

# Maryland

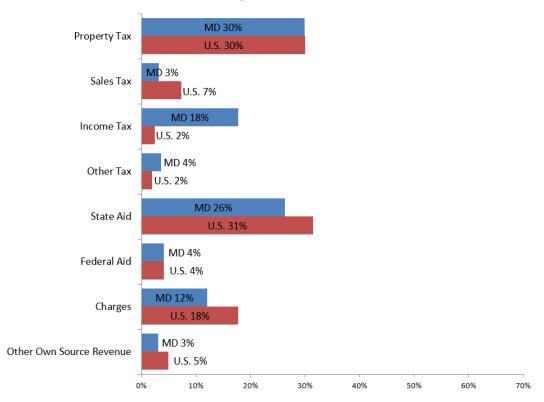
# **Highlights**

Maryland relies less on property taxes than do many other states because county governments levy the highest local income tax per capita of any state in the nation (figure MD-1) (Significant Features of the Property Tax). Each of the state's 23 counties and the City of Baltimore collect an income tax that piggybacks on the state income tax, with rates ranging from 1.75 percent to 3.2 percent of taxable income (Comptroller of Maryland). In Maryland, counties are the dominant form of local government.

Maryland is one of only two states in which the state government is responsible for assessing all property values. The other state is Montana.

Another distinctive feature of Maryland property law is the presence of ground rent. This feature, which occurs mostly in Baltimore City and surrounding counties, involves the ownership of the land under a dwelling by a separate leaseholder. This ground rent leaseholder permits use and development of the land by the tenant in exchange for a regular rental payment.

Figure MD-1
Sources of Local General Revenue, Maryland and U.S., 2017



Source: U.S. Census via Significant Features of the Property Tax



#### **Property Tax Reliance**

Maryland is slightly above the national average on measures of effective property tax rate on a median value owner-occupied home and property tax as a percentage of state and local revenue and below the national average for property tax as a percent of personal income (table MD-1).

Table MD-1 Selected Maryland Property Tax Statistics, 2017<sup>1</sup>

	Maryland	U.S. Average	Rank (of 51) 1 is highest
Per capita property tax	\$1,623	\$1,618	19
Property tax percentage of personal income	2.7%	3.1%	31
Total property tax as percentage of state-local revenue	15.6%	16.2%	24
Median owner-occupied home value <sup>2</sup>	\$305,500	\$222,041	8
Median real estate taxes paid for owner-occupied home <sup>2</sup>	\$3,344	\$2,412	10
Effective tax rate, median owner-occupied home <sup>3</sup>	1.1%	1.1%	21

Sources: <u>U.S. Census via Significant Features of the Property Tax</u>, American Community Survey

#### **Administration and Assessment**

Property taxes in Maryland are collected principally by local governments (counties, municipalities, and municipal subunits), with 2018-19 real property rates ranging from 0.012 percent to 2.248 percent. The state imposes a small property tax of 0.112 percent (Maryland Department of Assessments and Taxation 2018).

Assessments are conducted by the state on a rotating three-year cycle. The City of Baltimore and each county reimburse the state for the cost of real property valuations. Increases in assessed values are then phased in over the subsequent three-year cycle (Maryland State Archives).

### **Limits on Property Taxation**

Maryland places no limit on property tax rates or levies. It does, however, limit growth in assessments via the Homestead Property Tax Assessment Freeze (table MD-2). This program provides a tax credit that effectively limits the taxed assessed value to 110 percent of the previous year's assessment for qualified residential properties.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> All revenue numbers in this table include the state government as well as local governments.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The statistics for <u>median owner-occupied home value</u> and <u>median real estate taxes paid for owner-occupied home</u> are five-year average statistics for years 2014-2018.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Calculated as the median real estate tax paid on owner-occupied homes as a percent of the median owner-occupied home value.



#### **Property Tax Relief & Incentives**

Maryland has a Homeowners' Property Tax Credit Program for applicants with income under \$60,000, property value no higher than \$300,000, and net worth under \$200,000. Property owners who qualify for the program have their property taxes reduced by 91 to 100 percent depending on their income (Maryland Department of Assessments and Taxation). Maryland also offers exemptions or credits for blind individuals, low income or elderly renters, and disabled veterans.

The state has a wide array of property tax credits and other programs to promote economic development, including tax increment financing districts and enterprise zones.

