

Line 35h Special Olympics Wisconsin You may donate an amount to Special Olympics Wisconsin, Inc. Fill in the amount you want to donate on line 35h.

**Amended return only –** Fill in the amount of your donations from your original return. If you did not make a donation on your original return, but now wish to, or if you want to increase your donation, fill in the new amount on the appropriate line(s). If you want to decrease the amount of your donation, you may only fill in a smaller amount if you file an amended return by October 15, 2020, or if your original return was filed after April 15, 2019, within 18 months of the date your return was filed.

# Line 36 Penalties on IRAs, Other Retirement Plans, MSAs, Etc.

The Wisconsin penalty on IRAs, retirement plans, medical savings accounts (MSAs), etc., is equal to 33% of the following federal taxes:

- Tax on IRAs, other qualified retirement plans, etc., from line 59 of federal Schedule 4 (Form 1040). Do not include any amount from line 8 of federal Form 5329.
- Total tax due from lines 4, 17, 25, 33, 41, 49, 51, and 55 of federal Form 5329. Include only if the tax due on this form was paid separately and is not included on line 59 of federal Schedule 4 (Form 1040).
- Tax on excess contributions from line 2 of federal Form 5330.
- Tax on prohibited transactions from lines 3a and 3b of federal Form 5330.
- Section 72(m)(5) excess benefits tax included on line 62c of federal Schedule 4 (Form 1040).
- Tax on Archer MSA distributions from line 9b of federal Form 8853.
- Tax on health savings account distributions from line 17b of federal Form 8889.

If you were subject to any of the above federal taxes for 2018, fill in the total of such taxes in the space provided on line 36. Multiply the amount filled in by .33 (33%) and fill in the result on line 36.

→ You are not subject to the penalty on payments from certain retirement plans if the payments are exempt from Wisconsin tax. See the instructions for line 11, Codes 05, 06, and 26 for information on retirement payments that are exempt from Wisconsin tax and to which the penalty does not apply.

If you were required to file federal Form 5329 or 5330, enclose a copy of your Form 5329 and/or 5330 with your Form 1.

# Line 37 Other Penalties

If you are subject to a penalty for selling business or farming assets purchased from a related person or inconsistent estate basis reporting, fill in the amount of the penalty on line 37. See below for further information.

- Penalty for selling business assets (or assets used in farming) purchased from a related person Capital gain on the sale or disposition of business or farming assets may be excluded from Wisconsin taxation if the assets were held more than one year and are disposed of to certain related persons. The related person who purchases or otherwise receives the assets on which the gain is excluded is subject to a penalty if he/she sells or disposes of the assets within two years. The penalty does not apply in the case of an involuntary conversion (for example, assets are destroyed by fire or livestock dies). Visit any Department of Revenue office or contact the department's Customer Service Bureau at (608) 266-2486 for information on how to compute the penalty.
- Penalty for underpayment of taxes due to inconsistent estate basis reporting An inconsistent estate basis reporting occurs if the property basis claimed on a Wisconsin tax return exceeds the property basis determined for federal estate tax purposes. The penalty is equal to 20% of the portion of any underpayment of taxes due to the inconsistent estate basis reporting.

# Line 40 Wisconsin Tax Withheld

Add the **Wisconsin** income tax withheld shown on your withholding statements (Forms W-2, W-2G, 1099-G, 1099-R, and 1099-MISC). Also, if any Wisconsin pass-through entity withholding tax was allocated to you from a tiered pass-through entity of which you are a member, you may include that withholding. Fill in the total on line 40. Enclose readable copies of your withholding statements with Form 1. (See **Assembling Your Return** on page 5.)

 $\rightarrow$  Wisconsin tax withheld is shown in Box 17 of Form W-2 or Box 12 of Form 1099-R, but only if Wisconsin is the state identified in Box 15 of Form W-2 or Box 13 of Form 1099-R.

DO NOT:

- · Claim credit for tax withheld for other states.
- Claim amounts marked social security or Medicare tax withheld.
- · Claim credit for federal tax withheld.
- · Include withholding statements from other tax years.
- Write on, change, or attempt to correct the amounts on your withholding statements.

It is your responsibility to ensure that your employer or other payer has provided withholding statements that:

- 1. Are clear and easy to read.
- 2. Show withholding was paid to Wisconsin.

If you do not have a withholding statement or need a corrected withholding statement, contact your employer or other payer.

# Line 41 2018 Wisconsin Estimated Tax Payments and Amount Applied From 2017 Return

Fill in any payments you made on your 2018 estimated Wisconsin income tax (2018 Form 1-ES). This includes any extension payments made on 2018 Form 1-ES. Include any overpayment from your 2017 return that you were allowed as credit to your 2018 Wisconsin estimated tax.

Check Your Estimated Tax Payments Before filling in line 41, check the amount of your estimated tax payments on the department's website at revenue.wi.gov/Pages/apps/taxpaymentinguiry.aspx. Processing of your return will be delayed if there is a difference between the amount of estimated tax payments you claim and the amount the department has on record.

If you are married filing a joint return, fill in the total of:

- · any separate estimated tax payments made by each spouse,
- · any joint estimated tax payments, and
- any overpayments from your 2017 returns that you and your spouse were allowed as credit to 2018 Wisconsin estimated tax.

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Line 41 2018 Wisconsin Estimated Tax Payments and Amount Applied from 2017 Return – continued

If you are filing a separate tax return, you may not claim any part of your spouse's separate estimated tax payments or credits. However, you and your spouse may split your joint estimated tax payments and credits between you as you choose on your separate returns. If you cannot agree on how joint amounts are to be split between you, the department will split them between you according to your respective income tax liabilities.

Follow the above instructions even if your spouse died during 2018.

**Name Change** If you changed your name because of marriage, divorce, etc., and you made estimated tax payments using your former name, enclose a statement with Form 1. On the statement, explain all the payments you and your spouse made for 2018 and the name(s) and social security number(s) under which you made them.

# Line 42 Earned Income Credit

If you qualify for the federal earned income credit and you have at least one qualifying child, you also qualify for the Wisconsin earned income credit. However, you must have been a legal resident of Wisconsin for the entire year.

<sup>1</sup>If you recklessly or fraudulently claim a false credit, you may be ineligible to claim this credit and any other refundable credit for up to 10 years and could also owe a penalty.

To claim the Wisconsin earned income credit, complete the following steps and fill in the required information in the spaces provided on line 42.

**Step 1** Fill in the number of children who meet the requirements of a "qualifying child" for purposes of the federal earned income credit (see the instructions for earned income credit in your federal return for definition of a "qualifying child").

Step 2 Fill in the federal earned income credit from line 17a of federal Form 1040.

**Step 3** Fill in the percentage rate which applies to you.

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**Step 4** Multiply the amount of your federal credit (Step 2) by the percentage determined in Step 3. Fill in the result on line 42. This is your Wisconsin earned income credit.

**Enclosures With Your Return** You must enclose a copy of your completed federal Schedule EIC with Form 1. If you used a paid preparer to complete your federal return, also enclose federal Form 8867. Failure to provide this information may delay your refund.

→ If the IRS is computing your federal earned income credit and you want the department to compute your Wisconsin earned income credit for you, fill in the number of your qualifying children in the space provided on line 42. Write "EIC" in the space to the right of line 42. Complete your return through line 47 of Form 1. Enclose a copy of your federal return (Form 1040) with your Form 1.

# Line 43 Farmland Preservation Credit

If you are claiming farmland preservation credit, include a completed Schedule FC or FC-A with your Form 1. Fill in on line 43a of Form 1 the amount from line 17 of your Schedule FC. Fill in on line 43b of Form 1 the amount from line 13 of Schedule FC-A.

**Note**: For a description of the farmland preservation credit program, see the Special Instructions on page 9. You cannot claim farmland preservation credit if you (or your spouse, if married) claim the veterans and surviving spouses property tax credit or homestead credit.

If you recklessly or fraudulently claim a false credit, you may be ineligible to claim this credit and any other refundable credit for up to 10 years and could also owe a penalty.

# Line 44 Repayment Credit

If you had to repay during 2018, an amount that you had included in income in an earlier year because at that time you thought you had an unrestricted right to it, you may be able to claim a credit based on the amount repaid. To qualify for the credit, the amount repaid must be over \$3,000 and the amount repaid cannot have been subtracted in computing Wisconsin adjusted gross income.

Use the following steps to compute your credit:

- (1) Refigure your tax from the earlier year without including in income the amount you repaid in 2018.
- (2) Subtract the tax in (1) from the tax shown on your return for the earlier year. The difference is your credit.

Fill in the amount of your credit on line 44 of Form 1. Enclose a statement showing how you computed your credit.

# Line 45 Homestead Credit

If you are claiming homestead credit, attach Schedule H or H-EZ to your Form 1. Fill in on line 45 the amount from line 19 of your Schedule H or line 14 of Schedule H-EZ.

To see if you qualify for homestead credit, refer to the Special Instructions on page 8. You cannot claim homestead credit if you (or your spouse, if married) claim the veterans and surviving spouses property tax credit or farmland preservation credit.

If you recklessly or fraudulently claim a false credit, you may be ineligible to claim this credit and any other refundable credit for up to 10 years and could also owe a penalty.

#### Line 46 Eligible Veterans and Surviving Spouses Property Tax Credit

Who May Claim the Credit An eligible unremarried surviving spouse or an eligible veteran may claim the veterans and surviving spouses property tax credit. (Note: If you claim the veterans and surviving spouses property tax credit, you or your spouse may not claim the school property tax credit, homestead credit, or farmland preservation credit.)

Voe If you recklessly or fraudulently claim a false credit, you may be ineligible to claim this credit and any other refundable credit for up to 10 years and could also owe a penalty.

An "eligible unremarried surviving spouse" means an unremarried surviving spouse of an individual who:

- Served on active duty in the U.S. armed forces or in forces incorporated as part of the U.S. armed forces or in the National Guard or a reserve component of the U.S. armed forces,
- Was a resident of Wisconsin at the time of entry into active service or who had been a resident of Wisconsin for any consecutive 5-year period after entry into that active duty service, and
- Met one of the following conditions:
  - 1. Died while on active duty and while a resident of Wisconsin,
  - 2. Was a resident of Wisconsin at the time of his or her death and had either a service-connected disability rating of 100% under 38 USC 1114 or 1134 or a 100% disability rating based on individual unemployability,
  - 3. In the case of an individual who served in the National Guard or a reserve component, while a resident of Wisconsin died in the line of duty while on active or inactive duty for training purposes, or
  - 4. Was a resident of Wisconsin at the time of his or her death and following the individual's death, his or her spouse began to receive, and continues to receive, dependency and indemnity compensation, as defined in 38 USC 101(14).

The unremarried surviving spouse must be certified by the Wisconsin Department of Veterans Affairs.

"Eligible veteran" means an individual who is certified by the Wisconsin Department of Veterans Affairs as meeting all of the following conditions:

- Served on active duty under honorable conditions in the U.S. armed forces or in forces incorporated in the U.S. armed forces.
- Was a resident of Wisconsin at the time of entry into active service or who had been a resident of Wisconsin for any consecutive 5-year period after entry into that active duty service.
- Is currently a resident of Wisconsin for purposes of receiving veterans benefits under ch. 45, Wis. Stats.
- Has a service-connected disability rating of 100% under 38 USC 1114 or 1134 or a 100% disability rating based on individual unemployability.

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# **Line Instructions**

Line 46 Eligible Veterans and Surviving Spouses Property Tax Credit – continued

**Computing the Credit** The credit is equal to the property taxes <u>paid</u> by the claimant during the year on the claimant's principal dwelling in Wisconsin. The credit is based on real and personal property taxes, exclusive of special assessments, delinquent interest, and charges for service. Do not include any property taxes that are properly includable as a trade or business expense.

"Principal dwelling" means any dwelling and the land surrounding it that is reasonably necessary for use of the dwelling as a primary dwelling, but not more than one acre. It may include a part of a multidwelling or multipurpose building and a part of the land upon which it is built that is used as the primary dwelling. Complete the worksheet at right if your principal dwelling is located on more than one acre of land.

Wor	ksheet If Property Tax Bill Shows More Than 1 Acre of Land
1	Accessed value of land (from tax hill)
	Assessed value of land (from tax bill) 1
2.	Number of acres of land2.
3.	Divide line 1 by line 2
4.	Assessed value of principal dwelling 4
5.	Add line 3 and line 4
•••	Total assessed value of all land and improvements (from tax bill) 6
7.	Divide line 5 by line 67.
8.	Net property taxes paid
	Multiply line 8 by line 7. This is the amount of property tax allowed for the credit9.

If the principal dwelling on which the taxes were paid is owned by two or more persons or entities as joint tenants or tenants in common, use only that part of property taxes paid that reflects the ownership percentage of the claimant. (See **Exceptions** below.)

#### Exceptions

- *Married filing a joint return* If property is owned by an eligible veteran and spouse as joint tenants, tenants in common, or as marital property, the credit is based on 100% of property taxes paid on the principal dwelling (subject to the 1-acre limitation).
- *Married filing a separate return* If property is owned by an eligible veteran and spouse as joint tenants, tenants in common, or as marital property, each spouse may claim the credit based on their respective ownership interest in the eligible veteran's principal dwelling (subject to the 1-acre limitation).

If the principal dwelling is sold during the taxable year, the property taxes for the seller and buyer shall be the amount of the tax prorated to each in the closing agreement pertaining to the sale. If not provided for in the closing agreement, the tax shall be prorated between the seller and buyer in proportion to months of ownership.

If you owned and lived in a mobile home as your principal dwelling, "property taxes" include monthly mobile home municipal permit fees you paid to the municipality.

If you did not own your principal dwelling but were required to pay the property taxes as rent, you may claim the credit based on the property taxes paid during the year if <u>all</u> of the following are met:

- The rental unit must be the principal dwelling of the eligible veteran or surviving spouse,
- The principal dwelling must be located in Wisconsin,
- The eligible veteran or surviving spouse is required to pay the property taxes under the rental agreement or other written agreement entered into with the landlord, and
- · The eligible veteran or surviving spouse must pay the property taxes directly to the municipality.

A copy of the agreement with the landlord and proof of payment to the municipality must be included with the Wisconsin income tax return.

The credit must be claimed within 4 years of the unextended due date of the return.

**Certification of Eligibility for the Credit** If you did not claim the credit in a prior year, before claiming the credit for 2018 you must request certification from the Wisconsin Department of Veterans Affairs (WDVA) indicating that you qualify for the credit. Use Form WDVA 2097 (which you can find in WDVA Brochure B0106) to submit your request, along with a copy of the veteran's DD Form 214 and Veterans Administration disability award letter and, if applicable, the veteran's death certificate, a marriage certificate, and a completed copy of Form WDVA 0001 (if the veteran never previously submitted one). The WDVA 0001 and the brochure are available from your county veterans service officer or on the Internet at <a href="http://dva.state.wi.us/Pages/home.aspx">http://dva.state.wi.us/Pages/home.aspx</a>. You may submit these forms and supporting documents to your county veterans service officer or mail them to: Wisconsin Department of Veterans Affairs, Attn: Veterans Property Tax Credit, 201 West Washington Ave., PO Box 7843, Madison WI 53707-7843. The WDVA will send you a certification of your eligibility.

# **Line Instructions**

Line 46 Eligible Veterans and Surviving Spouses Property Tax Credit – continued

 $\rightarrow$  You do not have to obtain certification from the WDVA for 2018 if you previously received certification for a prior year. If you still qualify for the credit, you may claim the credit but do not have to enclose certification.

**Enclosures** Enclose a copy of your property tax bill, proof of payment made in 2018, and the certification, if required, received from the WDVA with your return.

# Line 47 Refundable Credits From Schedule CR

If you are claiming any of the credits listed below, you must complete Schedule CR. Enclose Schedule CR, along with the appropriate schedule for the credit(s) you are claiming and any required approval or certification from the Wisconsin Economic Development Corporation (WEDC). Fill in the amount from line 41 of Schedule CR on line 47.

- Schedule EC Enterprise zone jobs credit The enterprise zone jobs credit is available to persons doing business in an enterprise zone. The WEDC must certify the business as eligible for the credit and determine the amount of credit. See Schedule EC.
- Schedule JT Jobs tax credit The credit is available based on wages paid to an eligible employee and costs incurred to undertake training activities. The credit is available to taxpayers who are certified by the WEDC. See Schedule JT.
- Schedule BD Business development credit The credit is available based on wages paid to an eligible employee, training costs, and personal and real property investment. The credit is available to taxpayers who are certified by the WEDC. See Schedule BD.
- Schedule R Research Credit The research credit is available for increasing research activities in Wisconsin. This includes credits related to internal combustion engines and certain energy efficient products. Complete Schedule R.
- Schedule EIT Electronics and Information Technology Manufacturing Zone Credit The credit is based on payroll and capital expenditures in the zone. The credit is available to taxpayers who are certified by the WEDC. See Schedule EIT.

No interest is paid on refunds issued for the enterprise zone jobs credit, jobs tax credit, business development credit, or electronics and information technology manufacturing zone credit.

#### Line 48 Amounts Previously Paid

**Amended return only –** Complete this line only if this is an amended 2018 Form 1. Fill in the amount of tax you paid with your original Form 1 plus any additional amounts paid after it was filed.

If you did not pay the full amount shown on your original Form 1, fill in only the portion that you actually paid. Also, include any additional tax that may have resulted if your original return was changed or audited. This includes additional tax paid with a previously filed 2018 amended return and additional tax paid as a result of a department adjustment to your return. Do not include payments of interest or penalties.

#### Line 50 Amounts Previously Refunded

**Amended return only** – Complete this line only if this is an amended 2018 Form 1. Fill in the refund from your original 2018 return (not including the amount applied to your 2019 estimated tax). This is generally the amount from line 53 of Form 1.

If your refund was reduced because you owed underpayment interest or any penalties, fill in the amount of your refund before the reduction for underpayment interest or penalties. If your 2018 return was adjusted by the department, fill in the refund shown on the adjustment notice you received. If the adjustment notice shows a tax due rather than a refund, complete line 48 instead of line 50.

#### Line 51 Subtraction

If line 50 is less than line 49, subtract line 50 from line 49 and fill in the result on line 51. If line 50 is more than line 49, subtract line 49 from line 50 and fill in the result on line 51 as a negative number by placing a minus sign (-) in front of the number.

#### Line 52 Amount You Overpaid

If line 39 is less than line 51, subtract line 39 from line 51. Fill in the result on line 52. If line 51 is a negative number, do not complete line 52.

→ If you were required to make estimated tax payments and you did not make such payments timely, you may owe what is called "underpayment interest." You may owe underpayment interest even if you are due a refund. Read the line 56 instructions to see if you owe underpayment interest. If you owe underpayment interest and you show an overpayment on line 52, reduce the amount on line 52 by the amount of underpayment interest on line 56.

# Line 53 Refund

Fill in on line 53 the amount from line 52 that you want refunded to you. The department may not issue a refund before March 1 unless both the individual and the individual's employer have filed all required returns and forms with the department for the taxable year for which the refund was claimed.

Note: If you are divorced, see item 7 on page 5. You may need to enclose a copy of your divorce decree with your return.

The amount on line 53 cannot be more than the amount on line 52 less the amount applied to your estimated tax on line 54.

**Amended return only** – We will figure interest and include it in your refund check. Interest is at a rate of 3% per year from the due date of your 2018 return. However, interest is not allowed on (1) a refund issued within 90 days of the due date of the return or within 90 days of the date the return was filed, whichever is later, (2) a refund due to an increase in homestead credit, enterprise zone jobs credit, jobs tax credit, business development credit, and electronics and information technology manufacturing zone credit, or (3) any portion of the refund that is applied to 2019 estimated tax.

# Line 54 Amount Applied to 2019 Estimated Tax

Fill in on line 54 the amount, if any, of the overpayment on line 52 you want applied to your 2018 estimated tax.

If you are married filing a joint return, we will apply the amount on line 54 to your joint estimated tax. If you are married filing a separate return, we will apply the amount on line 54 to your separate estimated tax.

**Amended return only** – Generally, the amount filled in on line 54 must be the same as the amount shown on line 54 of your original Form 1 (or as adjusted by the department). However, if you file your amended return by January 15, 2020, you may increase or decrease the amount to be applied to your 2019 estimated tax.

#### Line 55 Amount You Owe

If line 51 is less than line 39, complete line 55 to determine the amount you owe.

**Amended return only** – If the total of the amounts on line 39 and line 54 is greater than line 51, you owe additional tax. Subtract line 51 from the total of lines 39 and 54. **CAUTION** If line 51 is a negative number because line 50 exceeds line 49, treat the amount on line 51 as a positive number and add (rather than subtract) line 51 to lines 39 and 54. Interest on the additional tax due is 12% per year from the due date of your 2018 return. Figure the interest on the additional tax you owe. In the area below line 55, write in the amount of interest. Label it "interest charge."

If the amount you owe with your return is \$500 or more or you made late estimated tax payments, you may also owe what is called "underpayment interest." This is an interest charge that applies when you have not prepaid enough of your tax through withholding and/or estimated tax payments. Read the line 56 instructions to see if you owe underpayment interest. If you do, include the underpayment interest from line 56 in the amount you fill in on line 55.

If you owe an amount with your return, you can pay online or by check, money order, or credit card. **Do not** include any 2019 estimated tax payments in your check, money order, or amount you charge. Instead, make the estimated tax payments separately.

**To pay online** Go to the department's website at <u>https://tap.revenue.wi.gov/pay</u>. This is a free service.

To pay by check or money order Make your check or money order payable to the Wisconsin Department of Revenue. If the name of the taxpayer does not match the printed name on the check, print the taxpayer's name on the memo line of the check. **Paper clip** it to the front of your Form 1.

If you e-filed your return and are paying by check or money order, enclose your payment with Form EPV. Mail Form EPV and your payment to the address shown on Form EPV.

**To pay by credit card** You may use your MasterCard®, American Express® Card, Visa® Card, or Discover® Card. To pay by credit card, call toll free or access by Internet the service provider listed on the next page and follow the instructions of the provider. A convenience fee of 2.5% (with a minimum of \$1) will be charged by the service provider based on the amount you are paying. You will be told what the fee is during the transaction and you will have the option to either continue or cancel the transaction. **If you pay by credit card before paper filing your return**, enter on page 1 of Form 1 in the lower right corner the confirmation number you were given at the end of the transaction and the amount you charged (not including the convenience fee).

Line 55 Amount You Owe - continued

Official Payments Corporation 1-800-2PAY-TAX (1-800-272-9829) 1-800-487-4567 (Customer Service) officialpayments.com

What if you cannot pay? If you cannot pay the full amount shown as due on your tax return when you file, you may ask to make installment payments to the Department of Revenue. It is generally to your advantage to pay your liability in full rather than in installments. Installment agreements with the department are subject to a \$20 installment agreement fee. In addition, bills not paid in full by the due date become liable for additional interest of 18% per year and a delinquent tax collection fee of the greater of \$35 or 6½ percent of the unpaid amount. For more information concerning payments, go to www.revenue.wi.gov/Pages/FAQS/ise-payment.aspx. To obtain the Payment Plan Request (Form A-771), go to revenue.wi.gov/DORForms/a-771.pdf. To file an installment agreement request electronically, go to revenue.wi.gov/Pages/HTML/payplan.aspx.

**Note**: Failure to pay your Wisconsin income tax may result in certification of your unpaid liability to the Treasury Offset Program. Federal law authorizes the U.S. Department of Treasury to reduce, or offset, any federal income tax refunds payable to you by the IRS to satisfy unpaid state income tax debts. Any unpaid liability will remain eligible for this offset until paid.

# Line 56 Underpayment Interest

You may owe underpayment interest if the amount of Wisconsin income tax withheld from your wages was less than your tax liability, or if you had income that was not subject to withholding and you did not make timely estimated payments. In general, in each quarter of the year, you should be paying enough tax through withholding payments and quarterly estimated tax payments to cover the taxes you expect to owe for the tax year. For more information on making estimated tax payments, see **Estimated Tax Payments Required for Next Year** on page 8.

Underpayment interest applies if:

- · Line 55 is at least \$500 and it is more than 10% of the tax shown on your return, or
- You did not pay enough estimated tax by any of the due dates. This is true even if you are due a refund.

The "tax shown on your return" is the amount on line 33 minus the amounts on lines 42 through 47.

**Exceptions** You will not owe underpayment interest if your 2017 tax return was for a tax year of 12 full months (or would have been had you been required to file) AND **either** of the following applies.

- 1. You had no tax liability for 2017 and you were a Wisconsin resident for all of 2017, or
- 2. The amounts on lines 40 and 41 of your 2018 return are at least as much as the tax shown on your 2017 return. Your estimated tax payments for 2018 must have been made on time and for the required amount. This does not apply if you did not file a 2017 return.

The tax shown on your 2017 return is the amount on line 33 minus the amounts on lines 42 through 47.

Fill in the exception code in the brackets to the left of line 56 if you are enclosing an application for a waiver, qualify for an exception, or are using the annualized income installment method to compute underpayment interest. See Schedule U, *Underpayment of Estimated Tax by Individuals and Fiduciaries*, and its instructions for further information on the exception codes.

**Example** Farmers and fishers are not subject to underpayment interest if two-thirds of their total gross income (gross income of both spouses if married filing a joint return) is from farming or fishing and they file their return and pay any tax due by March 1, 2019. Qualified farmers and fishers must enter exception code "04" in the brackets to the left of line 56. Failure to fill in the exception code may result in an assessment for underpayment interest.

# **Figuring Underpayment Interest**

If the **Exceptions** above do not apply, see **Schedule U** to find out if you owe underpayment interest. If you do, you can use the schedule to figure the amount. In certain situations, you may be able to lower your underpayment interest. For details, see the instructions for Schedule U. Fill in the underpayment interest from Schedule U on line 56. Add the amount of the underpayment interest to any tax due and fill in the total on line 55. If you are due a refund, subtract the underpayment interest from the overpayment you show on line 52 and adjust lines 53 and 54 if necessary. Enclose Schedule U with your Form 1.

#### Line 56 Underpayment Interest - continued

**Amended return only** – If you were subject to underpayment interest on your original return and you are now changing the amount of such interest, enclose a corrected Schedule U with Form 1. Fill in the appropriate exception code in the brackets on line 56 only if you are enclosing an application for a waiver, qualify for an exception, or are using the annualized income installment method (Part IV of Schedule U) to compute underpayment interest. See Schedule U instructions for the exception codes. Figure the difference between the amount of underpayment interest as reported on your original return (or as assessed by the department) and the amount of underpayment interest shown on your corrected Schedule U. Fill in the difference on line 56. If the amount of underpayment interest is reduced, put a minus sign (–) in front of the amount on line 56.

If line 52 of Form 1 shows an overpayment and you are reducing the amount of underpayment interest, add the amount on line 56 to the amount on line 52 of Form 1. Adjust lines 53 and 54 accordingly.

If line 55 of Form 1 shows an amount due and you are increasing the amount of underpayment interest, add the amount on line 56 to the amount on line 55 of Form 1.

• Third Party Designee If you want to allow a tax preparer or tax preparation firm, family member, friend, or any other person you choose to discuss your 2018 tax return with the Department of Revenue, check "Yes" in the "Third Party Designee" area of your return. Also, fill in the designee's name, phone number, and any five digits the designee chooses as his or her personal identification number (PIN).

If you check "Yes," you (and your spouse if filing a joint return) are authorizing the department to discuss with the designee any questions that may arise during the processing of your return. You are also authorizing the designee to:

- · Give the department any information missing from your return,
- Call the department for information about the processing of your return or the status of your refund or payment(s), and
- Respond to certain department notices about math errors, offsets, and return preparation.

You are not authorizing the designee to receive any refund check, bind you to anything (including any additional tax liability), or otherwise represent you before the department. If you want to expand the designee's authorization, you must submit Form A-222 (*Power of Attorney*).

The authorization will automatically end no later than the due date (without regard to extensions) for filing your 2019 tax return. This is April 15, 2020, for most people.

• **Sign and Date Your Return** Sign and date your return at the bottom of page 3. Form 1 is not considered a valid return unless you sign it. Your spouse must also sign if it is a joint return. Also fill in your daytime phone number. Keep a copy of your dated return.

# Use this Tax Table if your taxable income is less than \$100,000. If \$100,000 or more, use the Tax Computation Worksheet on page 54.

**Example** Mr. and Mrs. Smith are filing a joint return. Their taxable income on line 18 of Form 1 is \$28,653. First they find the \$28,000 heading in the table. Then they find the \$28,600 – 28,700 income line. Next, they find the column for married filing jointly and read down the column. The amount shown where the income line and the filing status column meet is \$1,392. This is the tax amount they must write on line 19 of their return.

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15,600 1 15,700 1 15,800 1	5,600 5,700 5,800 5,900 6,000	697 703 709 715 721	627 633 639 645 651	769 775 781 788 794	21,500 21,600 21,700 21,800 21,900	21,600 21,700 21,800 21,900 22,000	1,048 1,054 1,060 1,065 1,071	978 983 989 995 1,001	1,145 1,151 1,158 1,164 1,170	27,500 27,600 27,700 27,800 27,900	27,600 27,700 27,800 27,900 28,000	1,418 1,425 1,431 1,437 1,443	1,328 1,334 1,340 1,345 1,351	1,521 1,528 1,534 1,540 1,546
16,00	0				22,	000	1			28,	,000	1		
16,100 1 16,200 1 16,300 1	6,100 6,200 6,300 6,400 6,500	727 732 738 744 750	656 662 668 674 680	800 807 813 819 825	22,000 22,100 22,200 22,300 22,400	22,100 22,200 22,300 22,400 22,500	1,077 1,083 1,089 1,095 1,100	1,007 1,013 1,018 1,024 1,030	1,176 1,183 1,189 1,195 1,202	28,000 28,100 28,200 28,300 28,400	28,100 28,200 28,300 28,400 28,500	1,450 1,456 1,462 1,468 1,475	1,357 1,363 1,369 1,375 1,381	1,553 1,559 1,565 1,571 1,578
16,600 1 16,700 1 16,800 1	6,600 6,700 6,800 6,900 7,000	756 762 768 773 779	686 691 697 703 709	832 838 844 850 857	22,500 22,600 22,700 22,800 22,900	22,600 22,700 22,800 22,900 23,000	1,106 1,112 1,118 1,124 1,130	1,036 1,042 1,048 1,053 1,059	1,208 1,214 1,220 1,227 1,233	28,500 28,600 28,700 28,800 28,900	28,600 28,700 28,800 28,900 29,000	1,481 1,487 1,493 1,500 1,506	1,386 1,392 1,398 1,404 1,410	1,584 1,590 1,597 1,603 1,609