Table MD-2
Maryland Property Tax Features, 2018

Feature	Maryland	Count for 50 states plus DC
Statewide classification of real property	No	25
Assessment of property primarily by county	No	31
Limits on property tax rates or levies	No	45
Limits on the rate of growth of assessed value	Yes	19
Circuit breaker property tax relief program	Yes	34

Sources: Significant Features of the Property Tax

# **Key Property Tax History**

Property taxation in Maryland dates to the Lords Baltimore of the 17th century although the state briefly eliminated property taxes in the 1830s, relying instead on corporation tax revenue and dividends from investments. Maryland imposed a state property tax in 1841 after defaulting on its debt following the collapse of financial markets (Wallis 2001). Between 1914 and 1916, Maryland enacted major reforms to its property tax system, establishing a three-member State Tax Commission in place of a single commissioner with broad authority to oversee and standardize local assessments, and requiring regular reassessment every five years (Hare and Papenfuse 2002).

The Department of Assessments and Taxation, founded in 1959, made Maryland one of the first states to centralize property assessment at the state level. By 1973, assessment was fully centralized and counties no longer exercised assessment authority.

In July 2001, property assessment was changed to reflect 100 percent of the full market value of the property (Hare and Papenfuse 2002).



In 2007, the state legislature forbade establishment of future ground rents and required that all ground rents be registered with the state by a set deadline, or the property interest in the ground would be forfeited. However, in 2011, in *Charles Muskin v. State Department of Assessments and Taxation*, the Maryland Court of Appeals found that the forfeiture of ground rent rights was unconstitutional and overturned this portion of the law (People's Law Library of Maryland).

The state legislature passed a law in 2012 that allows municipalities to override municipal laws that cap property tax rates if those additional funds are used for public schools (Hernandez 2015).

In 2012, Maryland introduced a controversial fee for property owners to pay for stormwater runoff pollution. This fee, which applies to property owners in the 10 most populous counties in the state, has been derided in popular media as a "rain tax." Some counties charge a flat rate to all homeowners, while others charge varying amounts based on the area of nonporous surfaces on the property (Cappiella 2014). Repeal of the "rain tax" was one of the key proposals of the campaign of Governor Larry Hogan. In 2015, the new administration repealed the state mandate for the fee, but most counties have chosen to keep the fee in place (Wood and Wheeler 2015).

#### **Recent Developments**

In 2017, Governor Larry Hogan signed into law the More Jobs for Marylanders Act to provide tax incentives for new and existing manufacturing businesses, including a 100 percent state property tax credit for qualifying new manufacturers that create at least five jobs. New manufacturers can claim the credit, which does not apply to local property taxes, for up to 10 years (Maryland Office of the Governor 2017; State Tax Today 2017).

The City of Baltimore passed a \$2,500 local property tax credit in 2017 for first responders who own a primary residence in the city in an effort to encourage police officers and firefighters to live in proximity to the neighborhoods in which they work with the hope of strengthening trust within the community and improving response times (Wenger and Duncan 2017).

The Tax Cuts and Jobs Act of 2017 capped the federal income tax deduction for state and local taxes (SALT) at \$10,000. In 2018, Connecticut joined New York, Maryland, and New Jersey in a legal challenge to the SALT cap, arguing it interferes with state sovereignty (Civil Action No. 18-cv-6427). The average SALT deduction claimed by Maryland residents who itemized in tax year 2016 was \$13,089 (Tax Policy Center 2017).

#### Resources

Baltimore Sun. 2001. "Law Usually Protects Owner of Ground Rent from Tax Sale." Mailbag, June 3.

Cappiella, Karen. 2014. "Maryland's 'Rain Tax' Debunked." Center for Watershed Protection. PRLog. www.prlog.org/12276283-marylands-rain-tax-debunked.html#



Comptroller of Maryland. "Local Income Tax Rates." Spotlight on Maryland Taxes.