Continued on next page

E.	2
<b>n</b>	U

# 2018 Tax Table for Form 1 Filers – Continued

If line 18 (Taxable in	come) <b>is –</b>	And	you are	_	If line 18 (Taxable in	come) <b>is –</b>	And	l you are	. –	If line 18 (Taxable in	icome) is –	And	l you are	_
		Single <b>or</b> Head	Married filing	Married filing			Single <b>or</b> Head	Married filing	Married filing			Single <b>or</b> Head	Married filing	Married filing
At	But less	of a household	jointly	sepa- rately	At	But less	of a household	jointly	sepa- rately	At	But less	of a household	jointly	sepa- rately
least	than		r tax is -		least	than		r tax is -		least	than			
29.	000	100	1 10/13		35.	000	100	1 (0) 13		41.	000	Your tax is –		
29,000	29,100	1,512	1,416	1,615	35,000	35,100	1,888	1,785	1,992	41,000	41,100	2,265	2,162	2,368
29,100 29,200	29,200	1,519 1,525	1,421 1,427	1,622	35,100 35,200	35,200 35,300	1,895 1,901	1,792 1,798	1,998 2,004	41,100 41,200	41,200 41,300	2,271 2,277	2,168 2,174	2,374 2,380
29,200	29,300 29,400	1,525	1,427	1,628 1,634	35,300	35,400	1,907	1,804	2,004 2,010	41,300	41,400	2,277	2,174	2,380
29,400	29,500	1,537	1,439	1,640	35,400	35,500	1,914	1,810	2,017	41,400	41,500	2,290	2,187	2,393
29,500	29,600	1,544	1,445	1,647	35,500	35,600	1,920	1,817	2,023	41,500	41,600	2,296	2,193	2,399
29,600 29,700	29,700 29,800	1,550 1,556	1,451 1,456	1,653 1,659	35,600 35,700	35,700 35,800	1,926 1,932	1,823 1,829	2,029 2,035	41,600 41,700	41,700 41,800	2,302 2,309	2,199 2,205	2,405 2,412
29,800 29,900	29,900 30,000	1,562 1,569	1,462 1,468	1,666 1,672	35,800 35,900	35,900 36,000	1,939 1,945	1,836 1,842	2,042 2,048	41,800	41,900 42,000	2,315 2,321	2,212 2,218	2,418 2,424
	000	.,	.,	.,	36,	-	.,	.,	_,	· · ·	000	_,	_,	_,
30,000	30,100	1,575	1,474	1,678	36,000	36,100	1,951	1,848	2,054	42,000	42,100	2,327	2,224	2,430
30,100 30,200	30,200 30,300	1,581 1,588	1,480 1,486	1,684 1,691	36,100 36,200	36,200 36,300	1,957 1,964	1,854 1,861	2,061 2,067	42,100	42,200 42,300	2,334 2,340	2,231 2,237	2,437 2,443
30,300 30,400	30,400 30,500	1,594 1,600	1,491 1,497	1,697 1,703	36,300 36,400	36,400 36,500	1,970 1,976	1,867 1,873	2,073 2,079	42,300 42,400	42,400 42,500	2,346 2,352	2,243 2,249	2,449 2,456
-		-												
30,500 30,600	30,600 30,700	1,606 1,613	1,503 1,509	1,709 1,716	36,500 36,600	36,600 36,700	1,983 1,989	1,879 1,886	2,086 2,092	42,500 42,600	42,600 42,700	2,359 2,365	2,256 2,262	2,462 2,468
30,700 30,800	30,800 30,900	1,619 1,625	1,516 1,522	1,722 1,728	36,700 36,800	36,800 36,900	1,995 2,001	1,892 1,898	2,098 2,104	42,700 42,800	42,800 42,900	2,371 2,378	2,268 2,274	2,474 2,481
30,900	31,000	1,631	1,528	1,735	36,900	37,000	2,001	1,904	2,104	42,900	43,000	2,384	2,281	2,487
31,	000				37,	000				43,	000			
31,000 31,100	31,100 31,200	1,638 1,644	1,535 1,541	1,741 1,747	37,000 37,100	37,100 37,200	2,014 2,020	1,911 1,917	2,117 2,123	43,000 43,100	43,100 43,200	2,390 2,396	2,287 2,293	2,493 2,499
31,200	31,300	1,650	1,547	1,753	37,200	37,300	2,026	1,923	2,130	43,200	43,300	2,403	2,299	2,506
31,300 31,400	31,400 31,500	1,656 1,663	1,553 1,560	1,760 1,766	37,300 37,400	37,400 37,500	2,033 2,039	1,930 1,936	2,136 2,142	43,300 43,400	43,400 43,500	2,409 2,415	2,306 2,312	2,512 2,518
31,500	31,600	1,669	1,566	1,772	37,500	37,600	2,045	1,942	2,148	43,500	43,600	2,421	2,318	2,525
31,600	31,700	1,675	1,572	1,778	37,600	37,700	2,052	1,948	2,155	43,600	43,700	2,428	2,325	2,531
31,700 31,800	31,800 31,900	1,682 1,688	1,578 1,585	1,785 1,791	37,700 37,800	37,800 37,900	2,058 2,064	1,955 1,961	2,161 2,167	43,700 43,800	43,800 43,900	2,434 2,440	2,331 2,337	2,537 2,543
31,900	32,000	1,694	1,591	1,797	37,900	38,000	2,070	1,967	2,173	43,900	44,000	2,447	2,343	2,550
32,000	000 32,100	1,700	1,597	1,803	38,000	000 38,100	2,077	1,973	2,180	44,000	<b>000</b> 44,100	2,453	2,350	2,556
32,100	32,200	1,707	1,604	1,810	38,100	38,200	2,083	1,980	2,186	44,100	44,200	2,459	2,356	2,562
32,200 32,300	32,300 32,400	1,713 1,719	1,610 1,616	1,816 1,822	38,200 38,300	38,300 38,400	2,089 2,095	1,986 1,992	2,192 2,198	44,200 44,300	44,300 44,400	2,465 2,472	2,362 2,368	2,568 2,575
32,400	32,500	1,725	1,622	1,829	38,400	38,500	2,102	1,999	2,205	44,400	44,500	2,478	2,375	2,581
32,500	32,600	1,732	1,629	1,835	38,500	38,600	2,108	2,005	2,211	44,500	44,600	2,484	2,381	2,587
32,600 32,700	32,700 32,800	1,738 1,744	1,635 1,641	1,841 1,847	38,600 38,700	38,700 38,800	2,114 2,120	2,011 2,017	2,217 2,224	44,600 44,700	44,700 44,800	2,490 2,497	2,387 2,394	2,594 2,600
32,800 32,900	32,900 33,000	1,751 1,757	1,647 1,654	1,854 1,860	38,800 38,900	38,900 39,000	2,127 2,133	2,024 2,030	2,230 2,236	44,800	44,900 45,000	2,503 2,509	2,400 2,406	2,606 2,612
	000	, -	,	,		000	,	,	,		000	,	,	7-
33,000	33,100	1,763	1,660	1,866	39,000	39,100	2,139	2,036	2,242	45,000	45,100	2,515	2,412	2,619
33,100 33,200	33,200 33,300	1,769 1,776	1,666 1,672	1,872 1,879	39,100 39,200	39,200 39,300	2,146 2,152	2,042 2,049	2,249 2,255	45,100 45,200	45,200 45,300	2,522 2,528	2,419 2,425	2,625 2,631
33,300 33,400	33,400 33,500	1,782 1,788	1,679 1,685	1,885 1,891	39,300 39,400	39,400 39,500	2,158 2,164	2,055 2,061	2,261 2,267	45,300 45,400	45,400 45,500	2,534 2,541	2,431 2,437	2,637 2,644
33,500 33,600	33,600 33,700	1,794 1,801	1,691 1,698	1,898 1,904	39,500 39,600	39,600 39,700	2,171 2,177	2,067 2,074	2,274 2,280	45,500 45,600	45,600 45,700	2,547 2,553	2,444 2,450	2,650 2,656
33,700 33,800	33,800 33,900	1,807 1,813	1,704 1,710	1,910 1,916	39,700 39,800	39,800 39,900	2,183 2,189	2,080 2,086	2,286 2,293	45,700 45,800	45,800 45,900	2,559 2,566	2,456 2,463	2,662 2,669
33,900	34,000	1,820	1,716	1,923	39,900	40,000	2,100	2,000	2,299	45,900	46,000	2,572	2,469	2,675
	000	4.855		4.845	· · · · ·	000				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	000		e :	0.00
34,000 34,100	34,100 34,200	1,826 1,832	1,723 1,729	1,929 1,935	40,000 40,100	40,100 40,200	2,202 2,208	2,099 2,105	2,305 2,311	46,000 46,100	46,100 46,200	2,578 2,584	2,475 2,481	2,681 2,688
34,200 34,300	34,300 34,400	1,838 1,845	1,735 1,741	1,941 1,948	40,200 40,300	40,300 40,400	2,215 2,221	2,111 2,118	2,318 2,324	46,200 46,300	46,300 46,400	2,591 2,597	2,488 2,494	2,694 2,700
34,400	34,500	1,851	1,741	1,948	40,300	40,400	2,221	2,118	2,324 2,330	46,400	46,500	2,603	2,494	2,700
34,500	34,600	1,857	1,754	1,960	40,500	40,600	2,233	2,130	2,336	46,500	46,600	2,610	2,506	2,713
34,600 34,700	34,700 34,800	1,863 1,870	1,760 1,767	1,967 1,973	40,600 40,700	40,700 40,800	2,240 2,246	2,136 2,143	2,343 2,349	46,600 46,700	46,700 46,800	2,616 2,622	2,513 2,519	2,719 2,725
34,800	34,900	1,876	1,773	1,979	40,800	40,900	2,252	2,149	2,355	46,800	46,900	2,628	2,525	2,731
34,900	35,000	1,882	1,779	1,985	40,900	41,000	2,258	2,155	2,362	46,900	47,000	2,635	2,531	2,738
												Conti	inued on n	ext page

2018 Tax Table for Form 1 Filers – Continued	2018	Тах	Table	for	Form	1	Filers -	- Continued
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16.11										16.11.11.11.11.11				
(Taxable in	8 ncome) is –	And	l you are	-	If line 18 (Taxable in	icome) <mark>is –</mark>	And	l you are	ə —	If line 18 (Taxable in	3 ncome) <mark>is –</mark>	And	l you are	
At least	But less than	Single <b>or</b> Head of a household	Married filing jointly	Married filing sepa- rately	At	But less	Single <b>or</b> Head of a household		Married filing sepa- rately	At least	But less	Single <b>or</b> Head of a household	Married filing jointly	Married filing sepa- rately
least	unan	You	r tax is ·	-	least	than	Υοι	ir tax is	-	least	than	Υοι	ır tax is ·	-
47	,000	1			53,	000	1			59,	000			
47,000	47,100	2,641	2,538	2,744	53,000	53,100	3,017	2,914	3,120	59,000	59,100	3,393	3,290	3,496
47,100	47,200	2,647	2,544	2,750	53,100	53,200	3,023	2,920	3,126	59,100	59,200	3,400	3,296	3,503
47,200	47,300	2,653	2,550	2,757	53,200	53,300	3,030	2,926	3,133	59,200	59,300	3,406	3,303	3,509
47,300	47,400	2,660	2,557	2,763	53,300	53,400	3,036	2,933	3,139	59,300	59,400	3,412	3,309	3,515
47,400	47,500	2,666	2,563	2,769	53,400	53,500	3,042	2,939	3,145	59,400	59,500	3,418	3,315	3,521
47,500 47,600 47,700 47,800 47,900	47,600 47,700 47,800 47,900 48,000	2,672 2,679 2,685 2,691 2,697	2,569 2,575 2,582 2,588 2,588 2,594	2,775 2,782 2,788 2,794 2,800	53,500 53,600 53,700 53,800 53,900	53,600 53,700 53,800 53,900 54,000	3,042 3,048 3,055 3,061 3,067 3,074	2,945 2,952 2,958 2,964 2,970	3,152 3,158 3,164 3,170 3,177	59,500 59,600 59,700 59,800 59,900	59,600 59,700 59,800 59,900 60,000	3,425 3,431 3,437 3,443 3,450	3,321 3,328 3,334 3,340 3,347	3,528 3,534 3,540 3,547 3,553
48	,000				54,	000				60,	000			
48,000	48,100	2,704	2,600	2,807	54,000	54,100	3,080	2,977	3,183	60,000	60,100	3,456	3,353	3,559
48,100	48,200	2,710	2,607	2,813	54,100	54,200	3,086	2,983	3,189	60,100	60,200	3,462	3,359	3,565
48,200	48,300	2,716	2,613	2,819	54,200	54,300	3,092	2,989	3,195	60,200	60,300	3,469	3,365	3,572
48,300	48,400	2,722	2,619	2,825	54,300	54,400	3,099	2,995	3,202	60,300	60,400	3,475	3,372	3,578
48,400	48,500	2,729	2,626	2,832	54,400	54,500	3,105	3,002	3,208	60,400	60,500	3,481	3,378	3,584
48,500	48,600	2,735	2,632	2,838	54,500	54,600	3,111	3,008	3,214	60,500	60,600	3,487	3,384	3,590
48,600	48,700	2,741	2,638	2,844	54,600	54,700	3,117	3,014	3,221	60,600	60,700	3,494	3,390	3,597
48,700	48,800	2,747	2,644	2,851	54,700	54,800	3,124	3,021	3,227	60,700	60,800	3,500	3,397	3,603
48,800	48,900	2,754	2,651	2,857	54,800	54,900	3,130	3,027	3,233	60,800	60,900	3,506	3,403	3,609
48,900	49,000	2,760	2,657	2,863	54,900	55,000	3,136	3,033	3,239	60,900	61,000	3,512	3,409	3,616
49	,000	1			55,	000	1			61,	000			
49,000	49,100	2,766	2,663	2,869	55,000	55,100	3,142	3,039	3,246	61,000	61,100	3,519	3,416	3,622
49,100	49,200	2,773	2,669	2,876	55,100	55,200	3,149	3,046	3,252	61,100	61,200	3,525	3,422	3,628
49,200	49,300	2,779	2,676	2,882	55,200	55,300	3,155	3,052	3,258	61,200	61,300	3,531	3,428	3,634
49,300	49,400	2,785	2,682	2,888	55,300	55,400	3,161	3,058	3,264	61,300	61,400	3,537	3,434	3,641
49,400	49,500	2,791	2,688	2,894	55,400	55,500	3,168	3,064	3,271	61,400	61,500	3,544	3,441	3,647
49,500	49,600	2,798	2,694	2,901	55,500	55,600	3,174	3,071	3,277	61,500	61,600	3,550	3,447	3,653
49,600	49,700	2,804	2,701	2,907	55,600	55,700	3,180	3,077	3,283	61,600	61,700	3,556	3,453	3,659
49,700	49,800	2,810	2,707	2,913	55,700	55,800	3,186	3,083	3,289	61,700	61,800	3,563	3,459	3,666
49,800	49,900	2,816	2,713	2,920	55,800	55,900	3,193	3,090	3,296	61,800	61,900	3,569	3,466	3,672
49,900	50,000	2,823	2,720	2,926	55,900	56,000	3,199	3,096	3,302	61,900	62,000	3,575	3,472	3,678
50	,000	1			· · · · · ·	000	1				000	1		
50,000	50,100	2,829	2,726	2,932	56,000	56,100	3,205	3,102	3,308	62,000	62,100	3,581	3,478	3,684
50,100	50,200	2,835	2,732	2,938	56,100	56,200	3,211	3,108	3,315	62,100	62,200	3,588	3,485	3,691
50,200	50,300	2,842	2,738	2,945	56,200	56,300	3,218	3,115	3,321	62,200	62,300	3,594	3,491	3,697
50,300	50,400	2,848	2,745	2,951	56,300	56,400	3,224	3,121	3,327	62,300	62,400	3,600	3,497	3,703
50,400	50,500	2,854	2,751	2,957	56,400	56,500	3,230	3,127	3,333	62,400	62,500	3,606	3,503	3,710
50,500	50,600	2,860	2,757	2,963	56,500	56,600	3,237	3,133	3,340	62,500	62,600	3,613	3,510	3,716
50,600	50,700	2,867	2,763	2,970	56,600	56,700	3,243	3,140	3,346	62,600	62,700	3,619	3,516	3,722
50,700	50,800	2,873	2,770	2,976	56,700	56,800	3,249	3,146	3,352	62,700	62,800	3,625	3,522	3,728
50,800	50,900	2,879	2,776	2,982	56,800	56,900	3,255	3,152	3,358	62,800	62,900	3,632	3,528	3,735
50,900	51,000	2,885	2,782	2,989	56,900	57,000	3,262	3,158	3,365	62,900	63,000	3,638	3,535	3,741
	,000	0.000	0 700			000	0.000	0.405			000	0.044	0.544	0.747
51,000	51,100	2,892	2,789	2,995	57,000	57,100	3,268	3,165	3,371	63,000	63,100	3,644	3,541	3,747
51,100	51,200	2,898	2,795	3,001	57,100	57,200	3,274	3,171	3,377	63,100	63,200	3,650	3,547	3,753
51,200	51,300	2,904	2,801	3,007	57,200	57,300	3,280	3,177	3,384	63,200	63,300	3,657	3,553	3,760
51,300	51,400	2,910	2,807	3,014	57,300	57,400	3,287	3,184	3,390	63,300	63,400	3,663	3,560	3,766
51,400	51,500	2,917	2,814	3,020	57,400	57,500	3,293	3,190	3,396	63,400	63,500	3,669	3,566	3,772
51,500	51,600	2,923	2,820	3,026	57,500	57,600	3,299	3,196	3,402	63,500	63,600	3,675	3,572	3,779
51,600	51,700	2,929	2,826	3,032	57,600	57,700	3,306	3,202	3,409	63,600	63,700	3,682	3,579	3,785
51,700	51,800	2,936	2,832	3,039	57,700	57,800	3,312	3,209	3,415	63,700	63,800	3,688	3,585	3,791
51,800	51,900	2,942	2,839	3,045	57,800	57,900	3,318	3,215	3,421	63,800	63,900	3,694	3,591	3,797
51,900	52,000	2,948	2,845	3,051	57,900	58,000	3,324	3,221	3,427	63,900	64,000	3,701	3,597	3,804
52	,000	·			58,	000				64,	000	·		
52,000	52,100	2,954	2,851	3,057	58,000	58,100	3,331	3,227	3,434	64,000	64,100	3,707	3,604	3,810
52,100	52,200	2,961	2,858	3,064	58,100	58,200	3,337	3,234	3,440	64,100	64,200	3,713	3,610	3,816
52,200	52,300	2,967	2,864	3,070	58,200	58,300	3,343	3,240	3,446	64,200	64,300	3,719	3,616	3,822
52,300	52,400	2,973	2,870	3,076	58,300	58,400	3,349	3,246	3,452	64,300	64,400	3,726	3,622	3,829
52,400	52,500	2,979	2,870	3,083	58,400	58,500	3,356	3,253	3,459	64,400	64,500	3,732	3,629	3,835
52,500	52,600	2,986	2,883	3,089	58,500	58,600	3,362	3,259	3,465	64,500	64,600	3,738	3,635	3,841
52,600	52,700	2,992	2,889	3,095	58,600	58,700	3,368	3,265	3,471	64,600	64,700	3,744	3,641	3,848
52,700	52,800	2,998	2,895	3,101	58,700	58,800	3,374	3,271	3,478	64,700	64,800	3,751	3,648	3,854
52,800	52,900	3,005	2,901	3,108	58,800	58,900	3,381	3,278	3,484	64,800	64,900	3,757	3,654	3,860
52,900	53,000	3,011	2,908	3,114	58,900	59,000	3,387	3,284	3,490	64,900	65,000	3,763	3,660	3,866

Continued on next page

# 2018 Tax Table for Form 1 Filers – Continued

If line 18 (Taxable in	icome) <b>is –</b>	And	you are	_	If line 18 (Taxable in	come) is –	And	l you are	. –	If line 18 (Taxable in	3 ncome) is –	And	l you are	_
<u></u>	But	Single <b>or</b> Head of a	Married filing jointly	Married filing sepa-	At	But	Single <b>or</b> Head of a household	Married filing jointly	Married filing sepa-		But	Single <b>or</b> Head of a household	Married filing jointly	Married filing sepa- rately
At least	less than	household	r tax is -	rately	At least	less than		ır tax is ·	rately	At least	less than		ır tax is -	
65	000	fou	r tax is -	-	71	000	fou		-	77	000	fol	ir tax is -	-
65,000	65,100	3,769	3,666	3,873	71,000	71,100	4,146	4,043	4,249	77,000	77,100	4,522	4,419	4,625
65,100 65,200 65,300 65,400	65,200 65,300 65,400 65,500	3,776 3,782 3,788 3,795	3,673 3,679 3,685 3,691	3,879 3,885 3,891 3,898	71,100 71,200 71,300 71,400	71,200 71,300 71,400 71,500	4,152 4,158 4,164 4,171	4,043 4,049 4,055 4,061 4,068	4,255 4,261 4,268 4,274	77,100 77,200 77,300 77,400	77,200 77,300 77,400 77,500	4,522 4,528 4,534 4,541 4,547	4,425 4,431 4,438 4,444	4,631 4,638 4,644 4,650
65,500 65,600 65,700 65,800 65,900	65,600 65,700 65,800 65,900 66,000	3,801 3,807 3,813 3,820 3,826	3,698 3,704 3,710 3,717 3,723	3,904 3,910 3,916 3,923 3,929	71,500 71,600 71,700 71,800 71,900	71,600 71,700 71,800 71,900 72,000	4,177 4,183 4,190 4,196 4,202	4,074 4,080 4,086 4,093 4,099	4,280 4,286 4,293 4,299 4,305	77,500 77,600 77,700 77,800 77,900	77,600 77,700 77,800 77,900 78,000	4,553 4,560 4,566 4,572 4,578	4,450 4,456 4,463 4,469 4,475	4,656 4,663 4,669 4,675 4,681
	000	0,020	0,720	0,020		000	4,202	4,000	4,000		000	4,070	-,-70	4,001
66,000	66,100	3,832	3,729	3,935	72,000	72,100	4,208	4,105	4,311	78.000	78,100	4,585	4,481	4,688
66,100 66,200 66,300 66,400	66,200 66,300 66,400 66,500	3,838 3,845 3,851 3,857	3,735 3,742 3,748 3,754	3,942 3,948 3,954 3,960	72,100 72,200 72,300 72,400	72,200 72,300 72,400 72,500	4,215 4,221 4,227 4,233	4,112 4,118 4,124 4,130	4,318 4,324 4,330 4,337	78,100 78,200 78,300 78,400	78,200 78,300 78,400 78,500	4,591 4,597 4,603 4,610	4,488 4,494 4,500 4,507	4,694 4,700 4,706 4,713
66,500 66,600 66,700 66,800 66,900	66,600 66,700 66,800 66,900 67,000	3,864 3,870 3,876 3,882 3,889	3,760 3,767 3,773 3,779 3,785	3,967 3,973 3,979 3,985 3,992	72,500 72,600 72,700 72,800 72,900	72,600 72,700 72,800 72,900 73,000	4,240 4,246 4,252 4,259 4,265	4,137 4,143 4,149 4,155 4,162	4,343 4,349 4,355 4,362 4,368	78,500 78,600 78,700 78,800 78,900	78,600 78,700 78,800 78,900 79,000	4,616 4,622 4,628 4,635 4,641	4,513 4,519 4,525 4,532 4,538	4,719 4,725 4,732 4,738 4,744
67,	000				73,	000	1			79,	000			
67,000 67,100 67,200 67,300 67,400	67,100 67,200 67,300 67,400 67,500	3,895 3,901 3,907 3,914 3,920	3,792 3,798 3,804 3,811 3,817	3,998 4,004 4,011 4,017 4,023	73,000 73,100 73,200 73,300 73,400	73,100 73,200 73,300 73,400 73,500	4,271 4,277 4,284 4,290 4,296	4,168 4,174 4,180 4,187 4,193	4,374 4,380 4,387 4,393 4,399	79,000 79,100 79,200 79,300 79,400	79,100 79,200 79,300 79,400 79,500	4,647 4,654 4,660 4,666 4,672	4,544 4,550 4,557 4,563 4,569	4,750 4,757 4,763 4,769 4,775
67,500 67,600 67,700 67,800 67,900	67,600 67,700 67,800 67,900 68,000	3,926 3,933 3,939 3,945 3,951	3,823 3,829 3,836 3,842 3,848	4,029 4,036 4,042 4,048 4,054	73,500 73,600 73,700 73,800 73,900	73,600 73,700 73,800 73,900 74,000	4,302 4,309 4,315 4,321 4,328	4,199 4,206 4,212 4,218 4,224	4,406 4,412 4,418 4,424 4,431	79,500 79,600 79,700 79,800 79,900	79,600 79,700 79,800 79,900 80,000	4,679 4,685 4,691 4,697 4,704	4,575 4,582 4,588 4,594 4,601	4,782 4,788 4,794 4,801 4,807
68,	000	1			74,	000				80,	000			
68,000 68,100 68,200 68,300 68,400	68,100 68,200 68,300 68,400 68,500	3,958 3,964 3,970 3,976 3,983	3,854 3,861 3,867 3,873 3,880	4,061 4,067 4,073 4,079 4,086	74,000 74,100 74,200 74,300 74,400	74,100 74,200 74,300 74,400 74,500	4,334 4,340 4,346 4,353 4,359	4,231 4,237 4,243 4,249 4,256	4,437 4,443 4,449 4,456 4,462	80,000 80,100 80,200 80,300 80,400	80,100 80,200 80,300 80,400 80,500	4,710 4,716 4,723 4,729 4,735	4,607 4,613 4,619 4,626 4,632	4,813 4,819 4,826 4,832 4,838
68,500 68,600 68,700 68,800 68,900	68,600 68,700 68,800 68,900 69,000	3,989 3,995 4,001 4,008 4,014	3,886 3,892 3,898 3,905 3,911	4,092 4,098 4,105 4,111 4,117	74,500 74,600 74,700 74,800 74,900	74,600 74,700 74,800 74,900 75,000	4,365 4,371 4,378 4,384 4,390	4,262 4,268 4,275 4,281 4,287	4,468 4,475 4,481 4,487 4,493	80,500 80,600 80,700 80,800 80,900	80,600 80,700 80,800 80,900 81,000	4,741 4,748 4,754 4,760 4,766	4,638 4,644 4,651 4,657 4,663	4,844 4,851 4,857 4,863 4,870
69,	000	1			75,	000				81,	000			
69,000 69,100 69,200 69,300 69,400	69,100 69,200 69,300 69,400 69,500	4,020 4,027 4,033 4,039 4,045	3,917 3,923 3,930 3,936 3,942	4,123 4,130 4,136 4,142 4,148	75,000 75,100 75,200 75,300 75,400	75,100 75,200 75,300 75,400 75,500	4,396 4,403 4,409 4,415 4,422	4,293 4,300 4,306 4,312 4,318	4,500 4,506 4,512 4,518 4,525	81,000 81,100 81,200 81,300 81,400	81,100 81,200 81,300 81,400 81,500	4,773 4,779 4,785 4,791 4,798	4,670 4,676 4,682 4,688 4,695	4,876 4,882 4,888 4,895 4,901
69,500 69,600 69,700 69,800 69,900	69,600 69,700 69,800 69,900 70,000	4,052 4,058 4,064 4,070 4,077	3,948 3,955 3,961 3,967 3,974	4,155 4,161 4,167 4,174 4,180	75,500 75,600 75,700 75,800 75,900	75,600 75,700 75,800 75,900 76,000	4,428 4,434 4,440 4,447 4,453	4,325 4,331 4,337 4,344 4,350	4,531 4,537 4,543 4,550 4,556	81,500 81,600 81,700 81,800 81,900	81,600 81,700 81,800 81,900 82,000	4,804 4,810 4,817 4,823 4,829	4,701 4,707 4,713 4,720 4,726	4,907 4,913 4,920 4,926 4,932
70,	000				76	,000				82,	000			
70,000 70,100 70,200 70,300 70,400	70,100 70,200 70,300 70,400 70,500	4,083 4,089 4,096 4,102 4,108	3,980 3,986 3,992 3,999 4,005	4,186 4,192 4,199 4,205 4,211	76,000 76,100 76,200 76,300 76,400	76,100 76,200 76,300 76,400 76,500	4,459 4,465 4,472 4,478 4,484	4,356 4,362 4,369 4,375 4,381	4,562 4,569 4,575 4,581 4,587	82,000 82,100 82,200 82,300 82,400	82,100 82,200 82,300 82,400 82,500	4,835 4,842 4,848 4,854 4,860	4,732 4,739 4,745 4,751 4,757	4,938 4,945 4,951 4,957 4,964
70,500 70,600 70,700 70,800 70,900	70,600 70,700 70,800 70,900 71,000	4,114 4,121 4,127 4,133 4,139	4,011 4,017 4,024 4,030 4,036	4,217 4,224 4,230 4,236 4,243	76,500 76,600 76,700 76,800 76,900	76,600 76,700 76,800 76,900 77,000	4,491 4,497 4,503 4,509 4,516	4,387 4,394 4,400 4,406 4,412	4,594 4,600 4,606 4,612 4,619	82,500 82,600 82,700 82,800 82,900	82,600 82,700 82,800 82,900 83,000	4,867 4,873 4,879 4,886 4,892	4,764 4,770 4,776 4,782 4,789	4,970 4,976 4,982 4,989 4,995
												Cont	inued on n	ext page