<a href="http://taxes.marylandtaxes.com/Individual Taxes/Individual Tax Types/Income\_Tax/Tax\_Information/Tax\_Rates/Local\_and\_County\_Tax\_Rates.shtml">http://taxes.marylandtaxes.com/Individual\_Taxes/Individual\_Tax\_Types/Income\_Tax/Tax\_Information/Tax\_Rates/Local\_and\_County\_Tax\_Rates.shtml</a>

Hare, Karen A., and Edward C. Papenfuse. 2002. "A Brief History of the Origins and Functions of the Department of Assessments and Taxation." Maryland State Archives. http://msa.maryland.gov/msa/educ/speeches/html/dathistory051402.html

Henchman, Joseph, and Jacob Sapia. 2011. "Local Income Taxes: City- and County-Level Income and Wage Taxes Continue to Wane." Tax Foundation. <a href="http://taxfoundation.org/article/local-income-taxes-city-and-county-level-income-and-wage-taxes-continue-wane">http://taxfoundation.org/article/local-income-taxes-city-and-county-level-income-and-wage-taxes-continue-wane</a>

Hernandez, Arelis R. 2015. "Baker to Veto Parts of Budget; Sets up Showdown with Prince George's Council." Washington Post, June 15. <a href="https://www.washingtonpost.com/local/md-politics/baker-to-veto-parts-of-budget-sets-up-showdown-with-pr-georges-council/2015/06/15/dcce54b2-138f-11e5-89f3-61410da94eb1">https://www.washingtonpost.com/local/md-politics/baker-to-veto-parts-of-budget-sets-up-showdown-with-pr-georges-council/2015/06/15/dcce54b2-138f-11e5-89f3-61410da94eb1</a> story.html?utm term=.f79f0e9ad843

Lewis, H.H. 1939. "The Taxation of Maryland Ground Rents." *Maryland Law Review* 3(4). http://digitalcommons.law.umaryland.edu/cgi/viewcontent.cgi?article=1082&context=mlr

Maryland Department of Assessment and Taxation. "Homeowners' Property Tax Credit Program." http://dat.maryland.gov/realproperty/Pages/Homeowners'-Property-Tax-Credit-Program.aspx

Maryland Department of Assessments and Taxation. 2018. "2018-2019 County and Municipality Tax Rate." <a href="https://dat.maryland.gov/Documents/statistics/Taxrates">https://dat.maryland.gov/Documents/statistics/Taxrates</a> 2018. 201

Maryland Office of the Governor. 2017. "Governor Larry Hogan Signs More Jobs for Marylanders Act into Law." News Release. (April 11). <a href="http://governor.maryland.gov/2017/04/11/governor-larry-hogan-signs-more-jobs-for-marylanders-act-into-law/">http://governor.maryland.gov/2017/04/11/governor-larry-hogan-signs-more-jobs-for-marylanders-act-into-law/</a>

Maryland State Archives. "State Department of Assessments and Taxation." Maryland Manual On-Line. http://msa.maryland.gov/msa/mdmanual/25ind/html/06assesf.html

People's Law Library of Maryland. "Understanding Ground Rent in Maryland." <u>www.peoples-law.org/understanding-ground-rent-maryland</u>

Significant Features of the Property Tax. <a href="www.lincolninst.edu/research-data/data-toolkits/significant-features-property-tax">www.lincolninst.edu/research-data/data-toolkits/significant-features-property-tax</a>. Lincoln Institute of Land Policy and George Washington Institute of Public Policy.

State Tax Today. 2017. "Maryland Passes Manufacturing Tax Incentive Bill." Tax Notes. (April 11).

Tax Policy Center. 2017. "State and Local Tax Deduction by State, Tax Year 2015." (October 12). www.taxpolicycenter.org/statistics/state-and-local-tax-deduction-state



Wallace, John Joseph. 2001. "A History of the Property Tax in America." In *Property Taxation and Local Government Finance*, ed. Wallace E. Oates, 123-147. Cambridge, MA: Lincoln Institute of Land Policy. <a href="https://www.lincolninst.edu/publications/books/property-taxation-local-government-finance">www.lincolninst.edu/publications/books/property-taxation-local-government-finance</a>

Wenger, Yvonne, and Ian Duncan. 2017. "Baltimore Council Approves \$2,500 Property Tax Credit for Police, Firefighters." *Baltimore Sun*, November 13. <u>www.baltimoresun.com/news/maryland/baltimore-city/bs-md-ci-police-fire-tax-credit-20171113-story.html</u>

Wood, Pamela, and Timothy B. Wheeler. 2015. "Repeal of Rain Tax Requirement Yet to 'Trickle Down' to Most Area Homeowners." *Baltimore Sun*, April 19. <a href="https://www.baltimoresun.com/news/maryland/bs-md-rain-tax-20150419-story.html">www.baltimoresun.com/news/maryland/bs-md-rain-tax-20150419-story.html</a>

#### **Publication Date**

June 2019, data updated July 2020