2018 Tax Table for Form 1 Filers – Continued	2018	Тах	Table	for	Form	1	Filers -	<ul> <li>Continued</li> </ul>
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If line 18	3 ncome) is –	And	you are		If line 18	icome) is –	And	l you are	<u> </u>	If line 18	3 ncome) is –	And	l you are	_
		Single or	Married	Married		icollie) <b>13</b> –	Single or	Married	Married		icollie) <b>13</b> –	Single or	Married	Married
	But	Head of a	filing jointly	filing sepa-		But	Head of a	filing jointly	filing sepa-		But	Head of a	filing jointly	filing sepa-
At least	less than	household	r tax is ·	rately	At least	less than	household	ır tax is ⋅	rately	At least	less than	household	ır tax is ⋅	rately
83.	000	Tou	I Lax IS		89.	000	Tou	11 Lax 15		95.	,000	100	1 Lax 15	-
83,000	83,100	4,898	4,795	5,001	89,000	89,100	5,274	5,171	5,377	95,000	95,100	5,650	5,547	5,754
83,100 83,200	83,200 83,300	4,904 4,911	4,801 4,807	5,007 5,014	89,100 89,200	89,200 89,300	5,281 5,287	5,177 5,184	5,384 5,390	95,100 95,200	95,200 95,300	5,657 5,663	5,554 5,560	5,760 5,766
83,300 83,400	83,400 83,500	4,917 4,923	4,814 4,820	5,020 5,026	89,300 89,400	89,400 89,500	5,293 5,299	5,190 5,196	5,396 5,402	95,300 95,400	95,400 95,500	5,669 5,676	5,566 5,572	5,772 5,779
83,500	83,600	4,929	4,826	5,033	89,500	89,600	5,306	5,202	5,409	95,500	95,600	5,682	5,579	5,785
83,600 83,700	83,700 83,800	4,936 4,942	4,833 4,839	5,039 5,045	89,600 89,700	89,700 89,800	5,312 5,318	5,209 5,215	5,415 5,421	95,600 95,700	95,700 95,800	5,688 5,694	5,585 5,591	5,791 5,797
83,800 83,900	83,900 84,000	4,948 4,955	4,845	5,051	89,800 89,900	89,900 90,000	5,324 5,331	5,221 5,228	5,428 5,434	95,800 95,900	95,900 96,000	5,701 5,707	5,598 5,604	5,804 5,810
	000	4,955	4,851	5,058		90,000 000	5,331	5,220	5,434	· ·	,000	5,707	5,604	5,010
84,000	84,100	4,961	4,858	5,064	90,000	90,100	5,337	5,234	5,440	96,000	96,100	5,713	5,610	5,816
84,100 84,200	84,200 84,300	4,967 4,973	4,864 4,870	5,070 5,076	90,100 90,200	90,200 90,300	5,343 5,350	5,240 5,246	5,446 5,453	96,100 96,200	96,200 96,300	5,719 5,726	5,616 5,623	5,823 5,829
84,300 84,400	84,400 84,500	4,980 4,986	4,876 4,883	5,083 5,089	90,300 90,400	90,400 90,500	5,356 5,362	5,253 5,259	5,459 5,465	96,300 96,400	96,400 96,500	5,732 5,738	5,629 5,635	5,835 5,841
84,500	84,600	4,992	4,889	5,095	90,500	90,600	5,368	5,265	5,471	96,500	96,600	5,745	5,641	5,848
84,600	84,700	4,998	4,895	5,102	90,600	90,700	5,375	5,271	5,478	96,600	96,700	5,751	5,648	5,854
84,700 84,800	84,800 84,900	5,005 5,011	4,902 4,908	5,108 5,114	90,700 90,800	90,800 90,900	5,381 5,387	5,278 5,284	5,484 5,490	96,700 96,800	96,800 96,900	5,757 5,763	5,654 5,660	5,860 5,866
84,900	85,000 000	5,017	4,914	5,120	90,900	91,000 000	5,393	5,290	5,497	96,900	97,000 , <b>000</b>	5,770	5,666	5,873
85,000	85,100	5,023	4,920	5,127	91,000	91,100	5,400	5,297	5,503	97,000	97,100	5,776	5,673	5,879
85,100 85,200	85,200 85,300	5,030 5,036	4,927 4,933	5,133 5,139	91,100 91,200	91,200 91,300	5,406 5,412	5,303 5,309	5,509 5,515	97,100 97,200	97,200 97,300	5,782 5,788	5,679 5,685	5,885 5,892
85,300	85,400	5,042	4,939	5,145	91,300	91,400	5,418	5,315	5,522	97,300	97,400	5,795	5,692	5,898
85,400	85,500	5,049	4,945	5,152	91,400	91,500	5,425	5,322	5,528	97,400	97,500	5,801	5,698	5,904
85,500 85,600	85,600 85,700	5,055 5,061	4,952 4,958	5,158 5,164	91,500 91,600	91,600 91,700	5,431 5,437	5,328 5,334	5,534 5,540	97,500 97,600	97,600 97,700	5,807 5,814	5,704 5,710	5,910 5,917
85,700 85,800	85,800 85,900	5,067 5,074	4,964 4,971	5,170 5,177	91,700 91,800	91,800 91,900	5,444 5,450	5,340 5,347	5,547 5,553	97,700 97,800	97,800 97,900	5,820 5,826	5,717 5,723	5,923 5,929
85,900	86,000	5,080	4,977	5,183	91,900	92,000	5,456	5,353	5,559	97,900	98,000	5,832	5,729	5,935
<u>86,</u> 86,000	000 86,100	5,086	4,983	5,189	92, 92,000	92,100	5,462	5,359	5,565	98,000	, <b>000</b> 98,100	5,839	5,735	5,942
86,100	86,200	5,092	4,989	5,196	92,100	92,200	5,469	5,366	5,572	98,100	98,200	5,845	5,742	5,948
86,200 86,300	86,300 86,400	5,099 5,105	4,996 5,002	5,202 5,208	92,200 92,300	92,300 92,400	5,475 5,481	5,372 5,378	5,578 5,584	98,200 98,300	98,300 98,400	5,851 5,857	5,748 5,754	5,954 5,960
86,400	86,500	5,111	5,008	5,214	92,400	92,500	5,487	5,384	5,591	98,400	98,500	5,864	5,761	5,967
86,500 86,600	86,600 86,700	5,118 5,124	5,014 5,021	5,221 5,227	92,500 92,600	92,600 92,700	5,494 5,500	5,391 5,397	5,597 5,603	98,500 98,600	98,600 98,700	5,870 5,876	5,767 5,773	5,973 5,979
86,700 86,800	86,800 86,900	5,130 5,136	5,027 5,033	5,233 5,239	92,700 92,800	92,800 92,900	5,506 5,513	5,403 5,409	5,609 5,616	98,700 98,800	98,800 98,900	5,882 5,889	5,779 5,786	5,986 5,992
86,900	87,000	5,143	5,035	5,239	92,900	93,000	5,519	5,416	5,622	98,900	99,000	5,895	5,792	5,998
,	000	5 4 40				000	5 505	5 400			,000	5 004	<b>5 700</b>	0.004
87,000 87,100	87,100 87,200	5,149 5,155	5,046 5,052	5,252 5,258	93,000 93,100	93,100 93,200	5,525 5,531	5,422 5,428	5,628 5,634	99,000 99,100	99,100 99,200	5,901 5,908	5,798 5,804	6,004 6,011
87,200 87,300	87,300 87,400	5,161 5,168	5,058 5,065	5,265 5,271	93,200 93,300	93,300 93,400	5,538 5,544	5,434 5,441	5,641 5,647	99,200	99,300 99,400	5,914 5,920	5,811 5,817	6,017 6,023
87,400	87,500	5,174	5,071	5,277	93,400	93,500	5,550	5,447	5,653	99,400	99,500	5,926	5,823	6,029
87,500 87,600	87,600 87,700	5,180 5,187	5,077 5,083	5,283 5,290	93,500 93,600	93,600 93,700	5,556 5,563	5,453 5,460	5,660 5,666	99,500 99,600	99,600 99,700	5,933 5,939	5,829 5,836	6,036 6,042
87,700	87,800	5,193	5,090	5,296	93,700	93,800	5,569	5,466	5,672	99,700	99,800	5,945	5,842	6,048
87,800 87,900	87,900 88,000	5,199 5,205	5,096 5,102	5,302 5,308	93,800 93,900	93,900 94,000	5,575 5,582	5,472 5,478	5,678 5,685	99,800 99,900	99,900 100,000	5,951 5,958	5,848 5,855	6,055 6,061
	000				,	000								
88,000 88,100	88,100 88,200	5,212 5,218	5,108 5,115	5,315 5,321	94,000 94,100	94,100 94,200	5,588 5,594	5,485 5,491	5,691 5,697					
88,200 88,300	88,300 88,400	5,224 5,230	5,121 5,127	5,327 5,333	94,200 94,300	94,300 94,400	5,600 5,607	5,497 5,503	5,703 5,710		\$10	0,000 or	over –	
88,400	88,500	5,237	5,134	5,340	94,400	94,500	5,613	5,510	5,716			use th	е	
88,500	88,600	5,243	5,140	5,346	94,500	94,600	5,619	5,516	5,722		Tax Con	nputation	Works	heet
88,600 88,700	88,700 88,800	5,249 5,255	5,146 5,152	5,352 5,359	94,600 94,700	94,700 94,800	5,625 5,632	5,522 5,529	5,729 5,735			on page	54	
88,800 88,900	88,900 89,000	5,262 5,268	5,159 5,165	5,365 5,371	94,800 94,900	94,900 95,000	5,638 5,644	5,535 5,541	5,741 5,747					
		3,200	5,100	0,071	- 1,000		3,011	5,071	U, I TI	L				

**Caution** Use the Tax Computation Worksheet to figure your tax if your taxable income is \$100,000 or more.

Section A – Use if yo	ur filing status is Sin	gle or Head of hoເ	usehold. Complete t	he row belo	w that applies to you.
	(a)	(b)	(C)	(d)	(e)
Taxable income. If line 18 is –	Fill in the amount from line 18	Multiplication amount	Multiply (a) by (b)	Subtraction amount	Subtract (d) from (c). Fill in the result here and on Form 1, line 19
At least \$100,000 but less than \$252,150	\$	x 6.27% (.0627)	\$	\$ 309.15	\$
\$252,150 or over	\$	x 7.65% (.0765)	\$	\$3,788.82	\$

# Section B – Use if your filing status is Married filing jointly. Complete the row below that applies to you.

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)
Taxable income. If line 18 is –	Fill in the amount from line 18	Multiplication amount	Multiply (a) by (b)	Subtraction amount	Subtract (d) from (c). Fill in the result here and on Form 1, line 19
At least \$100,000 but less than \$336,200	\$	x 6.27% (.0627)	\$	\$ 412.29	\$
\$336,200 or over	\$	x 7.65% (.0765)	\$	\$5,051.85	\$

# Section C – Use if your filing status is Married filing separately. Complete the row below that applies to you.

	(a)	(b)	(C)	(d)	(e)
Taxable income. If line 18 is –	Fill in the amount from line 18	Multiplication amount	Multiply (a) by (b)	Subtraction amount	Subtract (d) from (c). Fill in the result here and on Form 1, line 19
At least \$100,000 but less than \$168,100	\$	x 6.27% (.0627)	\$	\$ 206.05	\$
\$168,100 or over	\$	x 7.65% (.0765)	\$	\$2,525.83	\$

# 2018 Standard Deduction Table

Dependents or persons filing short-period returns or excluding income from U.S. Possessions, see page 30.

If your ind (line 14 of F	<b>come</b> Form 1) <b>is -</b>		And	you are –		If your ind (line 14 of F	come Form 1) is –		And	you are –	
At	But less	Single	Married filing jointly	Married filing separately	Head of a household	At	But less	Single	Married filing jointly	Married filing separately	Head of a household
least	than	Yo	our standa	rd deductior	ı is –	least	than	Yo	ur standa	rd deduction	ı is –
0 10,450 10,500 11,000 11,500 12,000	10,450 10,500 11,000 11,500 12,000 12,500	10,580 10,580 10,580 10,580 10,580 10,580	19,580 19,580 19,580 19,580 19,580 19,580	9,300 9,295 9,241 9,142 9,043 8,944	13,660 13,660 13,660 13,660 13,660 13,660	39,500 40,000 40,500 41,000 41,500 42,000	40,000 40,500 41,000 41,500 42,000 42,500	7,640 7,580 7,520 7,460 7,400 7,340	16,071 15,972 15,874 15,775 15,676 15,577	3,505 3,406 3,307 3,208 3,109 3,011	8,144 8,031 7,919 7,806 7,694 7,581
12,500 13,000 13,500 14,000 14,500 15,000	13,000 13,500 14,000 14,500 15,000 15,500	10,580 10,580 10,580 10,580 10,580 10,580	19,580 19,580 19,580 19,580 19,580 19,580	8,845 8,746 8,647 8,548 8,450 8,351	13,660 13,660 13,660 13,660 13,660 13,660	42,500 43,000 43,500 44,000 44,500 45,000	43,000 43,500 44,000 44,500 45,000 45,500	7,280 7,220 7,160 7,100 7,040 6,980	15,478 15,379 15,280 15,181 15,082 14,984	2,912 2,813 2,714 2,615 2,516 2,417	7,468 7,356 7,243 7,131 7,040 6,980
15,500 16,000 16,500 17,000 17,500 18,000	16,000 16,500 17,000 17,500 18,000 18,500	10,520 10,460 10,400 10,340 10,280 10,220	19,580 19,580 19,580 19,580 19,580 19,580	8,252 8,153 8,054 7,955 7,856 7,757	13,547 13,435 13,322 13,210 13,097 12,985	45,500 46,000 46,500 47,000 47,500 48,000	46,000 46,500 47,000 47,500 48,000 48,500	6,920 6,860 6,800 6,740 6,680 6,620	14,885 14,786 14,687 14,588 14,489 14,390	2,318 2,219 2,121 2,022 1,923 1,824	6,920 6,860 6,800 6,740 6,680 6,620
18,500 19,000 19,500 20,000 20,500 21,000	19,000 19,500 20,000 20,500 21,000 21,500	10,160 10,100 10,040 9,980 9,920 9,860	19,580 19,580 19,580 19,580 19,580 19,580	7,658 7,560 7,461 7,362 7,263 7,164	12,872 12,759 12,647 12,534 12,422 12,309	48,500 49,000 49,500 50,000 50,500 51,000	49,000 49,500 50,000 50,500 51,000 51,500	6,560 6,500 6,440 6,380 6,320 6,260	14,291 14,192 14,094 13,995 13,896 13,797	1,725 1,626 1,527 1,428 1,329 1,231	6,560 6,500 6,440 6,380 6,320 6,260
21,500 22,000 22,500 23,000 23,500 24,000	22,000 22,500 23,000 23,500 24,000 24,500	9,800 9,740 9,680 9,620 9,560 9,500	19,580 19,533 19,434 19,335 19,236 19,137	7,065 6,966 6,867 6,768 6,670 6,571	12,197 12,084 11,971 11,859 11,746 11,634	51,500 52,000 52,500 53,000 53,500 54,000	52,000 52,500 53,000 53,500 54,000 54,500	6,200 6,140 6,080 6,020 5,960 5,900	13,698 13,599 13,500 13,401 13,302 13,204	1,132 1,033 934 835 736 637	6,200 6,140 6,080 6,020 5,960 5,900
24,500 25,000 25,500 26,000 26,500 27,000	25,000 25,500 26,000 26,500 27,000 27,500	9,440 9,380 9,320 9,260 9,200 9,140	19,038 18,939 18,840 18,741 18,643 18,544	6,472 6,373 6,274 6,175 6,076 5,977	11,521 11,409 11,296 11,183 11,071 10,958	54,500 55,000 55,500 56,000 56,500 57,000	55,000 55,500 56,000 56,500 57,000 57,500	5,840 5,780 5,720 5,660 5,600 5,540	13,105 13,006 12,907 12,808 12,709 12,610	538 439 341 242 143 44	5,840 5,780 5,720 5,660 5,600 5,540
27,500 28,000 28,500 29,000 29,500 30,000	28,000 28,500 29,000 29,500 30,000 30,500	9,080 9,020 8,960 8,900 8,840 8,780	18,445 18,346 18,247 18,148 18,049 17,950	5,878 5,780 5,681 5,582 5,483 5,384	10,846 10,733 10,620 10,508 10,395 10,283	57,500 58,000 58,500 59,000 59,500 60,000	58,000 58,500 59,000 59,500 60,000 60,500	5,480 5,420 5,360 5,300 5,240 5,180	12,511 12,412 12,314 12,215 12,116 12,017	0 0 0 0 0	5,480 5,420 5,360 5,300 5,240 5,180
30,500 31,000 31,500 32,000 32,500 33,000	31,000 31,500 32,000 32,500 33,000 33,500	8,720 8,660 8,600 8,540 8,480 8,420	17,851 17,753 17,654 17,555 17,456 17,357	5,285 5,186 5,087 4,988 4,890 4,791	10,170 10,058 9,945 9,832 9,720 9,607	60,500 61,000 61,500 62,000 62,500 63,000	61,000 61,500 62,000 62,500 63,000 63,500	5,120 5,060 5,000 4,940 4,880 4,820	11,918 11,819 11,720 11,621 11,522 11,424	0 0 0 0 0	5,120 5,060 5,000 4,940 4,880 4,820
33,500 34,000 34,500 35,000 35,500 36,000	34,000 34,500 35,000 35,500 36,000 36,500	8,360 8,300 8,240 8,180 8,120 8,060	17,258 17,159 17,060 16,961 16,863 16,764	4,692 4,593 4,494 4,395 4,296 4,197	9,495 9,382 9,270 9,157 9,044 8,932	63,500 64,000 64,500 65,000 65,500 66,000	64,000 64,500 65,000 65,500 66,000 66,500	4,760 4,700 4,640 4,580 4,520 4,460	11,325 11,226 11,127 11,028 10,929 10,830	0 0 0 0 0	4,760 4,700 4,640 4,580 4,520 4,460
36,500 37,000 37,500 38,000 38,500 39,000	37,000 37,500 38,000 38,500 39,000 39,500	8,000 7,940 7,880 7,820 7,760 7,700	16,665 16,566 16,467 16,368 16,269 16,170	4,098 3,999 3,901 3,802 3,703 3,604	8,819 8,707 8,594 8,482 8,369 8,256	66,500 67,000 67,500 68,000 68,500 69,000	67,000 67,500 68,000 68,500 69,000 69,500	4,400 4,340 4,280 4,220 4,160 4,100	10,731 10,632 10,534 10,435 10,336 10,237	0 0 0 0 0	4,400 4,340 4,280 4,220 4,160 4,100

Continued on next page

# **2018 Standard Deduction Table**

(continued from page 55)

If your ind (line 14 of F	come Form 1) is –		And	you are –		If your in (line 14 of	<b>come</b> Form 1) <b>is –</b>		And	you are –	
At	But less	Single	Married filing jointly	Married filing separately	Head of a household	At	But less	Single	Married filing jointly	Married filing separately	Head of a household
least	than	Yo	our standai	rd deduction	n is –	least	than	Yo	our standa	rd deductio	n is –
69,500 70,000 70,500 71,000 71,500 72,000	70,000 70,500 71,000 71,500 72,000 72,500	4,040 3,980 3,920 3,860 3,800 3,740	10,138 10,039 9,940 9,841 9,742 9,644	0 0 0 0 0	4,040 3,980 3,920 3,860 3,800 3,740	99,500 100,000 100,500 101,000 101,500 102,000	100,000 100,500 101,000 101,500 102,000 102,500	440 380 320 260 200 140	4,205 4,106 4,007 3,908 3,809 3,710	0 0 0 0 0	440 380 320 260 200 140
72,500 73,000 73,500 74,000 74,500 75,000	73,000 73,500 74,000 74,500 75,000 75,500	3,680 3,620 3,560 3,500 3,440 3,380	9,545 9,446 9,347 9,248 9,149 9,050	0 0 0 0 0	3,680 3,620 3,560 3,500 3,440 3,380	102,500 103,000 103,500 104,000 104,500 105,000	103,000 103,500 104,000 104,500 105,000 105,500	80 20 0 0 0	3,611 3,512 3,413 3,315 3,216 3,117	0 0 0 0 0	80 20 0 0 0 0
75,500 76,000 76,500 77,000 77,500 78,000	76,000 76,500 77,000 77,500 78,000 78,500	3,320 3,260 3,200 3,140 3,080 3,020	8,951 8,852 8,754 8,655 8,556 8,457	0 0 0 0 0	3,320 3,260 3,200 3,140 3,080 3,020	105,500 106,000 106,500 107,000 107,500 108,000	106,000 106,500 107,000 107,500 108,000 108,500	0 0 0 0 0	3,018 2,919 2,820 2,721 2,622 2,523	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0
78,500 79,000 79,500 80,000 80,500 81,000	79,000 79,500 80,000 80,500 81,000 81,500	2,960 2,900 2,840 2,780 2,720 2,660	8,358 8,259 8,160 8,061 7,962 7,864	0 0 0 0 0	2,960 2,900 2,840 2,780 2,720 2,660	108,500 109,000 109,500 110,000 110,000 110,500	109,000 109,500 110,000 110,500 110,500 111,000	0 0 0 0 0	2,425 2,326 2,227 2,128 2,128 2,029	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0
81,500 82,000 82,500 83,000 83,500 84,000	82,000 82,500 83,000 83,500 84,000 84,500	2,600 2,540 2,480 2,420 2,360 2,300	7,765 7,666 7,567 7,468 7,369 7,270	0 0 0 0 0	2,600 2,540 2,480 2,420 2,360 2,300	111,000 111,500 112,000 112,500 113,000 113,500	111,500 112,000 112,500 113,000 113,500 114,000	0 0 0 0 0	1,930 1,831 1,732 1,633 1,535 1,436	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0
84,500 85,000 85,500 86,000 86,500 87,000	85,000 85,500 86,000 86,500 87,000 87,500	2,240 2,180 2,120 2,060 2,000 1,940	7,171 7,072 6,974 6,875 6,776 6,677	0 0 0 0 0	2,240 2,180 2,120 2,060 2,000 1,940	114,000 114,500 115,000 115,500 116,000 116,500	114,500 115,000 115,500 116,000 116,500 117,000	0 0 0 0 0	1,337 1,238 1,139 1,040 941 842	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0
87,500 88,000 88,500 89,000 89,500 90,000	88,000 88,500 89,000 89,500 90,000 90,500	1,880 1,820 1,760 1,700 1,640 1,580	6,578 6,479 6,380 6,281 6,182 6,083	0 0 0 0 0	1,880 1,820 1,760 1,700 1,640 1,580	117,000 117,500 118,000 118,500 119,000 119,500	117,500 118,000 118,500 119,000 119,500 120,000	0 0 0 0 0	743 645 546 447 348 249	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0
90,500 91,000 91,500 92,000 92,500 93,000	91,000 91,500 92,000 92,500 93,000 93,500	1,520 1,460 1,400 1,340 1,280 1,220	5,985 5,886 5,787 5,688 5,589 5,490	0 0 0 0 0	1,520 1,460 1,400 1,340 1,280 1,220	120,000 120,500 121,000 121,009	120,500 121,000 121,009 or over	0 0 0	150 51 1 0	0 0 0	0 0 0 0
93,500 94,000 94,500 95,000 95,500 96,000	94,000 94,500 95,000 95,500 96,000 96,500	1,160 1,100 1,040 980 920 860	5,391 5,292 5,193 5,095 4,996 4,897	0 0 0 0 0	1,160 1,100 1,040 980 920 860						
96,500 97,000 97,500 98,000 98,500 99,000	97,000 97,500 98,000 98,500 99,000 99,500	800 740 680 620 560 500	4,798 4,699 4,600 4,501 4,402 4,303	0 0 0 0 0	800 740 680 620 560 500						

# Wisconsin School District Number

Appearing below is an alphabetical listing of Wisconsin school districts. Refer to this listing and find the number of the district in which you lived on December 31, 2018. Fill in this number in the name and address area of your return. Failure to include your school district number may delay the processing of your return and any refund due.

The listing is divided into two sections. **SECTION I** lists all districts which operate high schools. **SECTION II** lists those districts which operate schools having only elementary grades.

Your school district will generally be the name of the municipality where the public high school is located which any children at your home would be entitled to attend. However, if such high school is a "union high school," refer to **SECTION II** and find the number of your elementary district.

The listing has the names of the school districts only to help you find your district number. Don't write in the name of your school district or

the name of any specific school. Fill in only your school district's number on the school district line in the name and address area of your return. For example:

- 1. If you lived in the city of Milwaukee, you will enter the number 3619 on the school district line.
- 2. If you lived in the city of Hartford, you would refer to **SECTION II** and find the number 2443, which is the number for Jt. No. 1 Hartford elementary district.

The following are other factors to be considered in determining your school district number:

- If you lived in one school district but worked in another, fill in the district number where you lived.
- 2. If you were temporarily living away from your permanent home, fill in the district number of your permanent home.

Note If you can't identify your school district, contact your municipal clerk or local school for help.

SECTION I – Sch	100l C	Districts Operatin	g Hig	h Schools							
School District	No.	School District	No.	School District	No.	School District	No.	School District	No.	School District	No.
ABBOTSFORD	0007	CLEAR LAKE	1127	GREENFIELD	2303	MCFARLAND	3381	PESHTIGO	4305	STEVENS POINT	5607
ADAMS-FRIENDSHIP		CLINTON	1134	GREEN LAKE	2310	MEDFORD	3409	PEWAUKEE	4312	STOCKBRIDGE	
ALBANY ALGOMA	0063	CLINTONVILLE COCHRANE-	1141	GREENWOOD GRESHAM	2/15	MELLEN MELROSE-MINDORO	3427	PHELPS PHILLIPS	4330	STOUGHTON	5621
ALGOWA	0084	FOUNTAIN CITY	1155	GRESHAW	2413	MENASHA	3420	PITTSVILLE	4368	STRATFORD	5642
ALMA ALMA CENTER	0091	COLBY	1162	HAMILTON HARTFORD UHS	2420	MENOMINEE INDIAN .	3434	PITTSVILLE PLATTEVILLE	4389	SUN PRAIRIE	5656
ALMOND-		COLEMAN	1169	HARTFORD UHS	*	MENOMONEE FALLS MENOMONIE	3437	PLUM CITY	4459	SUPERIOR	5663
BANCROFT	0105	COLFAX COLUMBUS	1176	HAYWARD	2478	MENOMONIE	3444	PLYMOUTH		SURING	5670
ALTOONA AMERY	0112	CORNELL	1204	HIGHLAND HILBERT		MEQUON- THIENSVILLE	3470	PORTAGE PORT EDWARDS	4501		5726
ANTIGO		CRANDON		HILLSBORO	2541	MERCER	3479	PORT WASHINGTON-	4300	THORP THREE LAKES	5733
APPLETON		CRIVITZ	1232	HOLMEN	2562	MERRILL	3500	SAUKVILLE	4515	TIGERTON	5740
ARCADIA	0154	CUBA CITY		HORICON	2576	MIDDLETON-CROSS		POTOSI	4529	TOMAH	5747
ARGYLE	0161	CUDAHY	1253	HORTONVILLE AREA	2583	PLAINS	3549	POYNETTE	4536	TOMAHAWK TOMORROW RIVER	5754
ARROWHEAD UHS ASHLAND	*	CUMBERLAND	1260	HOWARD-SUAMICO HOWARDS GROVE	2605	MILTON	3610	PRAIRIE DU CHIEN PRAIRIE FARM	4543	TOMORROW RIVER	/375
ASHWAUBENON	0182	D C EVEREST	4970	HUDSON		MILWAUKEE MINERAL POINT	3633	PRENTICE	4571	TRI-COUNTY TURTLE LAKE	5810
ATHENS	0196	DARLINGTON	1295	HURLEY	2618	MISHICOT	3661	PRESCOTT	4578	TWO RIVERS	5824
AUBURNDALE	0203	DEERFIELD	1309	HUSTISFORD	2625	MONDOVI MONONA GROVE	3668	PRINCETON	4606		
AUGUSTA	0217	DE FOREST DELAVAN-DARIEN	1316		0000	MONONA GROVE	3675	PULASKI	4613	UNION GROVE UHS	*
BALDWIN-WOODVILLE	= 0221	DELAVAN-DARIEN DENMARK	1380	INDEPENDENCE IOLA-SCANDINAVIA	2632	MONROE	3682	PACINE	4620	UNITY	0238
BANGOR		DE PERE		IOWA-GRANT	2646	MONTELLO MONTICELLO	3696	RACINE RANDOLPH RANDOM LAKE	4634	VALDERS	5866
BARABOO	0280	DE SOTO	1421	ITHACA		MOSINEE	3787	RANDOM LAKE	4641	VERONA	5901
BARABOO BARNEVELD	0287	DE SOTO DODGELAND	2744			MOSINEE	3794	REEDSBURG	4753	VIROQUA	5985
BARRON	0308	DODGEVILLE	1428	JANESVILLE	2695	MUKWONAGO MUSKEGO-NORWAY .	3822	REEDSVILLE	4760		5000
BAYFIELD BEAVER DAM	0315	DRUMMOND DURAND	1491	JEFFERSON JOHNSON CREEK	2702	MUSKEGO-NORWAY .	3857	RHINELANDER RIB LAKE	4781		5992
BEECHER-DUNBAR-	0330	DURAND	1499	JUDA	2737	NECEDAH	3871	RICE LAKE	4802	WASHBURN WASHINGTON	6069
PEMBINE	4263	EAST TROY	1540	000,0		NEENAH	3892	RICHLAND	4851	WATERFORD UHS	*
BELLEVILLE	0350	EAU CLAIRE	1554	KAUKAUNA	2758	NEILLSVILLE	3899	RIO	4865	WATERLOO	6118
BELMONT	0364	EDGAR	1561	KENOSHA	2793	NEKOOSA	3906	RIPON AREA	4872	WATERTOWN	6125
BELOIT	0413	EDGERTON ELCHO	1568	KETTLE MORAINE KEWASKUM	1376	NEW AUBURN	3920	RIVERDALE	3850	WAUKESHA	61/4
BELOIT TURNER BENTON	0422	ELEVA-STRUM	1600	KEWAUNEE		NEW BERLIN NEW GLARUS	3925	RIVERDALE RIVER FALLS RIVER RIDGE RIVER VALLEY	4904	WAUNAKEE WAUPACA	6195
BERLIN	0434	ELKHART LAKE-		KICKAPOO	5960	NEW HOLSTEIN	3941	RIVER VALLEY	5523	WALIPLIN	6216
BIG FOOT UHS	*	GLENBEULAH	1631	KIEL KIMBERLY	2828	NEW HOLSTEIN NEW LISBON	3948	RUSENDALE-		WAUSAU	6223
BIRCHWOOD	0441	ELKHORN	1638	KIMBERLY	2835	NEW LONDON NEW RICHMOND	3955	BRANDON		WAUSAUKEE	6230
BLACK HAWK BLACK RIVER FALLS	2240	ELK MOUND ELLSWORTH	1645	KOHLER	2842	NEW RICHMOND NIAGARA	3962	ROSHOLT ROYALL		WAUTOMA WAUWATOSA	6237
BLAIR-TAYLOR	0485	ELMBROOK	0714	LA CROSSE	2849	NICOLET UHS	*	NOTALL	1075	WAUZEKA-STEUBEN	6251
BLOOMER	0497	ELMWOOD	1666	LADYSMITH	2856	NORRIS	3976	SAINT CROIX		WEBSTER	6293
BONDUEL	0602	EVANSVILLE	1694	LA FARGE	2863	NORTH CRAWFORD .	2016	CENTRAL	2422	WEST ALLIS	
BOSCOBEL AREA	0609		4700	LAKE GENEVA-		NORTH FOND DU LAC	2 3983	SAINT CROIX FALLS .	5019	WEST BEND	6307
BOWLER BOYCEVILLE	0623	FALL CREEK FALL RIVER	1729	GENOA CITY UHS . LAKE HOLCOMBE	*	NORTHERN OZAUKEE NORTHLAND PINES	1526	SAINT FRANCIS SAUK PRAIRIE	5026	WEST SALEM WESTBY	6370
BRILLION	0658	FENNIMORE	1813	LAKELAND UHS	*	NORTHWOOD	3654	SENECA		WEST DE PERE	6328
BRODHEAD	0700	FLAMBEAU		LAKE MILLS	2898	NORWALK-ONTARIO-		SEVASTOPOL	5130	WESTFIELD	6335
BROWN DEER	0721	FLORENCE CO	1855	LANCASTER	2912	WILTON	3990	SEYMOUR	5138	WESTON	6354
BRUCE	0735	FOND DU LAC	1862	LAONA	2940			SHAWANO SHEBOYGAN	5264	WEYAUWEGA-	0004
BURLINGTON BUTTERNUT	0///	FORT ATKINSON FRANKLIN		LENA LITTLE CHUTE	2961	OAK CREEK- FRANKLIN	1018	SHEBOYGAN	5271	FREMONT WHITEFISH BAY	6/10
BUTTERNUT	0040	FREDERIC		LODI	3150		4018	SHELL LAKE	5306	WHITEHALL	6426
CADOTT	0870	FREEDOM		LOMIRA	3171	OAKFIELD OCONOMOWOC	4060	SHIOCTON	5348	WHITE LAKE	6440
CAMBRIA-FRIESLAND	0882			LOYAL	3206	OCONTO OCONTO FALLS	4067	SHIOCTON	5355	WHITEWATER	6461
CAMBRIDGE	0896	GALESVILLE-ETTRICH	<-	LUCK	3213	OCONTO FALLS	4074	SHULLSBURG	5362	WHITNALL	6470
CAMERON CAMPBELLSPORT	0903	TREMPEALEAU GERMANTOWN	2009	LUXEMBURG-CASCO	. 3220	OMRO ONALASKA	4088	SIREN SLINGER	53/6	WILD ROSE WILLIAMS BAY	64/5
CASHTON	0910	GIBRALTAR	2114	MADISON	3269	OOSTBURG	4095	SOLON SPRINGS	5397	WILMOT LIHS	*
CASSVILLE	0994	GILLETT		MANAWA	3276	OREGON	4144	SOMERSET	5432	WILMOT UHS WINNECONNE	6608
CEDARBURG	1015	GILMAN	2135	MANITOWOC	3290	OSCEOLA	4165	SOUTH MILWAUKEE .	5439	WINTER	6615
CEDAR GROVE-		GILMANTON	2142	MAPLE	3297	OSHKOSH OSSEO-FAIRCHILD	4179	SOUTH SHORE	4522	WISCONSIN DELLS	6678
BELGIUM CENTRAL/WESTOSHA	1029	GLENWOOD CITY	2198	MARATHON CITY	3304	OSSEO-FAIRCHILD	4186	SOUTHERN DOOR CC SOUTHWESTERN WISCONSIN	5457	WISCONSIN HEIGHTS WISCONSIN RAPIDS	\$ 0469 6695
CHEQUAMEGON	1071	GOODMAN- ARMSTRONG	2212	MARINETTE MARION		OWEN-WITHEE	4207	WISCONSIN	2485	WISCONSIN RAPIDS . WITTENBERG-	0000
CHECOAMEGON		GRAFTON		MARKESAN		PALMYRA-EAGLE	4221	SPARTA	5460	BIRNAMWOOD	6692
WEYERHAEUSER .	1080	GRANTON	2226	MARSHALL	3332	PARDEEVILLE	4228	SPENCER	5467	WONEWOC-UNION	
CHILTON CHIPPEWA FALLS	1085	GRANTSBURG	2233	MARSHFIELD	3339	PARKVIEW	4151	SPOONER	5474	CENTER	
CHIPPEWA FALLS	1092	GREEN BAY	2289	MAUSTON	3360	PECATONICA	0490	SPRING VALLEY	5586	WRIGHTSTOWN	6734
CLAYTON	1120	GREENDALE	2296	MAYVILLE	3307	PEPIN	4270	STANLEY-BOYD	၁၁୨୪୪		
*This is a "Union	High	School" district. Re	efer to	Section II of this li	isting a	and determine the	numb	er of your element	ary sc	hool district.	

\*This is a "Union High School" district. Refer to Section II of this listing and determine the number of your elementary school district.

#### SECTION II – School Districts Operating Only Elementary Schools

		· · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
BRIGHTON, #10657	GLENDALE-	LAC DU FLAMBEAU #1 .1848	MINOCQUA, JT #13640	RICHMOND3122	UNION GROVE, JT #15859
BRISTOL, #10665	RIVER HILLS2184	LAKE COUNTRY3862	NORTH CAPE4690	SALEM5068	WALWORTH, JT #16022
DOVER, #11449	HARTFORD, JT #12443	LAKE GENEVA, JT #12885	NORTH LAKE3514	SHARON, JT #115258	WASHINGTON-
ERIN1687	HARTLAND-	LINN, JT #43087	NORTH LAKELAND0616	SILVER LAKE, JT #15369	CALDWELL6104
FONTANA, JT #81870	LAKESIDE, JT #32460	LINN, JT #6	NORWAY, JT #74011	STONE BANK	WATERFORD, JT #16113
FOX POINT, JT #21890	HERMAN-NEOSHO-	MAPLE DALE-	PARIS, JT #14235	SWALLOW3510	WHEATLAND, JT #16412
GENEVA, JT #42044	RUBICON2525	INDIAN HILL1897	RANDALL, JT #14627	TREVOR-WILMOT5780	WOODRUFF, JT #16720
GENOA CITY, JT #22051	HOLY HILL AREA2570	MERTON COMMUNITY 3528	RAYMOND, #144686	TWIN LAKES, #45817	YORKVILLE, JT #26748

ABLE accounts			16,	26
Additions to and subtractions from income				
Additions to income	• •	• •	14,	28
Adoption expenses	• •	• • •	• •	22
Age	• •	• • •	• • •	3 35
Amended returns	<u>.</u>	 ЛЛ	15	17
Amount you owe	э,	,	40,	45
Amounts not deductible				15
Amounts not taxable-subtraction				23
Armed forces personnel				8
Assembling your return				5
Basis of assets		15,	28,	29
Capital gain and loss	• •	• • •	14,	17
Charitable contributions (shareholders)	• •	• • •	• •	29
Child and dependent care expenses College savings and tuition programs	• •	• • •	11	21
Combat zone death				
Copies of prior returns	• •	• • •	• •	9
Credit card payments				45
Crodito				
Angel Investment			. 7,	37
Armed forces member				32
Biodiesel fuel production		· · ·	• •	35
Business development				
Capital investment	• •	• •	15,	37
Dairy and livestock farm investment	• •	• •	15,	30
Development and technology zones	• •	• • •	15	37
Earned income			10,	41
Early stage seed investment			. 7,	37
Economic development			15,	37
Electronic medical records				37
Electronics and information technology manufacturing zone				
manufacturing zone		-15.	44.	-45
		- /	4 -	25
Employee college savings account contributio	n		15,	35
Enterprise zone jobs	n	15,	15, 44,	35 45
Enterprise zone jobs Ethanol and biodiesel fuel pump	n 	15,	15, 44,	35 45 37
Enterprise zone jobs         Ethanol and biodiesel fuel pump         Farmland preservation	n  	15, 9,	15, 44, 15,	35 45 37 41
Enterprise zone jobsEthanol and biodiesel fuel pumpFarmland preservationFilm production investmentFilm production services	n   	15, . 9,	15, 44, 15,	35 45 37 41 35 37
Enterprise zone jobs         Ethanol and biodiesel fuel pump         Farmland preservation         Film production investment         Film production services         Health insurance risk-sharing	n   	15, 9,	15, 44, 15, 	35 45 37 41 35 37 35
Enterprise zone jobsEthanol and biodiesel fuel pumpFarmland preservationFilm production investmentFilm production servicesHealth insurance risk-sharingHistoric rehabilitation	n    	15, . 9, 	15, 44, 15, 	35 45 37 41 35 37 35 37
Enterprise zone jobsEthanol and biodiesel fuel pumpFarmland preservationFilm production investmentFilm production servicesHealth insurance risk-sharingHistoric rehabilitationHomestead	n    	15, . 9, 	15, 44,  15,    42,	35 45 37 41 35 37 35 37 45
Enterprise zone jobs         Ethanol and biodiesel fuel pump         Farmland preservation         Film production investment         Film production services         Health insurance risk-sharing         Historic rehabilitation         Homestead         Internet equipment	n     	15, 9,	15, 44, 15,  7, 42,	35 45 37 41 35 37 35 37 45 37
Enterprise zone jobsEthanol and biodiesel fuel pumpFarmland preservationFilm production investmentFilm production servicesHealth insurance risk-sharingHistoric rehabilitationHomesteadInternet equipmentItemized deduction	n      	15, 9, 	15, 44, 15,  7, 42,	35 45 37 41 35 37 35 37 45 37 31
Enterprise zone jobsEthanol and biodiesel fuel pumpFarmland preservationFilm production investmentFilm production servicesHealth insurance risk-sharingHistoric rehabilitationHomesteadInternet equipmentItemized deductionJobs tax	n      	15, 9,  8, 	15, 44, 15,  7, 42, 	35 45 37 41 35 37 35 37 45 37 45 31 45
Enterprise zone jobsEthanol and biodiesel fuel pumpFarmland preservationFilm production investmentFilm production servicesHealth insurance risk-sharingHistoric rehabilitationHomesteadInternet equipmentItemized deduction	n       	 9,  8,  15,	15, 44, 15, 7, 42, 44, 7,	35 45 37 41 35 37 35 37 45 37 45 31 45
Enterprise zone jobsEthanol and biodiesel fuel pumpFarmland preservationFilm production investmentFilm production servicesHealth insurance risk-sharingHistoric rehabilitationHomesteadInternet equipmentItemized deductionJobs taxLow-income housing	n       	15, 9,  8,  15,	15, 44, 15, 7, 42, 44, 7,	35 45 37 41 35 37 35 37 45 37 31 45 37 37 37
Enterprise zone jobs Ethanol and biodiesel fuel pump Farmland preservation Film production investment Film production services Health insurance risk-sharing Historic rehabilitation Homestead Internet equipment Itemized deduction Jobs tax Low-income housing Manufacturer's sales tax Manufacturing and agriculture Manufacturing investment	n 	15, 9,  8,  15, 	15, 44, 15, 7, 42, 44, 7, 15, 15,	35 45 37 41 35 37 35 37 45 37 31 45 37 37 37 37
Enterprise zone jobs Ethanol and biodiesel fuel pump Farmland preservation Film production investment Film production services Health insurance risk-sharing Historic rehabilitation Homestead Internet equipment Itemized deduction Jobs tax Low-income housing Manufacturer's sales tax Manufacturing and agriculture Manufacturing investment Married couple	n 	15, 9,  8,  15, 	15, 44, 15, 7, 42, 44, 7, 15, 15,	35 37 41 35 37 35 37 45 37 31 45 37 37 37 37 37 36
Enterprise zone jobs Ethanol and biodiesel fuel pump Farmland preservation Film production investment Film production services Health insurance risk-sharing Historic rehabilitation Homestead Internet equipment Itemized deduction Jobs tax Low-income housing Manufacturer's sales tax Manufacturing and agriculture Manufacturing investment Married couple Opportunity zone investment	n 	15, . 9,    	15, 44, 15, 7, 42, 44, .7, 15,	35 45 37 41 35 37 45 37 35 37 45 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37
Enterprise zone jobs Ethanol and biodiesel fuel pump Farmland preservation Film production investment Film production services Health insurance risk-sharing Historic rehabilitation Homestead Internet equipment Itemized deduction Jobs tax Low-income housing Manufacturer's sales tax Manufacturing and agriculture Manufacturing investment Married couple Opportunity zone investment Postsecondary education	n 	15, 9,  8,  15, 	15, 44, 15, 7, 42, 44, 15,	$\begin{array}{c} 35\\ 45\\ 37\\ 41\\ 35\\ 37\\ 35\\ 37\\ 35\\ 37\\ 35\\ 37\\ 37\\ 37\\ 37\\ 37\\ 37\\ 37\\ 37\\ 37\\ 35\\ 37\\ 35\\ 37\\ 35\\ 35\\ \end{array}$
Enterprise zone jobs Ethanol and biodiesel fuel pump Farmland preservation Film production investment Film production services Health insurance risk-sharing Historic rehabilitation Homestead Internet equipment Itemized deduction Jobs tax Low-income housing Manufacturer's sales tax Manufacturing and agriculture Manufacturing investment Married couple Opportunity zone investment Postsecondary education Repayment	n          	15, 9,  8,  15, 	15, 44,	$\begin{array}{c} 35\\ 45\\ 37\\ 41\\ 35\\ 37\\ 35\\ 37\\ 35\\ 37\\ 37\\ 37\\ 37\\ 37\\ 37\\ 37\\ 37\\ 37\\ 36\\ 37\\ 35\\ 42\\ \end{array}$
Enterprise zone jobs Ethanol and biodiesel fuel pump Farmland preservation Film production investment Film production services Health insurance risk-sharing Historic rehabilitation Homestead Internet equipment Itemized deduction Jobs tax Low-income housing Manufacturer's sales tax Manufacturing and agriculture Manufacturing investment Married couple Opportunity zone investment Postsecondary education Repayment Research	n   	15, 9,  8,  15,  35,	15, 44, . .15, . .7, 42, . .44, . .15, . 	$\begin{array}{c} 35\\ 45\\ 37\\ 41\\ 35\\ 37\\ 35\\ 37\\ 35\\ 37\\ 37\\ 37\\ 37\\ 37\\ 37\\ 37\\ 36\\ 37\\ 35\\ 42\\ 44 \end{array}$
Enterprise zone jobs Ethanol and biodiesel fuel pump Farmland preservation Film production investment Film production services Health insurance risk-sharing Historic rehabilitation Homestead Internet equipment Itemized deduction Jobs tax Low-income housing Manufacturer's sales tax Manufacturing and agriculture Manufacturing investment Married couple Opportunity zone investment Postsecondary education Repayment Research School property tax credit	n 	15, 9,  8,  15,  35,	15, 44, 15, 15, 42, 44, 15, 15, 37,	$\begin{array}{c} 35\\ 45\\ 37\\ 41\\ 35\\ 37\\ 35\\ 37\\ 35\\ 37\\ 37\\ 37\\ 37\\ 37\\ 37\\ 37\\ 37\\ 36\\ 37\\ 35\\ 42 \end{array}$
Enterprise zone jobs Ethanol and biodiesel fuel pump Farmland preservation Film production investment Film production services Health insurance risk-sharing Historic rehabilitation Homestead Internet equipment Itemized deduction Jobs tax Low-income housing Manufacturer's sales tax Manufacturing and agriculture Manufacturing investment Married couple Opportunity zone investment Postsecondary education Repayment Research	n 	15, 9, 8, 15, 35,	15, 44, 15, 7, 42, 44, 15, 15, 37,	$\begin{array}{c} 35\\ 45\\ 37\\ 41\\ 35\\ 37\\ 35\\ 37\\ 45\\ 37\\ 37\\ 37\\ 37\\ 37\\ 37\\ 37\\ 37\\ 37\\ 37$
Enterprise zone jobs Ethanol and biodiesel fuel pump Farmland preservation Film production investment Film production services Health insurance risk-sharing Historic rehabilitation Homestead Internet equipment Itemized deduction Jobs tax Low-income housing Manufacturer's sales tax Manufacturing and agriculture Manufacturing investment Married couple Opportunity zone investment Postsecondary education Repayment Research School property tax credit Tax paid to another state Veteran employment credit Veterans and surviving spouses property tax	n 	15, 9, 8, 15, 35,	15, 44,  15,   42,  44, .7,  15, 15,  37, 	$\begin{array}{c} 35\\ 45\\ 37\\ 41\\ 35\\ 37\\ 45\\ 37\\ 35\\ 37\\ 37\\ 37\\ 37\\ 37\\ 37\\ 37\\ 37\\ 37\\ 37$
Enterprise zone jobs Ethanol and biodiesel fuel pump Farmland preservation Film production investment Film production services Health insurance risk-sharing Historic rehabilitation Homestead Internet equipment Itemized deduction Jobs tax Low-income housing Manufacturer's sales tax Manufacturing and agriculture Manufacturing investment Married couple Opportunity zone investment Postsecondary education Repayment Research School property tax credit Tax paid to another state Veteran employment credit Veterans and surviving spouses property tax Water consumption	n 	15, 9,  8,  15,  35, 	15, 44,  15,  42,  44,  15, 15,  37,  	$\begin{array}{c} 35\\ 45\\ 37\\ 41\\ 35\\ 37\\ 35\\ 37\\ 35\\ 37\\ 37\\ 37\\ 37\\ 37\\ 37\\ 37\\ 37\\ 37\\ 37$
Enterprise zone jobs Ethanol and biodiesel fuel pump Farmland preservation Film production investment Film production services Health insurance risk-sharing Historic rehabilitation Homestead Internet equipment Itemized deduction Jobs tax Low-income housing Manufacturer's sales tax Manufacturing and agriculture Manufacturing investment Married couple Opportunity zone investment Postsecondary education Repayment Research School property tax credit Tax paid to another state Veteran employment credit Veterans and surviving spouses property tax Water consumption Working families tax	n 	15, 9,  8,  15,  35, 	15, 44, 15, 44, 44, 15, 15, 15, 15, 37,	$\begin{array}{c} 35\\ 45\\ 37\\ 41\\ 35\\ 37\\ 35\\ 37\\ 35\\ 37\\ 37\\ 37\\ 37\\ 37\\ 37\\ 37\\ 37\\ 36\\ 37\\ 35\\ 44\\ 32\\ 35\\ 42\\ 35\\ 35\\ 35\\ 35\\ 35\\ 35\\ 35\\ 35\\ 35\\ 35$
Enterprise zone jobs Ethanol and biodiesel fuel pump Farmland preservation	n 	15, 9, 8, 15, 35,	15, 44,  15,  42,  44, .7,  15, 15,  37, 	$\begin{array}{c} 35\\ 45\\ 37\\ 45\\ 37\\ 35\\ 37\\ 35\\ 37\\ 37\\ 37\\ 37\\ 37\\ 37\\ 37\\ 37\\ 37\\ 37$
Enterprise zone jobs Ethanol and biodiesel fuel pump Farmland preservation	n 	15, 9,  8,  35, 	15, 44, 15, 15, 42, 44, 7, 15, 15, 37, 37, 3,	$\begin{array}{c} 35\\ 45\\ 37\\ 45\\ 37\\ 35\\ 37\\ 35\\ 37\\ 37\\ 37\\ 37\\ 37\\ 37\\ 37\\ 37\\ 37\\ 37$
Enterprise zone jobs Ethanol and biodiesel fuel pump Farmland preservation Film production investment Film production services Health insurance risk-sharing Historic rehabilitation Homestead Internet equipment Itemized deduction Jobs tax Low-income housing Manufacturer's sales tax Manufacturing and agriculture Manufacturing investment Married couple Opportunity zone investment Postsecondary education Repayment Research School property tax credit Tax paid to another state Veterans and surviving spouses property tax Water consumption Working families tax Dependents Differences in federal and Wisconsin law	n 	15, 9, 8, 15, 35,	15, 44, 15, .7, 42, 44, 7, 15, 15, .37,  3,	$\begin{array}{c} 35\\ 45\\ 37\\ 45\\ 37\\ 35\\ 37\\ 35\\ 37\\ 37\\ 37\\ 37\\ 37\\ 37\\ 37\\ 37\\ 37\\ 37$
Enterprise zone jobs Ethanol and biodiesel fuel pump Farmland preservation Film production investment Film production services Health insurance risk-sharing Historic rehabilitation Homestead Internet equipment Itemized deduction Jobs tax Low-income housing Manufacturer's sales tax Manufacturing and agriculture Manufacturing investment Married couple Opportunity zone investment Postsecondary education Repayment Research School property tax credit Tax paid to another state Veteran employment credit Veterans and surviving spouses property tax Water consumption Working families tax Death of a taxpayer Dependents Differences in federal and Wisconsin law Disability income exclusion	n 	15, 9, 8, 15, 35, 35,	15, 44, 15, .7, 42, 44, .7, . 15, 15, .37,  3,	$\begin{array}{c} 35\\ 45\\ 37\\ 43\\ 5\\ 37\\ 35\\ 35\\ 35\\ 35\\ 37\\ 37\\ 37\\ 37\\ 37\\ 37\\ 36\\ 37\\ 35\\ 44\\ 42\\ 37\\ 35\\ 42\\ 43\\ 25\\ 35\\ 9\\ 312\\ 4\end{array}$
Enterprise zone jobs Ethanol and biodiesel fuel pump Farmland preservation Film production investment Film production services Health insurance risk-sharing Historic rehabilitation Homestead Internet equipment Itemized deduction Jobs tax Low-income housing Manufacturer's sales tax Manufacturing and agriculture Manufacturing investment Married couple Opportunity zone investment Postsecondary education Repayment Research School property tax credit Tax paid to another state Veteran employment credit Veterans and surviving spouses property tax Water consumption Working families tax Death of a taxpayer Dependents Differences in federal and Wisconsin law Disability income exclusion	n 	15, 9, 8, 15, 35, 35,	15, 44, 15, .7, 42, 44, 7, 15, 15, .37,  3,	$\begin{array}{c} 35\\ 45\\ 37\\ 43\\ 5\\ 37\\ 35\\ 35\\ 35\\ 35\\ 37\\ 37\\ 37\\ 37\\ 37\\ 37\\ 36\\ 37\\ 35\\ 44\\ 42\\ 37\\ 35\\ 42\\ 43\\ 25\\ 35\\ 9\\ 312\\ 4\end{array}$
Enterprise zone jobs Ethanol and biodiesel fuel pump Farmland preservation Film production investment Film production services Health insurance risk-sharing Historic rehabilitation Homestead Internet equipment Itemized deduction Jobs tax Low-income housing Manufacturer's sales tax Manufacturing and agriculture Manufacturing investment Married couple Opportunity zone investment Postsecondary education Repayment Research School property tax credit Tax paid to another state Veterans and surviving spouses property tax Water consumption Working families tax Death of a taxpayer Dependents Differences in federal and Wisconsin law Disability income exclusion Disregarded entity Donations Electronic filing	n	15,	15, 44, 15, 44, 44, 15, 15, 37, 3,  3,	$\begin{array}{c} 35\\ 45\\ 37\\ 43\\ 5\\ 37\\ 35\\ 37\\ 35\\ 37\\ 37\\ 37\\ 37\\ 37\\ 37\\ 36\\ 37\\ 35\\ 44\\ 43\\ 27\\ 35\\ 42\\ 35\\ 90\\ 12\\ 4\\ 5\\ 38\\ 4\end{array}$
Enterprise zone jobs Ethanol and biodiesel fuel pump Farmland preservation Film production investment Film production services Health insurance risk-sharing Historic rehabilitation Homestead Internet equipment Itemized deduction Jobs tax Low-income housing Manufacturer's sales tax Manufacturing and agriculture Manufacturing investment Married couple Opportunity zone investment Postsecondary education Repayment Research School property tax credit Tax paid to another state Veteran employment credit Veterans and surviving spouses property tax Water consumption Working families tax Death of a taxpayer Dependents Differences in federal and Wisconsin law Disability income exclusion	n	15, 9, 8, 15, 35,  8, 8, 8,	15, 44, 15, 44, 44, 15, 15, 37, 37, 44, 44, 44, 15, 15, 37, 44,	$\begin{array}{c} 35\\ 45\\ 37\\ 45\\ 37\\ 35\\ 35\\ 35\\ 35\\ 35\\ 37\\ 37\\ 37\\ 37\\ 36\\ 37\\ 35\\ 44\\ 42\\ 37\\ 35\\ 42\\ 35\\ 9\\ 0\\ 12\\ 4\\ 5\\ 8\\ 4\\ 5\end{array}$

Extension of time to file	
Federal adjusted gross income	2
Filing	-
•	5
Prepare to file	4
When to file / Extension	4
	6
	3
	3
Who should file	
Filing assistance	
Filing status	÷
Injured spouse	-
Installment payments	6
Insurance sale	
Interest income	-
Internal Revenue Service adjustments	
Internet address 10	
Legislator's per diem 20	6
Long-term care insurance 1	9
Lump-sum distributions 14	4
Marital property income 3	0
Medical care insurance 1	-
Name and address 1	-
Native Americans	-
Net operating loss	
Olympics medals and prize money	
Organ donation	
Passive foreign investment company	_
Penalties	0
Fraudulent or reckless credit claim	8
Inconsistent estate basis 4	U
	-
IRAs, retirement plans, MSAs, etc	9
IRAs, retirement plans, MSAs, etc	9 8
IRAs, retirement plans, MSAs, etc	9 8 1
IRAs, retirement plans, MSAs, etc.       33         Not filing or incorrect returns       34         Period covered       1         Physician or psychiatrist grant       22         Private school tuition       24	9 8 1 7 6
IRAs, retirement plans, MSAs, etc.       33         Not filing or incorrect returns       34         Period covered       1         Physician or psychiatrist grant       22         Private school tuition       24         Publications       10	9 8 1 7 6 0
IRAs, retirement plans, MSAs, etc.       33         Not filing or incorrect returns       34         Period covered       1         Physician or psychiatrist grant       22         Private school tuition       24         Publications       1         Railroad retirement benefits       22	9 8 1 7 6 0 2
IRAs, retirement plans, MSAs, etc.       33         Not filing or incorrect returns       34         Period covered       1         Physician or psychiatrist grant       22         Private school tuition       24         Publications       11         Railroad retirement benefits       22         Reciprocity       36	9 8 1 7 6 0 2 8
IRAs, retirement plans, MSAs, etc.       33         Not filing or incorrect returns       34         Period covered       1         Physician or psychiatrist grant       22         Private school tuition       24         Publications       14         Railroad retirement benefits       25         Reciprocity       36         Recoveries of federal itemized deductions       25	9 8 1 7 6 0 2 8 2
IRAs, retirement plans, MSAs, etc.       33         Not filing or incorrect returns       34         Period covered       1         Physician or psychiatrist grant       22         Private school tuition       24         Publications       11         Railroad retirement benefits       22         Reciprocity       33         Recoveries of federal itemized deductions       24         Refund       6, 4	9 8 1 7 6 0 2 8 2 5
IRAs, retirement plans, MSAs, etc.       33         Not filing or incorrect returns       34         Period covered       1         Physician or psychiatrist grant       22         Private school tuition       24         Publications       11         Railroad retirement benefits       22         Recoveries of federal itemized deductions       23         Refund       6, 4         Related entities       15, 24	9 8 1 7 6 0 2 8 2 5 6
IRAs, retirement plans, MSAs, etc.       33         Not filing or incorrect returns       34         Period covered       1         Physician or psychiatrist grant       22         Private school tuition       24         Publications       11         Railroad retirement benefits       22         Recoveries of federal itemized deductions       23         Refund       6, 4         Related entities       15, 2         Repayment of income previously taxed       24	9 8 1 7 6 0 2 8 2 5 6 5
IRAs, retirement plans, MSAs, etc.       33         Not filing or incorrect returns       34         Period covered       1         Physician or psychiatrist grant       22         Private school tuition       24         Publications       11         Railroad retirement benefits       22         Recoveries of federal itemized deductions       23         Refund       6, 4         Related entities       15, 24         Repayment of income previously taxed       22         Reserve or National Guard members       24	9 8 1 7 6 0 2 8 2 5 6 5 6
IRAs, retirement plans, MSAs, etc.       33         Not filing or incorrect returns       34         Period covered       1         Physician or psychiatrist grant       22         Private school tuition       21         Publications       11         Railroad retirement benefits       22         Reciprocity       33         Recoveries of federal itemized deductions       22         Refund       6, 44         Related entities       15, 22         Repayment of income previously taxed       22         Reserve or National Guard members       22         Retirement benefits       21-22, 22	98176028256567
IRAs, retirement plans, MSAs, etc.       33         Not filing or incorrect returns       34         Period covered       1         Physician or psychiatrist grant       22         Private school tuition       21         Publications       11         Railroad retirement benefits       22         Reciprocity       33         Recoveries of federal itemized deductions       22         Refund       6,4         Related entities       15,2         Repayment of income previously taxed       22         Reserve or National Guard members       21-22,2         Rounding to whole dollars       11	981760282565672
IRAs, retirement plans, MSAs, etc.       33         Not filing or incorrect returns       34         Period covered       1         Physician or psychiatrist grant       22         Private school tuition       24         Publications       11         Railroad retirement benefits       22         Recoveries of federal itemized deductions       23         Refund       6,4         Related entities       15,2         Repayment of income previously taxed       22         Retirement benefits       21-22,2         Rounding to whole dollars       11         Sales and use tax due on out-of-state purchases       33         Sales to related persons       24,4	9 8 1 7 6 0 2 8 2 5 6 5 6 7 2 8 0
IRAs, retirement plans, MSAs, etc.       33         Not filing or incorrect returns       1         Period covered       1         Physician or psychiatrist grant       2         Private school tuition       2         Publications       1         Railroad retirement benefits       2         Reciprocity       33         Recoveries of federal itemized deductions       2         Refund       6,4         Related entities       15,2         Repayment of income previously taxed       2         Retirement benefits       21-22,2         Rounding to whole dollars       3         Sales and use tax due on out-of-state purchases       3         Sales to related persons       24,4         School district number       12,5	9 8 1 7 6 0 2 8 2 5 6 5 6 7 2 8 0
IRAs, retirement plans, MSAs, etc.       33         Not filing or incorrect returns       1         Period covered       1         Physician or psychiatrist grant       2         Private school tuition       2         Publications       1         Railroad retirement benefits       2         Recoveries of federal itemized deductions       3         Recoveries of federal itemized deductions       2         Refund       6,4         Related entities       15,2         Reserve or National Guard members       2         Retirement benefits       21-22,2         Rounding to whole dollars       1         Sales and use tax due on out-of-state purchases       3         Sales to related persons       24,4         School district number       12,5         Sign your return       4	9817602825656728077
IRAs, retirement plans, MSAs, etc.       33         Not filing or incorrect returns       1         Period covered       1         Physician or psychiatrist grant       2         Private school tuition       2         Publications       1         Railroad retirement benefits       2         Reciprocity       33         Recoveries of federal itemized deductions       2         Refund       6, 4         Related entities       15, 2         Reserve or National Guard members       2         Retirement benefits       21-22, 2         Rounding to whole dollars       1         Sales and use tax due on out-of-state purchases       3         Sales to related persons       24, 4         School district number       12, 5         Sign your return       4	98176028256567280776
IRAs, retirement plans, MSAs, etc.       33         Not filing or incorrect returns       1         Period covered       1         Physician or psychiatrist grant       2         Private school tuition       2         Publications       1         Railroad retirement benefits       2         Reciprocity       33         Recoveries of federal itemized deductions       2         Refund       6,4         Related entities       15,2         Reserve or National Guard members       2         Retirement benefits       21-22,2         Rounding to whole dollars       1         Sales and use tax due on out-of-state purchases       33         Sales to related persons       24,4         School district number       12,5         Sign your return       4         Social security benefits       14         Social security numbers       14	981760282565672807761
IRAs, retirement plans, MSAs, etc.       33         Not filing or incorrect returns       1         Period covered       1         Physician or psychiatrist grant       2         Private school tuition       2         Publications       1         Railroad retirement benefits       2         Recoveries of federal itemized deductions       2         Refund       6, 4         Related entities       15, 2         Reserve or National Guard members       2         Retirement benefits       21-22, 2         Rounding to whole dollars       3         Sales and use tax due on out-of-state purchases       3         Sales to related persons       24, 4         School district number       12, 5         Sign your return       4         Social security benefits       11         Social security benefits       11         Social security numbers       11         Special conditions       11	9817602825656728077612
IRAs, retirement plans, MSAs, etc.       33         Not filing or incorrect returns       1         Period covered       1         Physician or psychiatrist grant       2         Private school tuition       2         Publications       1         Railroad retirement benefits       2         Recoveries of federal itemized deductions       2         Refund       6, 4         Related entities       15, 2         Reserve or National Guard members       2         Retirement benefits       21-22, 2         Rounding to whole dollars       1         Sales to related persons       24, 4         School district number       12, 5         Sign your return       4         Social security benefits       1         Social security numbers       1         Special conditions       1         Standard deduction       30, 5	98176028256567280776125
IRAs, retirement plans, MSAs, etc.       33         Not filing or incorrect returns       1         Period covered       1         Physician or psychiatrist grant       2         Private school tuition       2         Publications       1         Railroad retirement benefits       2         Recoveries of federal itemized deductions       2         Refund       6, 4         Related entities       15, 2         Reserve or National Guard members       2         Retirement benefits       21-22, 2         Rounding to whole dollars       3         Sales and use tax due on out-of-state purchases       3         Sales to related persons       24, 4         School district number       12, 5         Sign your return       4         Social security benefits       1         Social security numbers       1         Standard deduction       30, 5         Standard deduction       30, 5	981760282565672807761256
IRAs, retirement plans, MSAs, etc.       33         Not filing or incorrect returns       1         Period covered       1         Physician or psychiatrist grant       2         Private school tuition       2         Publications       1         Railroad retirement benefits       2         Recoveries of federal itemized deductions       2         Refund       6, 4         Related entities       15, 2         Repayment of income previously taxed       2         Reserve or National Guard members       2         Retirement benefits       21-22, 2         Rounding to whole dollars       3         Sales and use tax due on out-of-state purchases       3         Sales to related persons       24, 4         School district number       12, 5         Sign your return       4         Social security benefits       11         Social security numbers       11         Standard deduction       30, 5         State income tax refunds       11         Subtractions from income       17, 2	9817602825656728077612568
IRAs, retirement plans, MSAs, etc.       33         Not filing or incorrect returns       1         Period covered       1         Physician or psychiatrist grant       2         Private school tuition       2         Publications       1         Railroad retirement benefits       2         Recoveries of federal itemized deductions       2         Refund       6, 4         Related entities       15, 2         Repayment of income previously taxed       2         Reserve or National Guard members       2         Retirement benefits       21-22, 2         Rounding to whole dollars       1         Sales and use tax due on out-of-state purchases       3         Sales to related persons       24, 4         School district number       12, 5         Sign your return       4         Social security benefits       11         Social security numbers       11         Standard deduction       30, 5         State income tax refunds       11         Subtractions from income       17, 2         Tax       31, 4	98176028256567280776125688
IRAs, retirement plans, MSAs, etc.33Not filing or incorrect returns1Period covered1Physician or psychiatrist grant2Private school tuition2Publications1Railroad retirement benefits2Recoveries of federal itemized deductions2Refund6, 4Related entities15, 2Repayment of income previously taxed2Reserve or National Guard members2Retirement benefits21-22, 2Rounding to whole dollars3Sales and use tax due on out-of-state purchases3Sales to related persons24, 4School district number12, 5Sign your return4Social security benefits1Social security numbers1Subtractions from income17, 2Tax31, 4Tax district1	981760282565672807761256882
IRAs, retirement plans, MSAs, etc.33Not filing or incorrect returns1Period covered1Physician or psychiatrist grant22Private school tuition21Publications11Railroad retirement benefits22Reciprocity33Recoveries of federal itemized deductions22Refund6, 44Related entities15, 22Repayment of income previously taxed22Reserve or National Guard members21-22, 22Rounding to whole dollars11Sales and use tax due on out-of-state purchases33Sales to related persons24, 44School district number12, 55Sign your return44Social security benefits11Standard deduction30, 55State income tax refunds11Subtractions from income17, 22Tax31, 44Tax-option (S) corporation24	9817602825656728077612568828
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